

Smart Sensors

OPERATION MANUAL



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Preface	Introduction, Contents, Precautions for Safe Use, Precautions for Correct Use, and How to Use This Manual	Prelace
Section 1	Features	Section
Section 2	Preparations for Measurement	Section 2
Section 3	Basic Operation	
Section 4	Main Applications and Setting Methods	Section 3 Section 4
Section 5	Detailed Settings	Section 5
Section 6	Auxiliary Functions	Section 6
Appendices	Troubleshooting, Specifications, Characteristic Data, etc.	Appendices
Index		Index

Operation Manual

Smart Sensors ZX-T Series

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an OMRON ZX-T-series Smart Sensor (High-precision Contact Type). This manual describes the functions, performance, and application methods for the ZX-T-series Smart Sensor. Observe the following items when using the Sensor

- To ensure safety, please read and understand this manual before using the Sensor.
- Keep this manual in an easily accessible location for quick reference when needed.

Contents

Introduction	2
Contents	3
Precautions for Safe Use	7
Precautions for Correct Use	8
How to Use This Manual	10

Section 1 Features

ZX-T Features	14

Section 2 Preparations for Measurement	19
Basic Configuration	20
Part Names and Functions	21
Installing the Amplifier Unit	24
Installing Sensor Heads	26
Connections	30
Wiring Output Cables	34
Confirming Warm-up Completion	36
Pressing Force Alarm	37

Index

13

PREFACE

Section 3 Basic Operation

ction 3 Basic Operation	39
Flow of Operation	40
Basic Knowledge for Operation	42
Function Transition Charts	47

Section 4	Main Applications and Setting Methods	51
Measu	ring Thickness	52
Measu	ring the Height of a Step and Flatness	57
Measu	ring Depth	62
Other	Measurements	67

Section 5 Detailed Settings	69
Setting Number of Samples to Average	70
Using Hold Functions	71
Inverting Positive and Negative Values (Scale Inversion)	75
Entering Threshold Values	77
Linear Output	81
Calculating Measured Values	90
Using the Zero Reset Function	92
Error Output Function	98

Section 6 Auxiliary Functions	101
Changing the Number of Display Digits	102
Reversing the Display	103
Adjusting Display Brightness (ECO Display)	105
Key Lock Function	106
Correcting the Distance Display (Span Adjustment)	107
Initializing Settings Data	109

endices	111
Actuators	11:
Troubleshooting	11
Error Messages and Countermeasures	110
Q&A	118
Glossary	119
Specifications and Dimensions	120
Characteristic Data	131
Quick Reference for Displays	132

Index	134
Revision History	136

Precautions for Safe Use

Always observe the following precautions to ensure safety.

Environment

- Do not use the Smart Sensor in locations subject to explosive or flammable gases.
- To ensure safety in operation and maintenance, do not install the Smart Sensor near high-voltage equipment or power devices.

Power Supply and Wiring

- Do not impose voltages exceeding the rated voltage (12 to 24 VDC \pm 10%).
- When supplying power to the Sensor, make sure that the polarity of the power is correct, and do not connect to an AC power supply.
- Do not short-circuit the load for the open collector output.
- Do not lay the power supply cable for the Smart Sensor together with high-voltage lines or power lines. Doing so, or placing them into the same duct, can cause induction and lead to malfunction or damage.
- Always turn OFF the power supply before wiring and before connecting or disconnecting connectors.
- Use a DC power supply equipped with measures to counter generation of high voltages (safety overvoltage/undervoltage circuits) or use a UL Class 2 DC power supply. Do not ground the positive terminal on the secondary side (i.e., the DC side).

Settings

• When setting the threshold value with the Smart Sensor connected to an external device, turn ON the Amplifier Unit's judgement output hold input to prevent the judgement from being output to the external device.

Others

- The ZX-L-series Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-E-series Smart Sensors (Linear Proximity Type), and ZX-W-series Smart Sensors (Microwave Type) are not compatible. Do not use ZX-L, ZX-E, or ZX-W-series Smart Sensors together with ZX-T-series Smart Sensors.
- Do not attempt to disassemble, repair, or modify the Smart Sensor.
- When disposing of the Smart Sensor, treat it as industrial waste.

Precautions for Correct Use

Always observe the following precautions to prevent operation failures, malfunctions, and adverse effects on performance and equipment.

Smart Sensor Installation

Environment

Do not install the Smart Sensor in the following locations:

- Locations where the ambient temperature exceeds the rated temperature range.
- Locations subject to rapid changes in temperature (causing condensation).
- Locations where the relative humidity exceeds the range of 35% to 85%.
- Locations subject to corrosive or flammable gases.
- Locations where dust, salt, or metallic powder accumulate on the Sensor.
- Locations subject to direct vibration or impact.
- · Locations subject to direct sunlight.
- Locations subject to exposure to water, oil, chemicals, etc.
- Locations subject to strong electromagnetic or electrical fields.
- Locations subject to water vapor.

Installation and Handling of Components

Power Supply and Wiring

- Do not extend the Sensor Head cable by more than 8 m. Use a ZX-XC□A Extension Cable (order separately) to extend the cable from the Sensor.
- Use a shielded cable to extend the Amplifier cable. The shielded cable must have the same specifications as that of the Amplifier cable.
- When using a commercially available switching regulator, ground the FG (frame ground) terminal. (ZX-TDS01T and ZX-TDS04T-□)
- If the power supply line is subject to surges, connect a surge absorber that meets the conditions of the application environment.
- When connecting multiple Amplifier Units, connect the linear grounds of all the Amplifier Units.
- The Sensor Head is not flame resistant (ZX-TDS10T- $\Box\Box$).

Sensor Head

- The Sensor Head is a high-precision device. Do not drop it or otherwise expose it to shock.
- Do not expose the plunger to forces exceeding the limits in the following diagram. Doing so may damage the plunger.



- Take measurements within the range that does not set off the Pressing Force Alarm.
- Do not remove the rubber boot. Without the rubber boot, foreign matter may enter the Sensor Head, possibly causing the Sensor Head to malfunction.
- Mount the Sensor Head and Preamplifier in the specified location and under the specified load. Excessive force during installation may damage the Sensor Head or Preamplifier.
- Replace worn actuators.



- Do not use the Sensor to measure objects that are revolving or moving (i.e., dynamic measurement).
- Do not use air pressure outside the rated range when using a vacuum retract (VR) or air push (AP). The measured pressure will fluctuate due to the air pressure, so the air pressure must be regulated. An air vacuum device and a solenoid are required (ZX-TDS10T-V□ only).
- Supply dry air with filtration of 5 μ m max. (ZX-TDS10T-V \Box only).
- The ZX-TDS10T-L can be mounted only facing downward.



After turning ON the power, allow the Smart Sensor to warm up for 15 minutes minimum prior to use. The circuitry is not stable immediately after turning the power ON, and the values gradually change until the Sensor is completely warmed up.

Maintenance and Inspection

- Always turn OFF the power supply before adjusting or removing the Sensor Head.
- Do not use thinners, benzine, acetone, or kerosene to clean the Sensor Head or Amplifier Unit.

How to Use This Manual

Page Format



*This page does not actually exist in this manual.

Notation

Menus

Items that appear on the digital displays are set in ALL-CAPS.

Procedures

The order for the procedures is indicated by numbered steps.

Visual Aids



Provides information on important operating procedures, gives advice on how to use functions, and highlights important performance information.



Indicates pages with relevant information.



Indicates useful information for when problems arise.

Section 1 FEATURES

ZX-T Features

ZX-T Features

The ZX-T-series Smart Sensor measures the height of sensing objects and minute steps (i.e., height differences).

Example: Measuring Electronic Components Dimensions



Many, Simple Functions

Measurement Ready at Power ON

The Smart Sensor can be used simply by installing and wiring it. Simply turn ON the power and it's ready to operate.

The measurement distance is displayed on the Amplifier Unit.



Simple Calculation Settings

Use Calculating Units to easily calculate step heights and thicknesses through multipoint measurements.





Compatibility between Sensor Heads and Amplifier Units

Amplifier Units do not need to be changed when Sensor Heads are changed for maintenance or to switch to new products.



Extendable Sensor Head Cables

An extension cable with a maximum length of 8 m can be connected. The ZX-XC-A Extension Cable is required to extend the Sensor Head cable.



Convenient Notification Functions

■ Preventing Malfunctions Caused by Excessive Pressing Force

Malfunctions caused by excessive plunger pressing force for unexpected measurements can be detected in advance and a signal can be output to stop the measurement or otherwise prevent malfunction.

ДЭ р. 37.



Direction of sensing object movement

Warming Up Display

The display shows the warming-up status when the power is turned ON. This enables measurements to be started when the status has stabilized after warming up has been completed.

🕼 р. 36.



Monitoring Measurement Status

■ Confirm Measurement Status on a Personal Computer

Use an Interface Unit and Smart Monitor V3 to view measurement waveforms and log measurement data on a personal computer. This function is useful for making on-site measurement adjustments and for day-to-day quality control.



Section 2 PREPARATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT

Basic Configuration	20
Part Names and Functions	21
Installing the Amplifier Unit	24
Installing Sensor Heads	26
Connections	30
Wiring Output Cables	34
Confirming Warm-up Completion	36
Pressing Force Alarm	37

Basic Configuration

The basic configuration of the ZX-T-series Smart Sensors is shown below.

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ZX-L-series Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-E-series Smart Sensors (Linear Proximity Type), and ZX-Wseries Smart Sensors (Microwave Type) are not compatible. Do not use ZX-L-series, ZX-E-series, or ZX-W-CHECK! series Smart Sensors together with ZX-T-series Smart Sensors.



Part Names and Functions



- (1) The input cable connects the Sensor Head.
- (2) The current/voltage switch selects either a current or voltage linear output.



Monitor focus settings are also required when switching the output.

- (3) The connectors connect Calculation and Interface Units.
- (4) The output cable connects to the power supply and external devices, such as sync sensors or programmable controllers.
- (5) The Power ON indicator lights when the power is turned ON.
- (6) The Zero Reset indicator lights when the zero reset function is enabled.
- (7) The ENABLE indicator lights when the measurement result is within the rated measurement distance.
- (8) The HIGH indicator lights when the judgement result is HIGH.
- (9) The PASS indicator lights when the judgement result is PASS.
- (10) The LOW indicator lights when the judgement result is LOW.
- (11) The main display shows measured values and function names.
- (12) The sub-display shows additional information and function settings for measurements.
- (13) The threshold switch selects whether to set (and display) the HIGH or LOW threshold.
- (14) The mode switch selects the operating mode. / Switching Modes, p. 42
- (15) The Control Keys set measurement conditions and other settings.

Sensor Heads



Interface Units



* Display Detail



(5) External terminal communications indicators (BUSY and ERR)

- (1) The communications connector connects the communications cable to the Programmable Controller.
- (2) The Amplifier Unit connector connects to the Amplifier Unit.
- (3) The power supply indicator lights when the power is turned ON.
- (4) BUSY: Lights during communications with the Smart Sensor.ERR: Lights if an error occurs during communications with the Smart Sensor.
- (5) BUSY: Lights during communications with the Programmable Controller.
 - ERR: Lights if an error occurs during communications with the Programmable Controller.

Installing the Amplifier Unit

Amplifier Units can be easily mounted to 35-mm DIN Track.



Installation

Hook the connector end of the Amplifier Unit on the DIN Track and press in at the bottom until the Unit locks into place.





Always hook the connector end of the Amplifier Unit on the DIN Track first. Mounting strength may decrease if the output cable end is hooked on the DIN Track first.

Removal Method

Push the Amplifier Unit up and pull out from the connector end.



Installing Sensor Heads

This section describes how to install Sensor Heads and Preamplifiers.



Secure the connector so that it is not subjected to vibration or shock.

CHECK!

Sensor Heads

Installation



Do not clamp the Sensor Head directly on the end of the screw. Otherwise, the Sensor Head may be damaged.

Mounting Jig

ZX-TDS01T/TDS04T-

Mount the Sensor Head using M3 screws and a mounting torque between 0.6 and 0.8 N·m.



ZX-TDS10T-

Mount the Sensor Head using M4 screws and a mounting torque between 2 and 3 N·m.



Unit: mm

The second secon

Mounting Jig for an 8-diameter Stand



When preparing a mounting jig, set the support tightening force to 100 N maximum.

• Mounting with 3-point Support



Mounting Position

Secure the Sensor Head along the section indicated by A.

If the Sensor Head will be used in an area with extreme temperature fluctuations, secure the Sensor Head along the section indicated by B. This will minimize the effects of expansion and contraction that accompany temperature fluctuations.

Unit: mm





Check to see how the plunger moves after the Sensor Head is fastened in place. It will not move properly if the Sensor Head is fastened too tightly.

Preamplifiers

■ Installation

Use the enclosed Preamplifier Mounting Bracket.



The Preamplifier can also be mounted to 35-mm DIN Track.

Use the ZX-XBT2 Preamplifier DIN Track Mounting Bracket (order separately) when mounting CHECK! the Preamplifier to DIN Track.

1. Use M3 screws to fix the enclosed Preamplifier mounting bracket.



(Units: mm)





- 2. Snap one end of the Preamplifier into the bracket.
- 3. Then snap the other end of the Preamplifier into the bracket.

Removal Method

Hold the center of the Preamplifier and lift.



Connections

This section describes how to connect component parts of the Smart Sensor.



Turn OFF the power supply to the Amplifier Unit before connecting or removing components. The Smart Sensor may malfunction if components are connected or removed while the power is ON. CHECK!

Sensor Heads



Do not touch the terminals inside the connector.

Connection Method

Push the Sensor Head connector into the Amplifier Unit connector until it locks.



Removal Method

When disconnecting the Sensor Head, hold the connector ring and the Amplifier Unit connector and pull them straight out.



Do not pull only on the connector ring, because the input cable of the Amplifier Unit may be damaged.





All settings on the Amplifier Unit will be cleared when the Sensor Head is replaced with a different model.

Calculating Units

Use Calculating Units to connect Amplifier Units when making calculations between Amplifier Units.

A maximum of 8 Amplifier Units can be connected using Calculating Units.



Connection Method



- **1.** Open the connector covers on the Amplifier Units. Open the connector covers by lifting and sliding them open.
- **2.** Mount the Calculating Unit to the DIN Track.
- **3.** Slide and connect the Calculating Unit to the Amplifier Unit connector.
- **4.** Slide and connect the second Amplifier Unit to the Calculating Unit connector.

Perform the above operation in the reverse order to remove Calculating Units.

■ Channel Numbers of Amplifier Units

The following diagram shows the channel numbers when multiple Amplifier Units are connected.



Interface Units

Use an Interface Unit to connect a Programmable Controller to the Smart Sensor system.

Up to five Amplifier Units can be connected.

Connection Method



- **1.** Open the connector cover on the Amplifier Unit. Open the connector cover by lifting and sliding it open.
- **2.** Mount the Interface Unit to the DIN Track.
- **3.** Slide and connect the Interface Unit to the Amplifier Unit connector.

Perform the above operation in the reverse order to remove Interface Units.



When multiple Amplifier Units are used, connect the Interface Unit to the Amplifier Unit with the highest channel number.
Wiring Output Cables

The following diagram shows the wires in the output cable.



(1) A 12- to 24-VDC (±10%) power supply is connected to the power supply terminals. When using an Amplifier Unit with a PNP output, the power supply terminal is also the common I/O terminal for all I/O except for the linear output.



Use a stabilized power supply separate from other devices and power systems for the Amplifier Unit, particularly when high resolution is required.

- CHECK! Use a DC power supply equipped with measures to counter generation of high voltage (safety overvoltage/undervoltage circuits) or use a UL Class 2 DC power supply. Do not ground the positive terminal on the secondary side (i.e., the DC side).
- (2) The GND terminal is the 0-V power supply terminal. When using an Amplifier Unit with an NPN output, the GND terminal is also the common I/O terminal for all I/O except for the linear output.
- (3) The HIGH judgement output outputs HIGH judgement results. This output also turns ON when the Pressing Force Alarm operates.
- (4) The PASS judgement output outputs PASS judgement results.
- (5) The LOW judgement output outputs LOW judgement results. This output also turns ON when the Pressing Force Alarm operates.
- (6) The linear output outputs a current or voltage output in accordance with the measured value.
- (7) The linear output GND terminal is the 0-V terminal for the linear output.



• Use a different ground for the linear output from the normal ground.

• Always ground the linear output terminal even when linear output is not used.

- CHECK!
- (8) When the judgement output hold input is turned ON, the judgement outputs are held and not output to the external devices. Turn the judgement output hold input ON when setting threshold values.



When setting threshold values while connected to external devices, turn ON the Amplifier Unit's judgement output hold input to prevent the outputs to external devices from changing.

(9) The zero reset input is used to execute and clear zero reset

- (10) The timing input is for signal input from external devices. Use it for hold function timing.
- (11) The reset input resets all measurement processing and outputs.

I/O Circuit Diagrams

NPN Amplifier Unit



PNP Amplifier Unit



Confirming Warm-up Completion

When the power is turned ON in RUN or T Mode, the sub-display will flash *W-UP* to show that the Sensor is warming up. Warm-up requires approximately 1 to 15 minutes. When warming up has been completed, the normal display will be shown.





Measurement operations can be performed while in warm-up display status, but the precision of measurements before warming up has been completed will be low. For high-precision measurements, wait until warming up has been completed.

Pressing Force Alarm

When the pressing force of the plunger exceeds the rated measurement distance by 1% or more, OVER will be displayed on the main display to indicate that the plunger is pressing too hard. (The HIGH and LOW indicators will also light.)

Too much pressing force will cause damage. Adjust the detection position of the Sensor Head.





Be careful if an external device is connected because the HIGH and LOW judgement outputs will also turn ON simultaneously when the Pressing Force Alarm operates.



Section 2 PREPARATIONS FOR MEASUREMENT

Section 3 BASIC OPERATION

Flow of Operation	40
Basic Knowledge for Operation	42
Switching Modes	42
Reading Displays	43
Key Operations	44
Setting Conditions	45
Inputting Numerals	46
Function Transition Charts	47

Flow of Operation







Section 3 Flow of Operation

Basic Knowledge for Operation

Switching Modes

The ZX-T has three modes. Use the Mode Switch on the Amplifier Unit to switch between modes. Switch to the desired mode before starting operation.



Mode	Description
RUN	Normal operation mode
Т	Mode for setting the threshold values
FUN	Mode for setting measurement conditions.



Function Transition Charts, p. 47

Reading Displays

The data displayed on the main and sub-displays depends on the mode currently selected. When the power is first turned ON after shipment, RUN mode data is displayed.



Mode	Main Display	Sub-display
RUN	Displays the measured value (the value after measurement condi- tions have been reflected).	Changes between displaying the present value (actual measured value), threshold value, output value, and resolution in order when the Control Keys are pressed.
	For example, when the hold func-	Threshold Value Display
	tion is set, the held value will be displayed.	Displays either the HIGH or LOW threshold value, depend- ing on the position of the threshold switch.
		H L
		The monitor focus setting determines whether the value is output as voltage or current.
		Output Settings (Monitor Focus), p. 81
Т	Displays the measured value (the	Displays the threshold value for the threshold being set.
	value after the measurement con- ditions have been reflected).	Displays either the HIGH or LOW threshold value, depend- ing on the position of the threshold switch.
	For example, when the hold func- tion is set, the held value will be displayed.	H L
FUN	Displays the function names in order when the Control Keys are pressed.	Displays the setting for the function displayed on the main display.
1)	•	

Function Transition Charts, p. 47

Alphabet Display Format

The alphabet appears on the main and sub-displays as shown in the following table.

Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М
8	Ь	c	d	E	F	51	Ч	ł	1	۲		D (
N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Ζ
n	٥	P	9	r	5	Ł		u	21	1	Ч	1.1



Use the Control Keys to change the display and set measurement conditions.





The mode currently selected determines the key functions.

Switching Modes, p. 42

Кеу		Function					
		RUN Mode	T Mode	FUN Mode			
Cursor	LEFT Key	Changes sub-display content.	Used when selecting numeral digits.	Function changes depending on setting.Switches function display.Selects numeral digit.Stops setting.			
Keys	UP Key	Performs timing input.	Used when changing numerals.	Function changes depend- ing on setting. • Switches between selections.			
	DOWN Key	Resets input.		Changes numerals.			
EN EN	T Key	Performs zero reset.	Function changes depend- ing on operation. • Confirms threshold value. • Executes teaching.	Confirms the set condition or value.			

Setting Conditions

Display the target function on the main display and select the desired value from the sub-display to set measurement conditions.

This section uses the example of setting a peak hold as the hold condition to explain how to set measurement conditions.



Inputting Numerals

This section describes how to input numeric values for threshold and output settings. The example of direct input of the low threshold value will be used.



Function Transition Charts

Reading Transition Charts

The upper section is the main display and the lower section is the sub-display.



RUN Mode

Measured value (See note.) (The main display always shows the measured value.)



Note: In FUN mode, the measured value and present value are displayed first.

The numerals shown in the above diagram are an example only. The actual display may be different.



Present Values and Measured Values Dep p. 119

T Mode

There is no function transition in T mode.

Measured value



戊国 p. 77

The numerals shown in the above diagram are an example only. The actual display may be different.



In RUN and T modes, the position of the threshold switch will determine whether the HIGH or LOW threshold will be displayed.





When RLL is selected, all special functions are displayed.



Section 4 MAIN APPLICATIONS AND SETTING METHODS

Measuring Thickness	52
Measuring the Height of a Step and Flatness	57
Measuring Depth	62
Vther Measurements	67

Measuring Thickness

The following configuration will be used to describe the procedure for measuring thickness.



When making settings while still connected to an external device, set the Amplifier Unit's judgement output hold input to ON so that the output to the external device remains unchanged.

■ Flow of Operation



Mounting to the Device

Connecting Amplifier Units

Connect two Amplifier Units by placing a Calculating Unit between them as shown in the diagram below.



The calculation result is displayed on (i.e. output to) the CH2 Amplifier Unit. Connect the CH2 output cable to the external device to enable external control.



The CH1 Amplifier Unit will display (output) the measurement result for the CH1 Sensor Head only.

■ Mounting the Sensor Head to the Inspection Device

Refer to the following diagram and prepare the mounting jigs. Mount the Sensor Heads facing each other.

Installing Sensor Heads, p. 26



Adjusting the Detection Position

Set a reference sample with a known thickness (T) between the Sensor Heads.

With the reference sample in place, adjust the Sensor Heads until the respective Amplifier Units display as close to zero as possible.



Measurement distance, p. 119



Setting Expressions

Switch the CH2 Amplifier Unit to FUN mode and set 2-sensor operation (CALC) to [A + B].



Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

Calculating Measured Values, p. 90

4 Setting Thickness Values

Use the Zero Reset Function to set the Sensor Head position for when the reference sample is in place. Use the CH2 Amplifier Unit to perform this setting.

Insert a reference sample with a known thickness (T).

Switch to FUN mode and set the thickness on the Zero Reset display ([ZRDSP]).



Set the offset value and then return to the RUN mode.

Press and hold the ENT Key for at least 1 s to reset to zero.



The relationship between the positions of the CH1 and CH2 Sensor Heads will be registered at the same timing that was used when the zero reset was executed. (The display value here is 1 mm.) Thickness is measured based on the relationship of the Sensor Heads, and the measurement result is displayed on the CH2 Amplifier Unit.

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

Setting Tolerance Judgement Values

Set the upper and lower limits (the HIGH and LOW threshold values) for the PASS (OK) judgement on thickness.

The HIGH, PASS, and LOW judgement results will be output based on the threshold values set here.

Measurement result	Judgement
Measurement result > HIGH threshold	HIGH
LOW threshold \leq Measurement result \leq HIGH threshold	PASS
LOW threshold > Measurement result	LOW

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

Inputting Threshold Values Directly, p. 78

Measuring the Height of a Step and Flatness

The following configuration will be used to describe the procedure for measuring flatness.



When making settings while still connected to an external device, set the Amplifier Unit's judgement output hold input to ON so that the output to the external device remains unchanged.

■ Flow of Operation

Place an actual sensing object in position. Have a reference sample ready beforehand.



Mounting to the Device

Connecting Amplifier Units

Connect two Amplifier Units by placing a Calculating Unit between them as shown in the diagram below.



The calculation result is displayed on (i.e. output to) the CH2 Amplifier Unit. Connect the CH2 output cable to the external device to enable external control.





The CH1 Amplifier Unit will display (output) the measurement result for the CH1 Sensor Head only.

Mounting Sensor Heads to the Inspection Device

Refer to the following diagram and prepare mounting jigs. Mount the Sensor Heads parallel to each other.



2 Adjusting the Detection Position

Set a flat reference sample between the Sensor Heads.

With the reference sample in place, adjust the Sensor Heads until the respective Amplifier Units display as close to zero as possible.





儿副

Setting Expressions

Measurement distance, p. 119

Switch the CH2 Amplifier Unit to FUN mode and set 2-sensor operation (CALC) to [A - B].



Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

Calculating Measured Values, p. 90

Registering the Status With No Height Difference

Use the Zero Reset Function to set the status with no height difference. Use the CH2 Amplifier Unit to perform this setting.

Set a flat reference sample under the Sensor Heads.



Check to see if the zero reset offset value (ZRDSP) on the CH2 Amplifier Unit is set to zero before you reset to zero. (Zero is the default setting.)





Switch the CH2 Amplifier Unit to RUN mode, and press and hold the ENT Key for at least 1 s to reset to zero.



The status with no height difference (0) will be registered at the same timing that was used when the zero reset was executed. Now the CH2 Amplifier Unit will display height differences between the sensing points.

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

5 Setting Tolerance Judgement Values

Set the upper and lower limits (the HIGH and LOW threshold values) for the PASS (OK) judgement on height difference/flatness.

The HIGH, PASS, and LOW judgement results will be output based on the threshold values set here.

Measurement result	Judgement
Measurement result > HIGH threshold	HIGH
LOW threshold \leq measurement result \leq HIGH threshold	PASS
LOW threshold > measurement result	LOW

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

Inputting Threshold Values Directly, p. 78

Measuring Depth

The following configuration will be used to describe the procedure for measuring depth.



`````

When making settings while still connected to an external device, set the Amplifier Unit's judgement output hold input to ON so that the output to the external device remains unchanged.

#### ■ Flow of Operation



### Mounting to the Device

Prepare the mounting jig and mount the Sensor Head.

Installing Sensor Heads, p. 26





### **Adjusting the Detection Position**

Set a reference sample with a known depth (D) under the Sensor Head.

With the reference sample in place, adjust the Sensor Head until the Amplifier Unit displays as close to zero as possible.





### **Inverting the Scale**

Switch ON the Scale Inversion Function (INV) to match changes in sensing object displacement to changes in the measured value on the display. (OFF is the default setting.).

For the default setting (OFF), the display value increases when the Sensor Head plunger is pressed. If a measurement is taken with this setting, the display value will increase as the sensing object becomes thinner.



Changes are inverted if the Scale Inversion Function (INV) is set to ON. This means that changes in the amount of displacement can be matched to changes in display values.



Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

## **4** Registering Depth

Use the zero reset function to register the Sensor Head position at the reference depth. Set a reference sample with a known depth (D) under the Sensor Head.

Switch to FUN mode and set the depth on the Zero Reset display ([ZRDSP]).

Example: D = 3 mm



Set the offset value and then return to the RUN mode.

Press and hold the ENT Key for at least 1 s to reset to zero.



The Sensor Head position will be registered at the same timing that was used when the zero reset was executed. (The display value here is 3 mm.) Depth is measured based on this positional relationship of the Sensor Head.

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on operation.

## 5

### Setting Tolerance Judgement Values

Set the upper and lower limits (the HIGH and LOW threshold values) for the PASS (OK) judgement on depth.

| Measurement result                                            | Judgement |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Measurement result > HIGH threshold                           | HIGH      |
| LOW threshold $\leq$ Measurement result $\leq$ HIGH threshold | PASS      |
| LOW threshold > Measurement result                            | LOW       |

Refer to Section 5 Detailed Settings for details on settings.

Inputting Threshold Values Directly, p. 78

## **Other Measurements**

### **Measuring Gaps in Sensing Objects**

Gaps (G) in sensing objects can be measured using the thickness measurement.



The procedure is the same one used to measure thickness.

#### ■ Gap Measurement Basics

#### ■ Using the Scale Inversion Function

Switch ON the Scale Inversion Function (INV) on the Amplifier Units to match changes in gap size to changes in measured values on the display. (Inversion is turned OFF in the default setting.)

For the default setting (OFF), the display value increases when the Sensor Head plunger is pressed. If a measurement is taken with this setting, the display value will increase as the gap size decreases.



Changes are inverted if the Scale Inversion Function (INV) is set to ON. This means that changes in the amount of displacement can be matched to changes in display values.

#### Setting the Gap (G) on the Zero Reset Display (ZRDSP)



#### **Measuring Height Differences at Multiple Points**

If Calculating Units are used to connect Amplifier Units, then up to 8 calculation points can be measured simultaneously.

The procedure is the same one used to measure height difference/flatness.

Set all Amplifier Units starting from the CH2 to the same CH2 settings used to measure height difference and flatness.

Measuring the Height of a Step and Flatness, p. 57





Display on Amplifier Units starting at CH2

The difference between displacement at CH1 and at each of the other channels is displayed. Example:

For the following present values: The following measured values are displayed:

CH1: 0.2 mm CH2: 0.3 mm CH3: -0.4 mm CH1: 0.2 mm CH2: 0.1 mm (CH2-CH1) CH3: -0.6 mm (CH3-CH1)





# Section 5 DETAILED SETTINGS

| Setting Number of Samples to Average                     | 70 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----|
| Using Hold Functions                                     | 71 |
| Inverting Positive and Negative Values (Scale Inversion) | 75 |
| Entering Threshold Values                                | 77 |
| Linear Output                                            | 81 |
| Calculating Measured Values                              | 90 |
| Using the Zero Reset Function                            | 92 |
| Error Output Function                                    | 98 |
# **Setting Number of Samples to Average**

The number of samples to average is the number of data points used to average data measured by the Sensor. The average value will be output.

Use the number of samples to average function to ignore sudden variations in measured values. If the number of samples is increased, however, the response time of the judgement outputs and linear output will be increased.

| Selection for No. of samples to average | Response time |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|
| 1                                       | 2 ms          |
| 2                                       | 3 ms          |
| 4                                       | 5 ms          |
| 8                                       | 9 ms          |
| 16                                      | 17 ms         |
| 32                                      | 33 ms         |
| 64                                      | 65 ms         |
| 128                                     | 129 ms        |
| 256 (default)                           | 257 ms        |
| 512                                     | 513 ms        |
| 1024                                    | 1025 ms       |

Moving to FUN and AVE



Section 5 Using Hold Functions

# **Using Hold Functions**

The hold functions hold data for specific points during the measurement period (sampling period), such as the maximum or minimum value, and output those values at the end of the measurement period.

The value that will be held during the sampling period is selected here.



\* The timing input method depends on the hold conditions.



The CLAMP value is output until the first sampling period is finished.

| Selection         | Details                                                                                                             |  |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| OFF (default)     | Hold measurement is not performed. The current measured value is always output.                                     |  |
| P-H (Peak hold)   | Holds the maximum value during the sampling period. The sampling period is the period that the timing signal is ON. |  |
| B-H (Bottom hold) | Holds the minimum value during the sampling period. The sampling period is the period that the timing signal is ON. |  |
|                   | Timing input ON OFF                                                                                                 |  |

| Selection                   | Details                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S-H (Sample hold)           | Holds the measured value the moment the timing signal turns ON.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                             | Control of the sampling period of the samplin                                                                                                                             |
|                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| PP-H (Peak-to-peak<br>hold) | Holds the difference between the maximum and minimum values during the sampling period. The sampling period is the period that the timing signal is ON. This option is selected mainly when detecting vibration.<br>Maximum value<br>Maximum value<br>Output<br>(difference<br>between<br>maximum<br>and minimum)<br>Timing input ON<br>OFF                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| SP-H (Self-peak hold)       | Holds the maximum value during the sampling period. The sampling period is                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                             | the period when the measured value is greater than the specified trigger level.<br>Trigger level<br>Trigger level<br>Trigger level<br>Sampling period<br>Trigger level<br>Trigger lev |
| SB-H (Self-bottom hold)     | Holds the minimum value during the sampling period. The sampling period is the                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                             | Trigger level<br>Trigger level                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |



Hysteresis width (for self trigger)

Set the hysteresis based on fluctuations in the measured values around the trigger level. When set, hysteresis will be applied from the start of the sampling period and will prevent timing input chattering.

|    | Moving to FUN and HOLD                                                                             |                              |                             |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| -  | Set the mode switch to FUN.<br>Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display<br>HOLD on the main display. | RUN T FUN                    | POWER ZERO ENABLE           |
|    | Selecting Hold Condition                                                                           |                              |                             |
| 3. | Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                           |                              | SUB                         |
| 4. | Use the UP and DOWN Keys to select the hold condition.                                             | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$ | SUB                         |
| 5. | Press the ENT Key to confirm the selection.<br>The setting will be registered.                     |                              | SUB                         |
|    | The following settings are performed only if S tion.<br>Setting Trigger Levels                     | P-H or SB-H                  | is the selected hold condi- |
| 6. | Use the RIGHT or LEFT Key to display H-<br>LVL on the main display.                                |                              | POWER ZERO ENABLE           |

**7.** Press the UP or DOWN Key. The leftmost digit of the sub-display will flash.

**8.** Use the Cursor Keys to set the trigger level.



---- Increment and decrement the numeric value.



# Inverting Positive and Negative Values (Scale Inversion)

This function changes the amount that the measured value on the display changes as the amount of displacement changes. For the default setting, the display value increases when the Sensor Head plunger is pressed.



Moving to FUN and INV



#### Section 5 DETAILED SETTINGS

| <b>4.</b> Select the display.                                                     | $\hat{\Box} / \overline{\Box}$ | SUB |  |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| <b>5.</b> Press the ENT Key to confirm the setting.<br>The setting is registered. |                                | SUB |  |

# **Entering Threshold Values**

Threshold values are set to determine the range for PASS judgements. Both HIGH and LOW threshold values are set. There are three judgement outputs: HIGH, PASS, and LOW.



The following table outlines the two methods for setting the threshold values.

| Method            | Details                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Direct input      | Sets threshold values by direct numerical value input.<br>Direct input is useful when you know the dimensions for an OK judgement or when<br>you want to fine-tune threshold values after teaching.              |
| Position teaching | Performs actual measurements and uses the measurement results to set threshold values.<br>Position teaching is useful when threshold samples, i.e., with the upper and lower limits, can be obtained beforehand. |

3 CHECK!

Hysteresis (hysteresis width) can also be set for threshold values. Set hysteresis when judgements are unstable to prevent chattering.



p. 80



When making settings while still connected to an external device, set the Amplifier Unit judgement's output hold input to ON so that the output to the external device remains unchanged. The judgement outputs in T CHECK! mode will be the same as in RUN mode, i.e., HIGH, PASS, and LOW.

### **Inputting Threshold Values Directly**

The threshold values can be set by directly inputting the numeric values.

Direct input is useful when the dimensions for an OK judgement are known beforehand or when fine-tuning threshold values after teaching.



### **Position Teaching**

When teaching is executed, measurement is performed and the measured values are set as the threshold values.

Position teaching is useful when threshold samples, i.e., with the upper and lower limits, can be obtained beforehand.





Hold, zero reset, and scale inversion settings that have been made before teaching are reflected in the teaching measurements.

Moving to T Mode

Set the mode switch to T.



SUB

SUB

Setting Threshold Values

**2.** Move the threshold switch to either H or L, H i.e., the threshold to be set.

The current measured value is shown on the main display and the threshold being set (the value for the threshold switch selection) will be displayed on the sub-display.

**3.** Place the threshold sample in position.

The main display value changes.

0

CHECK!

**4.** Press the ENT Key for at least one second and then release.

The measured value at the point that the ENT Key is released will be set as the threshold value. This threshold value will be shown on the sub-display.



The threshold values set using position teaching can be changed using direct input. This is useful when setting judgement tolerances for measured values.  $\eta = 10^{-10} \text{ p. 78}$ 

### **Hysteresis Setting**

Set the hysteresis width for the upper and lower limits of judgements when the HIGH, PASS, or LOW judgements are unstable near the threshold values



threshold value < hysteresis width.

If an error is displayed, the threshold values have not been updated. Set the values again or change the threshold values.



# **Linear Output**

### **Output Settings (Monitor Focus)**

Linear output refers to the conversion of measurement results to a 3 to 21-mA current output or a -5 to 5-V voltage output. This section describes how to choose either current or voltage output and how to set the linear output range. Match the settings to suit the connected external device.

Enter the output values for any two current values or voltage values to set the output range.

When a Sensor Head with a model number with a "T" suffix is connected, the measured value of the output cannot be changed. Only the current output or voltage output can be changed.

#### Example:

Setting –0.5 mm to a 16-mA output and 0.5 mm to a 8-mA output (for current output)





Separate the two specified points by at least 1% of the rated measurement distance for the connected Sensor.

K! For example, the rated measurement distance for the ZX-TSD01T Sensor is 1 mm. Therefore, the two specified points must be separated by 10 μm min.



Using the Zero Reset Function

Zero reset is released when monitor focus is set. Execute the zero reset again after setting monitor focus.

Zero Reset, p. 92

This section describes how to set the output range, using an example of current output with a range with the following conversions: -0.5 mm to 16 mA and 0.5 mm to 8 mA. Change the values in the example to suit the voltage output as required.



- **1**. Turn OFF the power supply to the Amplifier Unit.
- **2.** Move the current/voltage switch to current output. The switch is found on the bottom of the Amplifier Unit.

A voltage output is the default setting.



Moving to FUN and SPCL

**3.** Turn ON the power supply and move the mode switch to FUN.

RUN T FUN

4. Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display SPCL on the main display.

Moving to FOCUS

5. Press the UP or DOWN Key. The sub-display will flash.
6. Use the Up and DOWN Keys to display SET or ALL.
7. Press the ENT Key.

- 8. Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display FOCUS on the main display.

SUB

Selecting Current (mA) or Voltage (V) Output

9. Press the UP or DOWN Key.

The sub-display will flash.

**10.** Display mA.



CHECK!

Always select the same output as the current/voltage switch selection on the bottom of the Amplifier Unit.

Setting the First Point (A)

## **11.** Press the ENT Key.

The display will change to allow the first-point settings to be made. The output current value will be displayed on the main display, and the corresponding measured value will be displayed on the sub-display and the leftmost digit will flash.



- 12. Set the output current value and the corresponding measured value for the first point.
- Move between digits.

Increment and decre-

ment the numeric value.

Set a measured value within the measurement distance. If scaling or calculation has been set, set a value that reflects those settings.







Confirming Completion of Monitor Focus Settings

The display will read OK if monitor focus has been set correctly.

The display will be NG if the settings are incorrect.

If the settings are incorrect, check the following points and execute the monitor focus again.

- Is the measured value set on the sub-display within the measurement distance (with scaling and calculation settings reflected if set)?
- Are the first and second points separated by at least 1% of the rated measurement distance?
- Are the current (or voltage) values for the two points the same?





### **Correcting Linear Output Values**

Discrepancies may occur between the linear output current (or voltage) values set on the Amplifier Unit and the actual current (or voltage) values measured due to the conditions for the connected external device or other factors. The linear output correction function can be used to correct this discrepancy.

The output values are corrected by entering the correction value for the current or voltage values for any two points.



This section uses a current output as an example. Change the values in this example for voltage output as necessary.

**1** Connect the linear output to an external ammeter.

Moving to FUN and SPCL

**2.** Turn ON the power supply and set the mode switch to FUN.

|     | ĺ |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| RUN | Т | FUN |

**3.** Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display SPCL on the main display.

Moving to LEFT-ADJ **4.** Press the UP or DOWN Key. The sub-display will flash. **5.** Use the UP or DOWN Keys to display SET or ALL.



**7.** Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display L-ADJ on the main display.

The units for the monitor focus settings (mA or V) will be shown on the sub-display.

SUB

SUB

SUB

Move between digits.

Increment and decre-

ment the numeric value.

### 8. Press the ENT Key.

The display will change to the settings for the first point (A). The output current value will be displayed on the main display and the correction will be displayed on the sub-display and the leftmost digit will flash.

Setting the First Point (A)

# **9.** Set the output current and correction values for the first point.

Adjust the correction value on the sub-display so that the ammeter reading and the output current shown on the main display are the same. The larger the correction value, the larger the output current.

The correction value can be set within the range -999 to 999. To set a negative value, make the leftmost digit of the sub-display flash and change the value.



The flashing digit, i.e., the digit for which a value can be set, will change as shown in the diagram.



### **10.** Press the ENT Key to confirm the settings.

The correction value for the first point will be confirmed.

The screen for setting the second point correction value will be displayed.

Setting the Second Point (B)

**11.** Use the same procedure as the first point to set the correction value for the second point.



**12.** Press the ENT Key.

**Confirming Setting Results** 

If linear output correction has been registered correctly, the sub-display will show OK.



If the correction is not registered correctly, the display will show NG.

Check that the current (or voltage) value for the two points are not the same and execute again.



Section 5 Linear Output

### **Output Settings for Non-measurement**

The linear output method for when a reset is input can be set.

| Selection      | Outputs                                                                                                                                                                                                             |               |  |
|----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Selection      | Judgement outputs                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Linear output |  |
| KEEP (default) | The status immediately before measurement is stopped is held and output.                                                                                                                                            |               |  |
| CLAMP          | All OFF.<br>Outputs the set CLAMP value.<br>The following options are available.<br>• For current output: 3 to 21 mA or maximum<br>(approx. 23 mA)<br>• For voltage output: -5 to 5 V or maximum<br>(approx. 5.5 V) |               |  |



#### For Hold Measurements

Even if KEEP is set, the output before the first hold value is obtained will be the same as CLAMP.

Moving to FUN and SPCL **1.** Set the mode switch to FUN. RUN FUN 2. Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display POWER ENABLE SPCL on the main display. Moving to RESET 3. Press the UP or DOWN Key. SUB The sub-display will flash. 4. Use the UP and DOWN Keys to display ETC or ALL. SUB 5. Press the ENT Key. SUB 6. Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display RESET on the main display.



# **Calculating Measured Values**

This section describes the setting procedure that is used to calculate measured values when Calculating Units are connected by Amplifier Units. Up to 8 Amplifier Units can be used at one time, and measured values can be calculated even when Sensors have different measurement distances.

The ZX-L-series Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-E-series Smart Sensors (Linear Proximity Type), and ZX-W-series Smart Sensors (Microwave Type) are not compatible. CHECK!

Set the expression using an Amplifier Unit starting at CH2.



The 2 types of expressions are outlined in the following table.

| Expression type    | Description                                                                   | Application                                                                         |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A+B<br>(See note.) | Finds the sum of the measurement results for two Amplifier Units.             | <ul><li>Measuring thickness</li><li>Measuring reference surfaces and gaps</li></ul> |
| A–B<br>(See note.) | Finds the difference between the measurement results for two Amplifier Units. | Measuring height difference     Measuring flatness                                  |

A: Amplifier Unit in which the expression is set (CH2 to CH8) Note: B: CH1 Amplifier Unit



The response time for CH2 Amplifier Units to which expressions have been set is increased by 1.0 ms. The response time is also influenced by the setting for the number of samples to average, so the response time will be the response time based on the set number of samples to average CHECK! +1.0 ms.

Setting Number of Samples to Average, p. 70 Ξ

### Finding the Height Difference

Use the expression A - B. Perform the setting at all Amplifier Units starting from the one at CH2. The following describes the procedure for finding the height difference using the CH2 Amplifier Unit as the example.



# **Using the Zero Reset Function**

When the zero reset function is used, the reference value "0" is registered as the height and the measured value can be displayed and output as a positive or negative deviation (tolerance) from the reference value.

In RUN mode, the measured value can be reset to 0 at any timing during measurement.

Example 1: Using the Height of the Sensing Object as the Reference Value and the Tolerance Output as the Measured Value



Example 2: Measuring Height Differences on Sensing Objects (Zero Reset at Each Measurement)





CHECK

When resetting to zero for each measurement, change the settings so the zero reset level is not saved.



You can set any offset value when you want to set a non-zero measured value.

Example: Measuring the Height Difference of the Sensing Object for Reference (Setting 1.0 for the offset value)



### **Setting Offset Values**

Set an offset value when the reference value for zero reset is a value other than 0.



### **Executing Zero Reset**

When the zero reset function is used, the measured value can be reset to a reference value of 0 when the ENT key is pressed or an external signal is input.

If zero reset has already been executed, that value will be overwritten. Execute zero reset within the rated measurement distance. The settings are saved even if the power is turned OFF (default).



Zero reset memory, p. 96



Linear Output

The measured value when zero reset is executed will be the center value in the linear output range. When monitor focus is set, the measured value will be the center value between the two points set for monitor focus. Output Settings (Monitor Focus), p. 81 ΞI CHECK!

#### Example



CHECK

If the following values are displayed after executing zero reset, then the measurement has probably failed.

Example: 5.9999 or - 5.999 Correct the offset value.



A setting can be changed so that the zero reset is released when the power is turned OFF. Saving Zero Reset Level, p. 96 Ξ١

- **1**. Place the reference sensing object in position.
- 2. Set the mode switch to RUN.



3. Press the ENT Key for more than one second or input the zero reset signal from an external device (for 800 ms max.).

The reference value will be registered and the zero reset indicator will be lit. The tolerance for the registered reference value will be displayed on the main display.



### **Releasing Zero Reset**

**1.** Set the mode switch to RUN.



2. Hold the ENT and RIGHT Keys down together for about three seconds. To release zero reset from an external device,

input the zero reset signal for one second minimum.



Zero reset will be released and the zero reset indicator will turn OFF.

### Saving Zero Reset Level

Select whether or not to hold the measured value zero reset level when the power is turned OFF.

| Selection    | Details                                              |  |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------|--|
| ON (default) | Saves zero reset level when the power is turned OFF. |  |
| OFF          | Zero reset is released when the power is turned OFF. |  |
|              |                                                      |  |



Turn OFF zero reset memory if, as in the example below, the zero point is reset for each measurement. If zero reset memory is enabled, the zero reset level data will be written in the Amplifier Unit CHECK! non-volatile memory (EEPROM) at each zero reset. The EEPROM can be written a maximum of 100,000 times. Writing the zero reset level for each measurement can, therefore, use up the life of

the memory and lead to malfunctions.

Example: Measuring Steps in Sensing Objects



Operation



Even if zero reset memory is set to OFF, the zero reset level will be saved if threshold values or other functions have been changed. Zero reset will continue after startup when these functions have been CHECK! changed.



# **Error Output Function**

A function has been added that enables using the HIGH/LOW outputs to inform a peripheral device when the Amplifier Unit has detected an error.

It's also possible to disable the error output when the plunger has been pressed with excessive force.

| Setting            | When the plunger has<br>been pressed with<br>excessive force           | When any other error has<br>occurred               | During normal operation                             |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| ON                 | The HIGH and LOW outputs both turn ON.                                 | The HIGH and LOW outputs both turn ON.             | The HIGH,PASS,and LOW outputs are controlled by the |
| STAND<br>(default) | -                                                                      | The status set for non-mea-<br>surement is output. | judgement results.                                  |
| OFF                | The HIGH,PASS,and LOW outputs are controlled by the judgement results. |                                                    |                                                     |



If a short-circuit is detected in the judgement outputs(E-sht), the outputs will be stopped to protect the judgement output circuits, and the HIGH/LOW outputs will not turn ON even if the Error Output CHECK! Function is turned ON.

Error Messages and Countermeasures, p. 116 Ξ

Moving to FUN and SPCL



|                                                                                        |                                | Section 5 DETAILED SETTINGS |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>5.</b> Press the ENT Key.                                                           |                                | SUB                         |
| <b>6.</b> Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display EROUT on the main display.            |                                | POWER ZERO ENABLE           |
| Setting the Error Output Function                                                      |                                |                             |
| 7. Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                            | $\hat{\Box} / \nabla$          |                             |
| <b>8.</b> Select the output method to use when an error is detected.                   | $\hat{\Box} / \overline{\Box}$ | SUB                         |
| <b>9.</b> Press the ENT Key to confirm the setting.<br>The setting will be registered. |                                | SUB                         |

# Section 6 AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS

| Changing the Number of Display Digits             | 102 |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Reversing the Display                             | 103 |
| Adjusting Display Brightness (ECO Display)        | 105 |
| Key Lock Function                                 | 106 |
| Correcting the Distance Display (Span Adjustment) | 107 |
| Initializing Settings Data                        | 109 |
|                                                   |     |

# **Changing the Number of Display Digits**

Select the number of digits for the main and sub-displays in RUN mode. The default setting is 5 digits. When 4 or less digits are set, the digits are disabled from the rightmost digit first.

| Moving to FUN and SPCL                                                                                                    |                              |                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| <ol> <li>Set the mode switch to FUN.</li> <li>Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display SPCL on the main display.</li> </ol> | RUN T FUN                    | POWER ZERO ENABLE |
| Moving to DIGIT                                                                                                           |                              |                   |
| <b>3.</b> Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                                        | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$ |                   |
| <b>4.</b> Use the UP and DOWN Keys to display DISP or ALL.                                                                | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$ | SUB               |
| <b>5.</b> Press the ENT Key.                                                                                              |                              | SUB               |
| <b>6.</b> Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display DIGIT on the main display.                                               |                              | POWER ZERO ENABLE |
| Selecting Number of Digits                                                                                                |                              |                   |
| <b>7.</b> Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                                        | $\hat{\Box}/ \nabla$         |                   |
| 8. Use the UP and DOWN Keys to select the number of display digits.                                                       | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$ |                   |
| <b>9.</b> Press the ENT Key to confirm the setting.                                                                       |                              |                   |

# **Reversing the Display**

The main and sub-digital displays can be reversed, i.e., be turned upside down. The Cursor Key operation will also be reversed. This function is useful when mounting the Amplifier Unit upside down on a device.



Moving to FUN and SPCL

|    | Set the mode switch to FUN.<br>Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display<br>SPCL on the main display. | RUN T FUN                    | POWER ZERG ENABLE |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| _  | Moving to DREV                                                                                     |                              |                   |
| 3. | Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                           | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$ | SUB CLOSE         |
| 4. | Use the UP and DOWN Keys to display DISP or ALL.                                                   | $\triangle / \bigcirc$       | SUB               |
| 5. | Press the ENT Key.                                                                                 |                              | SUB               |
| 6. | Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display DREV on the main display.                                   |                              | POWER ZERO ENABLE |

#### Section 6 AUXILIARY FUNCTIONS

Selecting Whether or Not to Invert Display



# Adjusting Display Brightness (ECO Display)

When the ECO display function is used, the digital displays are not lit, reducing current consumption.

|    | Moving to FUN and SPCL                                                                                                                      |                               |                           |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| _  | Set the mode switch to FUN.<br>Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display<br>SPCL on the main display.                                          | RUN T FUN                     | POWER ZERO ENABLE         |
|    |                                                                                                                                             |                               |                           |
| 3. | Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                                                                    | $\hat{\Box}/ \overline{\lor}$ | SUB CLOSE                 |
| 4. | Use the UP and DOWN Keys to display DISP or ALL.                                                                                            | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$  | SUB                       |
| 5. | Press the ENT Key.                                                                                                                          |                               | SUB                       |
| 6. | Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display ECO on the main display.                                                                             |                               | POWER ZERO ENABLE<br>(mm) |
|    | Selecting Whether or Not to Use ECO Display                                                                                                 |                               |                           |
|    |                                                                                                                                             |                               |                           |
| 7. | Press the UP or DOWN Key.<br>The sub-display will flash.                                                                                    | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$  | SUB                       |
| 8. | Select either OFF or ON.<br>OFF: Normal display (default)<br>ON: ECO display                                                                | $\hat{\Box}/\overline{\Box}$  | SUB                       |
| 9. | Press the ENT Key to confirm the selection.<br>The display setting will be registered.<br>When ON is selected, the display will become dark |                               | SUB                       |
# Key Lock Function

The key lock function disables all Amplifier Unit keys. Once the keys have been disabled, no key input will be accepted until the lock is released. This function is useful to prevent inadvertent changes to settings.

The mode and threshold switches are still enabled even when the key lock function is ON.



### **Releasing the Key Lock**

**1.** Set the mode switch to FUN.

be displayed on the sub-display.

The key lock will be released.

sub-display.

| _   |   |     |
|-----|---|-----|
|     | ĺ |     |
|     |   |     |
| RUN | Т | FUN |

2. Hold down the UP, DOWN, RIGHT, and LEFT Keys at the same time.

FREE will be displayed on the main display and "-----" will





3. Release the keys once OK is displayed on the SUB



# **Correcting the Distance Display (Span Adjustment)**

This setting is used to correct discrepancies between the display value and the actual amount of displacement. Set the desired distance (units:  $\mu$ m).





The correction range is about 2% of the measurement distance. Example: ZX-TDS01T

Measurement distance: 1 mm, range of correction: 20 µm

Example: Actual displacement: 0.5 mm, display value: 0.498 mm

The displacement discrepancy ranges from 0 to 0.5 mm and is 0.002 mm here. In a range from 0 to -0.5 mm, a discrepancy of 0.002 mm is about what you would expect. If the total discrepancy is 0.004 mm (4.0  $\mu$ m), then set the correction to 4.0.



Correction details are registered in the Sensor Head. This means that once done, the correction will not have to be redone even if the Amplifier Unit is replaced.



Moving to SPAN



# **Initializing Settings Data**

This function resets all settings to their default values.

SPAN adjustment settings are not initialized.

### **Default Values**

| Function                  | Default Value                                |  |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|--|
| Scale inversion           | OFF                                          |  |
| No. of samples to average | 256                                          |  |
| Hysteresis width          | Sensor Head resolution specification         |  |
|                           | (Depends on the type of Sensor Head)         |  |
| Hold                      | OFF                                          |  |
| Zero reset display        | 0.000 (mm)                                   |  |
| Special functions         | CLOSE                                        |  |
| Monitor focus             | At the minimum measurement distance: 4 (mA)  |  |
|                           | At the maximum measurement distance: 20 (mA) |  |
| Linear output correction  | No correction                                |  |
| Display reverse           | OFF                                          |  |
| ECO display               | OFF                                          |  |
| No. of display digits     | 5 digits (all)                               |  |
| Non-measurement settings  | KEEP                                         |  |
| Zero reset memory         | ON                                           |  |
| HIGH threshold            | 5.999 (mm)                                   |  |
| LOW threshold             | -1.999 (mm)                                  |  |

**1.** Set the mode switch to FUN. RUN FUN Т **2.** Use the LEFT and RIGHT Keys to display INIT on the main display. **3.** Press and hold down the ENT Key. SUB The sub-display will display "-----". 4. Release the ENT Key once OK is displayed on the sub-display SUB

The settings will be initialized.

# Appendices APPENDICES

# **APPENDICES**

| Actuators                          | 112 |
|------------------------------------|-----|
| Troubleshooting                    | 115 |
| Error Messages and Countermeasures | 116 |
| Q&A                                | 118 |
| Glossary                           | 119 |
| Specifications and Dimensions      | 120 |
| Characteristic Data                | 131 |
| Quick Reference for Displays       | 132 |

# **Actuators**

Actuators are replaceable (order separately). Select the correct actuator for the sensing object. Replace worn actuators for more precise measurements.



The ZX-TDS10T- Can be used only with the D5SN-TN1 and D5SN-TF1.



Replacing Actuators, p. 113

# **Selecting Actuators**

| Model            | Ball type (steel)<br>D5SN-TB1                                                              | Ball type<br>(carbide steel)<br>D5SN-TB2                                 | Ball type (ruby)<br>D5SN-TB3                                       | Conversion adapter<br>D5SN-TA           |
|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| Appear-<br>ance  | Female screw<br>M2.5×0.45                                                                  | Female screw<br>M2.5×0.45                                                | Female screw<br>M2.5×0.45                                          | Through hole, female<br>screw M2.5×0.45 |
| Applica-<br>tion | General-purpose<br>measurement on a flat<br>surface (Actuators<br>attached as standard)    | Measurement object:<br>Carbide steel (HR90)<br>or softer materials       | Measurement object:<br>Carbide steel (HR90)<br>or softer materials | Mounting commercial actuators           |
| Model            | Pin type<br>(carbide steel)<br>D5SN-TN1                                                    | Ball type<br>(carbide steel)<br>D5SN-TF1                                 |                                                                    |                                         |
| Appear-<br>ance  | Male screw<br>M2.5×0.45                                                                    | Male screw<br>M2.5×0.45                                                  | -                                                                  |                                         |
| Applica-<br>tion | Measurements for the<br>bottom of grooves<br>and holes<br>(Requires conversion<br>adapter) | Measurement of<br>spherical surfaces<br>(Requires conversion<br>adapter) |                                                                    |                                         |

The following commercial actuators can be mounted using the D5SN-TA conversion adapter.

| (0)    |             |            |                                                                                          |                                                                                                             |
|--------|-------------|------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| CHECK! | Model       | Appearance | Appli                                                                                    | cation                                                                                                      |
|        | Bowl-shaped |            | Measurements on slip-<br>pery surfaces with rela-<br>tively minor height<br>differences. | Measuring film-<br>like sensing ob-<br>jects while sliding<br>over the side of<br>the sensing ob-<br>jects. |
|        | Lever       |            | Measurement of narrow pitches.                                                           | Lever bends by<br>90°.                                                                                      |

### **Replacing Actuators**

Be careful not to damage the rubber boot when replacing the actuator.

1. Remove the standard actuator.

Hold the plunger's D-cut section with radio pliers or a similar tool while removing the actuator.

If the replacement must be performed by holding the Sensor Head itself, ensure that a torque exceeding 0.15 N·m is not applied. CHECK! Applying excessive torque may have an adverse affect on plunger operation.



Radio pliers or a similar tool

### 2. Mount the actuator or conversion adapter.

Hold the plunger's D-cut section with radio pliers or a similar tool while mounting and securing the actuator.



If the replacement must be performed by holding the Sensor Head itself, ensure that a torque exceeding 0.15 N·m is not applied. CHECK! Applying excessive torque may have an adverse affect on plunger operation.



(Only when mounting a commercial actuator)

- **3.** Mount the commercial actuator to the conversion adapter.
  - Tighten the actuator securely, and ensure that there is no looseness.
  - If necessary, apply a screw-locking agent.



# Troubleshooting

This section describes countermeasures for temporary hardware problems. Check the malfunction in this section before sending the hardware for repair.

| Problem                                            | Probable cause and possible countermeasure                                                                             |        |  |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|--|
| POWER indicator not lit.                           | Is the power supply device connected correctly?                                                                        | p. 34  |  |
|                                                    | • Is the supply voltage below the rated range (12 to 24 VDC $\pm 10\%$ )?                                              |        |  |
| Device restarts during                             | Is the power supply device connected correctly?                                                                        | p. 34  |  |
| operation.                                         | Are the Interface and Calculating Units connected correctly?                                                           | p. 30  |  |
| Judgements not output to                           | Are all cables connected correctly?                                                                                    | p. 34  |  |
| external device.                                   | Is the signal line disconnected?                                                                                       |        |  |
|                                                    | <ul> <li>Are the judgement hold or reset inputs short-circuited?</li> </ul>                                            |        |  |
| No input signal received.                          | Are all cables connected correctly?                                                                                    | p. 34  |  |
|                                                    | Is the signal line disconnected?                                                                                       |        |  |
| No communications with                             | Is the cable connected correctly?                                                                                      |        |  |
| personal computer or Pro-<br>grammable Controller. | Is the Interface Unit connected correctly?                                                                             |        |  |
| grammable Controller.                              | <ul> <li>Is the switch under the Interface Unit on the side without the tab?</li> </ul>                                | p. 129 |  |
|                                                    | <ul> <li>Is the connector pin arrangement correct?</li> </ul>                                                          | p. 129 |  |
| Strange linear output lev-                         | • Is the switch on the bottom of the Amplifier Unit set to the correct position?                                       |        |  |
| els.                                               | • Has the correct selection (voltage/current) been made in the monitor focus settings?                                 | p. 81  |  |
|                                                    | Linear output levels can be fine-tuned.                                                                                | p. 85  |  |
| Nothing displayed on main display or sub-display.  | Has the number of display digits been set to zero?                                                                     | p. 102 |  |
| The main display remains                           | • Has timing been input properly with a P-H, B-H, S-H, or PP-H hold enabled?                                           | p. 71  |  |
| on "".                                             | <ul> <li>Has the self-trigger level been set to an appropriate value with an SP-H or<br/>SB-H hold enabled?</li> </ul> |        |  |

# **Error Messages and Countermeasures**

This section outlines the error messages displayed on the main display and the countermeasures for those messages.

| Display | Error                                                                                                       | Countermeasure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Pages                   |
|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| E-CHL   | There are two Sensors but only one<br>Amplifier Unit connected                                              | • If two Amplifier Units have been connected, turn OFF the power supply and check that the Amplifier and Calculating Units are connected correctly.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | p. 21<br>p. 31          |
|         |                                                                                                             | • If only one Amplifier Unit is being used, connect another<br>Amplifier Unit temporarily and turn OFF the two-sensor<br>operation, or initialize the settings data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | p. 90<br>p. 109         |
| E-DAT   | Two-sensor operation communica-<br>tions data error                                                         | <ul> <li>Check to see if there is a CH1 Amplifier Unit error. If there is, clear the error.</li> <li>Change the mode for the CH1 Amplifier Unit to RUN.</li> <li>Turn OFF the power supply and check that the Amplifier and Calculating Units are connected correctly. Replace the Amplifier Unit or the Calculating Unit if the above countermeasures do not solve the problem.</li> </ul> | p. 21<br>p. 31<br>p. 42 |
| E-EEP   | EEPROM data error                                                                                           | Hold down the ENT Key for three seconds or longer. Once<br>the data has been cleared, cycle the power supply.<br>Replace the Amplifier Unit if the above countermeasure<br>does not solve the problem.                                                                                                                                                                                      | p. 44                   |
| E-HED   | The Sensor Head is disconnected.                                                                            | Turn OFF the power supply, check that the Sensor Head is<br>connected correctly, and then turn ON the power supply.<br>Replace the Sensor Head if the above countermeasure<br>does not solve the problem.                                                                                                                                                                                   | p. 30                   |
| E-SEN   | The Sensor Head is disconnected<br>or other factors are causing it to<br>malfunction.                       | Turn OFF the power supply, check the connection for the<br>Sensor Head, and then turn ON the power supply again.<br>Replace the Sensor Head if the above countermeasure<br>does not solve the problem.                                                                                                                                                                                      | p. 30                   |
| E-SHT   | One or all of the judgement outputs are short-circuited.                                                    | Turn OFF the power supply, check that the HIGH, PASS,<br>and LOW output lines are not short-circuited, then turn ON<br>the power supply again.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | p. 34                   |
| ERRLH   | An attempt was made to set a numeric value larger than the HIGH threshold value to the LOW threshold value. | Input correct threshold values.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | p. 77                   |
|         | HIGH threshold– LOW threshold < hysteresis width                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                         |

# **Error Messages and Countermeasures (Continued)**

| Display | Error                                                                                                        | Countermeasures                                                                          | Pages |
|---------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| ERRHL   | An attempt was made to set a numeric value smaller than the LOW threshold value to the HIGH threshold value. | Input correct threshold values.                                                          | p. 77 |
|         | HIGH threshold – LOW threshold < hys-<br>teresis width                                                       |                                                                                          |       |
| ERROV   | The set numeric value is too large.                                                                          | Input an appropriate numeric value.                                                      | p. 46 |
|         | HIGH threshold – LOW threshold < hys-<br>teresis width                                                       |                                                                                          | p. 77 |
| ERRUD   | The set numeric value is too small.                                                                          | Input an appropriate numeric value.                                                      | p. 46 |
| OVER    | The plunger pressing force is excessive.                                                                     | Adjust the detection position of the Sensor Head and the position of the sensing object. | p. 37 |

# Q&A

| Question                                                                                                                                                                               | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Can the cable between Sensor Heads and the Preamplifiers be extended?                                                                                                                  | No. If the cable is extended, measurement precision is lost.                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Can calculations be performed with ZX-L-series<br>Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-W-series Smart<br>Sensors (Microwave Type), and ZX-E-series<br>Smart Sensors (Linear Proximity Type)? | No. The ZX-L-series Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-W-series<br>Smart Sensors (Microwave Type), and ZX-E-series Smart Sen-<br>sors (Linear Proximity Type) do not support calculations.                                                                       |
| Is the ZX-SF-11 Interface Unit used with the ZX-<br>L-series Smart Sensors (Laser Type), ZX-W-                                                                                         | Yes, if the Interface Unit is version 2.0 or later. If the Interface Unit is an earlier version, contact your OMRON representative.                                                                                                                          |
| series Smart Sensors (Microwave Type), and<br>ZX-E-series Smart Sensors (Linear Proximity<br>Type) compatible with the ZX-T-series Smart                                               | (The Interface Unit version can be checked through the following procedure.)                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Sensors (Inductive Displacement Type)?                                                                                                                                                 | • Enter the version check command using a personal computer or<br>Programmable Controller.                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                                                                                                                                                                        | Check using the ZX-L-series and ZX-E-series Smart Monitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| Why does an error occur and settings cannot be made when teaching or directly inputting thresh-                                                                                        | Threshold values cannot be set using teaching or by direct input if the following condition is not met:                                                                                                                                                      |
| old values?                                                                                                                                                                            | • HIGH threshold value – LOW threshold value > hysteresis width<br>// ˘≡∖ p. 77                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| When monitor focus is executed, why does an error appear on the sub-display and the settings cannot be made?                                                                           | Monitor focus settings cannot be made when the distance<br>between the two specified points is not 1% or more of the mea-<br>surement distance.                                                                                                              |
|                                                                                                                                                                                        | ↓ p. 81                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Can calculations be performed with 9 or more<br>Amplifier Units?                                                                                                                       | Contact your OMRON representative.                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Can calculations be performed when Sensor<br>Heads with different measurement distances are<br>connected to 2 Amplifier Units?                                                         | Yes, if both Sensors are ZX-T-series Smart Sensors (Inductive Displacement Type).                                                                                                                                                                            |
| The change in the measured value displayed on<br>the Amplifier Unit was not the same as the actual<br>displacement. How do I correct this?                                             | Use the span adjustment function to make the change in the measured value agree with the actual displacement. You can also try adjusting the mounting position of the Sensor Head (i.e., the detection distance), or use the zero reset to match the values. |
| The Sensor Head has been broken. What needs to be done?                                                                                                                                | If the Sensor Head is replaced with the same model, the original settings will be available as soon as the new Sensor Head is installed. (Only reset the span adjustment.)                                                                                   |
| The Amplifier Unit has been broken. What needs to be done?                                                                                                                             | Just replace the failed Amplifier Unit with a new one. (The span adjustment does not have to be reset. Reset the threshold values and other functions.)                                                                                                      |

# Glossary

| Term                           | Explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Response<br>time               | The time it takes the ZX-T Sensor to output a value (either as linear output or judgement output) after it measures a distance.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                | The response time changes depending on the settings for the number of samples to average and the calculations.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Measured<br>value              | The measurement result displayed on the main display of the Amplifier Unit in RUN and T modes.<br>The measured value is the value after all set processing has been completed, e.g., the number of samples to average, calculations, hold, scale inversion, and zero reset.                                                                                                       |
| Present value                  | The current measurement result for the target Amplifier Unit.<br>Some set processing, such as the number of samples to average and scale inversion, are reflected<br>in the current measured value, but calculation, hold, and zero reset settings are not.<br>Press the LEFT or RIGHT Key in RUN mode to display the present value on the sub-display.                           |
| Linearity                      | The error in an ideal straight line displacement output when measuring the standard sensing object. The linearity shows how closely the linear output maintains a linear relationship to the displacement of the sensing object (i.e., it shows the accuracy of the linear output). More precise linearity can be obtained with ZX-T Smart Sensors by performing span adjustment. |
| Hold                           | A function that holds specified measurement values such as the maximum or minimum value during the sampling time and it outputs that value when the measurement is completed.<br>$\mu$ p. 71                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| Linear output                  | The linear output is analog data output from the linear output line. Either a current or voltage output can be selected.<br>The linear output is made based on the display value and monitor focus settings.<br>The actual value output (the output value) can be displayed on the sub-display by pressing the LEFT or RIGHT Key in RUN mode.                                     |
| Judgement<br>outputs           | "Judgement outputs" is a general term for the HIGH, PASS, and LOW outputs. The judgement out-<br>puts are made in RUN and T mode based on the display values and the threshold, hysteresis width,<br>and timer settings. The judgement output is held while judgement output hold input is ON.                                                                                    |
| Measure-<br>ment dis-<br>tance | The range within which measurements can be made by the connected Sensor Head.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Sampling<br>period             | The time over which the sensing object is measured when the hold function is being used. The sampling period is determined by the hold condition.<br>$f(x) = p \cdot 71$                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Warming up<br>time             | Time it takes until the Sensor Head is ready to measure at the specified resolution after the power is turned ON.<br>With the ZX-T Sensor Head, W-UP is displayed on the Amplifier Unit sub-display until the Sensor Head has warmed up.                                                                                                                                          |

# **Specifications and Dimensions**

### ZX-TDA11/ZX-TDA41 Amplifier Units



|                                                                           | ZX-TDA11                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | ZX-TDA41                                                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Measurement period                                                        | 1 ms                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Possible settings for<br>number of samples<br>to average<br>(See note 1.) | 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128, 256                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | i, 512 or 1024                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Linear output<br>(See note 2.)                                            | Current output: 4 to 20 mA/F.S Voltage output: $\pm 4$ V ( $\pm 5$ V, 1                                                                                                                                                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 | edance: 100 Ω                                                                                                                                                                                              |  |
| Judgement outputs<br>(3 outputs:<br>HIGH/PASS/LOW)                        | NPN open-collector outputs,<br>30 VDC, 30 mA max.<br>Residual voltage: 1.2 V max.                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | PNP open-collector outputs,<br>30 VDC, 30 mA max.<br>Residual voltage: 2 V max. |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Judgement output<br>hold input                                            | ON: Short-circuited with 0-V te<br>or less                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | supply vol                                                                      | Itage short-circuited or within<br>tage of 1.5 V max.                                                                                                                                                      |  |
| Zero reset input                                                          | OFF: Open (leakage current: (                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | J. I MA Max.)                                                                                                                                                                                                         | OFF: Open (le                                                                   | akage current: 0.1 mA max.)                                                                                                                                                                                |  |
| Timing input                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Reset input                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Functions                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
|                                                                           | Measured value display<br>Present value display<br>Output value display<br>Set value display<br>ENABLE indicator<br>Zero reset indicator<br>Power ON indicator<br>Judgement indicator<br>ECO mode<br>Display reverse<br>Display digit limit<br>Zero reset | Zero reset men<br>Initialization<br>Hysteresis wid<br>Scale inversion<br>Span adjustme<br>Monitor focus<br>Linear output of<br>Timing input<br>(A-B) calculatio<br>(See note 4.)<br>(A+B) calculatio<br>(See note 4.) | th setting<br>ent<br>correction                                                 | Clamp value setting<br>Key lock<br>Peak hold<br>Bottom hold<br>Sample hold<br>Peak-to-peak hold<br>Teaching<br>Direct threshold value setting<br>Self-peak hold<br>Self -bottom hold<br>Warming up display |  |
| Indications                                                               | Judgement indicators: HIGH (<br>(red), 7-segment sub-display (                                                                                                                                                                                            |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Power supply voltage                                                      | 12 to 24 VDC $\pm$ 10%, Ripple (j                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | p-p): 10% max.                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Current consumption                                                       | 140 mA max. with power supp                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | ly voltage of 24 V                                                                                                                                                                                                    | V (Sensor conne                                                                 | ected)                                                                                                                                                                                                     |  |
| Ambient<br>temperature                                                    | Operating and storage: 0 to 50                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | )°C (with no icinç                                                                                                                                                                                                    | g or condensatio                                                                | n)                                                                                                                                                                                                         |  |
| Ambient humidity                                                          | Operating and storage: 35% to                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | o 85% (with no c                                                                                                                                                                                                      | ondensation)                                                                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Insulation resistance                                                     | 20 $M\Omega$ min. at 500 VDC                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Dielectric strength                                                       | 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | ]                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Vibration resistance<br>(destructive)                                     | 10 to 150 Hz, 0.7-mm double amplitude 80 min each in X, Y, and Z directions                                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 | nd Z directions                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Shock resistance (destructive)                                            | 300 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in six directions (up/down, left/right, forward/backward)                                                                                                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Connection method                                                         | Prewired (standard cable leng                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | th: 2 m)                                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Weight (packed state)                                                     | Approx. 350 g                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Materials                                                                 | Case: PBT (polybutylene terephthalate), Cover: Polycarbonate                                                                                                                                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |
| Accessories                                                               | Instruction sheet                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |                                                                                 |                                                                                                                                                                                                            |  |

### APPENDICES

Notes: 1. The response speed of the linear output is calculated as the measurement period x (No. of samples to average setting + 1).

The response speed of the judgement outputs is calculated as the measurement period x (No. of samples to average setting + 1).

- 2. The output can be switched between current output and voltage output using a switch on the bottom of the Amplifier Unit.
- 3. Setting is possible via the monitor focus function.
- 4. A Calculating Unit is required.

### ZX-TDS T Sensor Heads

### **Sensor Heads**

ZX-TDS01T



(Unit: mm)



### ZX-TDS10T



**Right-angle Adapter** 



### ZX-TDS10T-V



### ZX-TDS10T-L



### ZX-TDS10T-VL



### Preamplifier (Same for all models)

Round vinyl-insulated shielded coaxial cable, 3 cores, 3.7 dia.



### Preamplifier (with Mounting Bracket)





### **Preamplifier Mounting Bracket**

ZX-XBT1





-(16)-

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|                             |                 | ZX-TDS01T                                                                                                    | ZX-TDS04T                       | ZX-TDS04T-L    |  |  |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Applicable Amplifier Unit   |                 | ZX-TDA11/ZX-TDA41                                                                                            |                                 |                |  |  |
| Measurement dista           | nce             | 1 mm                                                                                                         | 4 mm                            |                |  |  |
| Maximum actuator            | travel distance | Approx. 1.5 mm                                                                                               | Approx. 5 mm                    | Approx. 5 mm   |  |  |
| Resolution (*1)(*2)         |                 | 0.1 μm                                                                                                       |                                 |                |  |  |
| Linearity (*2)              |                 | 0.3 %F.S.                                                                                                    |                                 |                |  |  |
| Operating force (*3         | )               | Approx. 0.7 N                                                                                                |                                 | Approx. 0.25 N |  |  |
| Degree of protec-           | Sensor Head     | IP67                                                                                                         |                                 | IP54           |  |  |
| tion (IEC60529<br>standard) | Preamplifier    | IP40                                                                                                         | IP40                            |                |  |  |
| Mechanical durability       |                 | 10,000,000                                                                                                   | 10,000,000                      |                |  |  |
| Ambient temperature         |                 | Operating: 0 to 50°C (with no icing or condensation)<br>Storage: -15 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation) |                                 |                |  |  |
| Ambient humidity            |                 | Operating/storage: 30% to 85% (with no icing or condensation)                                                |                                 |                |  |  |
| Temperature influ-          | Sensor Head     | 0.03 %F.S./°C 0.01 %F.S./°C                                                                                  |                                 |                |  |  |
| ence (*4)                   | Preamplifier    | 0.01 %F.S./°C                                                                                                |                                 |                |  |  |
| Materials                   | Sensor Head     | Stainless steel                                                                                              |                                 |                |  |  |
|                             | Rubber boot     | Fluorocarbon rubber                                                                                          | Fluorocarbon rubber Silicon rub |                |  |  |
|                             | Preamplifier    | Polycarbonate resin                                                                                          |                                 |                |  |  |
| Mounting<br>Bracket         |                 | Stainless steel                                                                                              |                                 |                |  |  |
| Weight                      |                 | Approx. 100 g                                                                                                |                                 |                |  |  |
| Accessories                 |                 | ZX-XBT1 Preamplifier Mounting Bracket, Instruction Sheet                                                     |                                 |                |  |  |

F.S.: Full scale of measurement distance

- **Notes:** 1. The minimum value that can be read when the ZX-TDA11/41 Amplifier Unit is connected (No. of samples to average: 256).
  - 2. The value at Ta =  $20^{\circ}$ C
  - 3. The typical value at the center of the range of movement.
  - 4. The typical value at the center of the measurement distance.

|                                                  |                   | ZX-TDS10T     | ZX-TDS10T-V           | ZX-TDS10T-L     | ZX-TDS10T-VL              |  |  |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Vacuum retract (VR) and air push (AP) supported. |                   | No            | VR                    | No              | VR/AP                     |  |  |
| Measurement dista                                | ance              | 10 mm         | 10 mm                 |                 |                           |  |  |
| Maximum actuator                                 | r travel distance | 10.5 mm       | 10.5 mm               |                 |                           |  |  |
| Resolution (*1)(*5)                              |                   | 0.4 µm        |                       |                 |                           |  |  |
| Linearity (*2)(*5)                               |                   | ±0.5% F.S.    |                       |                 |                           |  |  |
| Operating force(*3                               | )                 | Approx. 0.7 N | Approx. 0.6 N         | Approx. 0.065 N | Approx. 0.09 to<br>1.41 N |  |  |
| Air pressure                                     | Vacuum retract    |               | –0.55 to<br>–0.70 bar |                 | –0.22 to<br>–0.5 bar      |  |  |
|                                                  | Air push          |               |                       | ]               | 0.125 to 2 bar            |  |  |

Appendices Specifications and Dimensions

### APPENDICES

|                      |                         | ZX-TDS10T                                                                                                 | ZX-TDS10T-V         | ZX-TDS10T-L          | ZX-TDS10T-VL |  |
|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------|--|
| Degree of            | Sensor Head             | IP65 IP50                                                                                                 |                     |                      |              |  |
| protection           | protection Preamplifier |                                                                                                           |                     |                      |              |  |
| Mechanical durabil   | ity                     | 10,000,000 operat                                                                                         | ions min.           |                      |              |  |
| Ambient temperatu    | re                      | Operating: 0 to 50°                                                                                       | °C, Storage: -10 to | 60°C                 |              |  |
| Ambient humidity     |                         | Operating/storage:                                                                                        | 35% to 85% (with r  | no icing or condense | ation)       |  |
| Temperature          | Sensor Head             | ±0.01%F.S./°C                                                                                             |                     |                      |              |  |
| influence (*4)       | Preamplifier            | ±0.01%F.S./°C                                                                                             |                     |                      |              |  |
| Vibration resistance |                         | 10 to 55 Hz, 0.35-mm single amplitude 50 min each in X, Y, and Z directions                               |                     |                      |              |  |
| Shock resistance     |                         | 150 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in six directions (up/down, left/right, forward/backward)               |                     |                      |              |  |
| Connection method    |                         | Junction connector (between Sensor Head and Preamplifier: 2 m, between Preamplifier and Connector: 0.2 m) |                     |                      |              |  |
| Weight (Packed)      |                         | Approx. 100 g                                                                                             |                     |                      |              |  |
| Materials            | Sensor Head             | Stainless steel                                                                                           |                     |                      |              |  |
|                      | Rubber boot             | Viton                                                                                                     |                     | None                 | None         |  |
|                      | Preamplifier            | Polycarbonate                                                                                             |                     |                      |              |  |
|                      | Mounting<br>bracket     | Stainless steel                                                                                           |                     |                      |              |  |
| Accessories          |                         | Instruction Sheet, ZX-XBT1 Preamplifier Mounting Bracket, Right-angle Adapter (*6)                        |                     |                      |              |  |

Notes: 1. This indicates the deviation width (±3 σ) in the linear output (i.e., voltage output) when the Sensor is connected to the ZX-TDA. This is the value 30 minutes after turning ON the power supply with the average number of operations set

to 1024. The display (i.e., the minimum value that can be read) will show 1  $\mu\text{m}.$ 

- 2. Linearity is the error from the ideal line.
- 3. The typical value at the center of measurement when the standard included Actuator is attached and secured facing downward.
  - ZX-TDS10T or ZX-TDS10T-V: The measurement capability will decrease if the Sensor is mounted horizontally or facing upward.
  - ZX-TDS10T-L: Only facing downward mounting is possible.
- 4. Temperature influence is the typical value at the center of the measurement distance.
- 5. This is the value for an ambient temperature of 23°C.
- 6. The Right-angle Adapter is an accessory for the ZX-TDS10T.

### **ZX-CAL2** Calculating Unit

(Unit: mm)



| Applicable Amplifier Units         | ZX Series                                                                                   |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Current consumption                | 12 mA max. (supplied from the Smart Sensor Amplifier Unit)                                  |
| Ambient temperature                | Operating: 0 to 50°C, Storage: -15 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation)                  |
| Ambient humidity                   | Operating and storage: 35% to 85% (with no condensation)                                    |
| Connection method                  | Connector                                                                                   |
| Dielectric strength                | 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min                                                               |
| Insulation resistance              | 100 MΩ (at 500 VDC)                                                                         |
| Vibration resistance (destructive) | 10 to 150 Hz, 0.7-mm double amplitude 80 min each in X, Y, and Z directions                 |
| Shock resistance (destructive)     | 300 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in six directions (up/down, left/right, forward/backward) |
| Materials                          | Display: Acrylic, Case: ABS resin                                                           |
| Weight (packed state)              | Approx. 50 g                                                                                |
| Accessories                        | Instruction Sheet                                                                           |

### **ZX-SF11** Interface Unit

(Unit: mm)



### **Connector pin arrangement**



| Pin No. | Name |
|---------|------|
| 1       | N.C. |
| 2       | RD   |
| 3       | SD   |
| 4       | N.C. |
| 5       | SG   |
| 6       | N.C. |
| 7       | N.C. |
| 8       | N.C. |
| 9       | N.C. |

| Power supply voltage          |                          | 12 to 24 VDC ±10%, Ripple (p-p) 10% max.                                                   |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
|                               |                          | Supplied from Amplifier Unit                                                               |  |
| Current consum                | nption                   | Power supply voltage: 12 V, Current consumption: 60 mA max.                                |  |
|                               |                          | (Excluding Amplifier Unit current consumption and output current.)                         |  |
| Connectable Ar                | mplifier Units           | ZX Series                                                                                  |  |
| No. of Amplifier nectable     | Units con-               | Up to 5 (Two Calculating Units max.)                                                       |  |
| Communica-<br>tions functions | Communica-<br>tions port | RS-232C port (9-pin D-sub connector)                                                       |  |
|                               | Protocol                 | CompoWay/F                                                                                 |  |
|                               | Baud rate                | 38,400 bps                                                                                 |  |
|                               | Data config-             | Data bits: 8, Parity: None; Start bits: 1                                                  |  |
|                               | uration                  | Stop bits: 1, Flow control: None                                                           |  |
| Indicators                    |                          | Power ON (green), Communicating with Sensor (green), Sensor communications error (red)     |  |
|                               |                          | Communicating with external terminal (green), External terminal communications error (red) |  |
| Protection circu              | iits                     | Reverse power supply wiring protection                                                     |  |
| Ambient temperature           |                          | Operating: 0 to 50°C, Storage: -15 to 60°C (with no icing or condensation)                 |  |
| Ambient humidity              |                          | Operating and storage: 35% to 85% (with no condensation)                                   |  |
| Dialectic strength            |                          | 1,000 VAC, 50/60 Hz for 1 min                                                              |  |
| Insulation resistance         |                          | 20 MΩ min. (at 500 VDC)                                                                    |  |
| Case materials                |                          | Case: PBT (polybutylene terephthalate), Cover: Polycarbonate                               |  |
| Weight (packed state)         |                          | Approx. 350 g                                                                              |  |

# **Characteristic Data**

### **Output Characteristics (Voltage/Current Output)**

### ZX-TDS01T/TDS04T-□/ZX-TDS10T-□□



\*3 Displacement direction



# **Quick Reference for Displays**

### **Using the Quick Reference**

Items in the *Display* column marked with an asterisk (\*) appear on the sub-display. All other items appear on the main display.

|   | Display              |       | Details                                                                                                                                                                                             | Pages          |
|---|----------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| A | 82058                | A20mA | The meaning of this display item depends on the selected functions.<br>Monitor focus/First point setting (for current output)<br>Linear output correction/First point offset (for current output)   | p. 81<br>p. 85 |
|   | 8 Yu                 | A 4V  | The meaning of this display item depends on the selected functions.<br>Monitor focus/First point setting (for voltage output)<br>Linear output correction/First point offset (for voltage output)   | p. 81<br>p. 85 |
|   | <mark>Я-Ь</mark> (*) | A-B   | 2-sensor operation/A-B                                                                                                                                                                              | p. 90          |
|   | <b>R (b</b> (*)      | AIB   | 2-sensor operation/A+B                                                                                                                                                                              | p. 90          |
|   |                      | ALL   | Displays all of the special menu.                                                                                                                                                                   | p. 48          |
|   | 8.u8                 | AVE   | Number of samples to average setting                                                                                                                                                                | p. 70          |
| В | 6 YAR                | B 4mA | The meaning of this display item depends on the selected functions.<br>Monitor focus/Second point setting (for current output)<br>Linear output correction/Second point offset (for current output) | p. 81<br>p. 85 |
|   | 6 Yu                 | B 4V  | The meaning of this display item depends on the selected functions.<br>Monitor focus/Second point setting (for voltage output)<br>Linear output correction/Second point offset (for voltage output) | p. 81<br>p. 85 |
|   | <b>ኔ - አ</b> (*)     | B-H   | Hold/Bottom hold                                                                                                                                                                                    | p. 71          |
| С | cRLc                 | CALC  | Calculation setting for adjacent Sensors                                                                                                                                                            | p. 90          |
|   | cl87P                | CLAMP | Clamp value setting for non-measurement                                                                                                                                                             | p. 88          |
|   | c1858 (*)            | CLAMP | Non-measurement setting/Return output to clamp value                                                                                                                                                | p. 88          |
|   | clo58 (*)            | CLOSE | Hides the special menu.                                                                                                                                                                             | p. 48          |
| D | 31618                | DIGIT | Number of digits setting for main and sub-displays                                                                                                                                                  | p. 102         |
|   | drEu                 | DREV  | Reverses position of main and sub-displays.                                                                                                                                                         | p. 103         |
|   | d (SP (*)            | DISP  | Displays display-related functions from special menu.                                                                                                                                               | p. 48          |
| Е | Eco                  | ECO   | Reduces power consumption by reducing main and sub-display lighting.                                                                                                                                | p. 105         |
|   | Erällt               | EROUT | Error output setting.                                                                                                                                                                               | p. 98          |
|   | <b>Etc</b> (*)       | ETC   | Displays functions other than display- and output-related functions from special menu.                                                                                                              | p. 48          |
| F | FocUS                | FOCUS | Measured value output range setting                                                                                                                                                                 | p. 81          |

| Display |                  |       | Details                                                                 | Pages  |
|---------|------------------|-------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| н       | h-h95            | H-HYS | Hold/Trigger mode/Self-trigger hysteresis width setting.                | p. 71  |
|         | h-LuL            | H-LVL | Hold/Trigger mode/Self-trigger level setting.                           | p. 71  |
|         | hold             | HOLD  | Hold setting                                                            | p. 71  |
|         | hys              | HYS   | Hysteresis width setting                                                | p. 80  |
| I       | in it            | INIT  | Initialization of settings                                              | p. 109 |
|         | lnu              | INV   | Positive and negative value inversion                                   | p. 75  |
| к       | ¥888 (*)         | KEEP  | Non-measurement settings/Hold output                                    | p. 88  |
| L       | L-8dJ            | L-ADJ | Linear output offset value setting                                      | p. 85  |
| М       | ⊼ <b>R</b> (*)   | mA    | Special, monitor focus, and current output setting                      | p. 81  |
|         | ă8 <u>ă</u> (*)  | MAX   | Non-measurement settings/Clamp value/Maximum                            | p. 88  |
| Ρ       | <b>P - h</b> (*) | P-H   | Hold/Peak hold                                                          | p. 71  |
|         | <b>ዖዖ-Ⴙ</b> (*)  | PP-H  | Hold/Peak-to-peak hold                                                  | p. 71  |
| R       | r8588            | RESET | Output data settings for non-measurement                                | p. 88  |
|         | r 8582 (*)       | RESET | RUN or T mode/Resetting input                                           | p. 34  |
| s       | <b>5 - h</b> (*) | S-H   | Hold/Sample hold                                                        | p. 71  |
|         | 56-h (*)         | SB-H  | Hold/Self-bottom hold                                                   | p. 71  |
|         | 582 (*)          | SET   | Displays output-related functions from the special menu.                | p. 48  |
|         | <b>5ዖ-</b> እ(*)  | SP-H  | Hold/Self-peak hold                                                     | p. 71  |
|         | SPRA             | SPAN  | Setting for correcting the distance value on the display                | p. 107 |
|         | SPel             | SPCL  | Special menu item<br>Displays monitor focus and other special functions | p. 48  |
|         | SERnd            | STAND | Enable/disable setting for error output.                                | p. 98  |
| т       | <u> ነ ፡፡</u> ፡፡  | TIMIG | RUN or T modes: Input timing                                            | p. 34  |
| V       | υσίζ             | VOLT  | Special, monitor focus, and voltage output setting                      | p. 81  |
| w       | Y-UP             | W-UP  | Displayed during warm-up                                                | p. 36  |
| Z       | EndSP            | ZRDSP | Offset value input for zero reset                                       | p. 94  |
|         | ErőEő            | ZRMEM | Setting to save or clear measured values at zero reset                  | p. 95  |

# Index

### Α

| alphabet display format<br>Amplifier Units | . 43 |
|--------------------------------------------|------|
| dimensions                                 | 120  |
| installation                               | . 24 |
| measuring with multiple Units              | 102  |
| part names                                 | . 21 |
| specifications                             | 121  |
|                                            |      |

### В

| basic configuration | 20 |
|---------------------|----|
|---------------------|----|

### С

| cable length                  | 16, 17 |
|-------------------------------|--------|
| 5                             |        |
| connections                   | 31     |
| dimensions and specifications |        |
| part names                    | 22     |
| channel numbers               | 32     |
| characteristic data           | 131    |
| circuit diagrams              |        |
| NPN Amplifier Units           | 35     |
| CLAMP                         | 88     |
| CLAMP value                   | 88     |
| current/voltage switch        | 21     |
| cursor keys                   | 44     |
|                               |        |

### D

| C | default values       |      |
|---|----------------------|------|
|   | settings data        | 109  |
| C | dimensions           | 120  |
| C | direct input         | . 78 |
| C | displays             |      |
|   | adjusting brightness | 105  |
|   | reversing            | 103  |
|   | -                    |      |

### Ε

| ECO display           | 105  |
|-----------------------|------|
| ENABLE indicator      | . 21 |
| error messages        | 116  |
| Error Output Function | . 98 |

### F

| FUN mode                   |    |
|----------------------------|----|
| description                | 42 |
| displays                   | 43 |
| function transitions       | 48 |
| function transition charts | 47 |

### G

| ground | line | 34 |
|--------|------|----|
|        |      |    |

### Н

| HIGH judgement output line | 34 |
|----------------------------|----|
| hold                       |    |
| bottom                     | 71 |
| functions                  | 71 |
| peak                       | 71 |
| peak-to-peak               | 72 |
| sample                     | 72 |
| hysteresis width           | 80 |

### I

| I/O circuit diagrams          | . 35 |
|-------------------------------|------|
| initialize                    |      |
| settings data                 | 109  |
| Interface Units               |      |
| connections                   | . 33 |
| connector pin arrangement     | 129  |
| dimensions and specifications | 129  |
| part names                    | . 23 |

### J

judgement output hold input line...... 34

### Κ

| KEEP           | . 88                                                       |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| key input      |                                                            |
| disabling      | 106                                                        |
| key lock       |                                                            |
| releasing      | 106                                                        |
| setting        | 106                                                        |
| key operations | . 44                                                       |
|                | key input<br>disabling<br>key lock<br>releasing<br>setting |

### L

| linear output             | 81 |
|---------------------------|----|
| output compensation       | 85 |
| switch                    | 21 |
| linear output ground line | 34 |
| linear output line        | 34 |
| LOW judgement output line | 34 |

### Μ

| main display   | 43  |
|----------------|-----|
| measured value | 119 |
| mode switch    | 42  |
| modes          | 42  |
|                |     |

| switching 4 | 2 |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

### Ν

| No. of samples to average | 70 |
|---------------------------|----|
| non-measurement settings  | 88 |
| numerals                  |    |
| changing                  | 46 |

### 0

| output cable        | 34 |
|---------------------|----|
| output compensation | 85 |
| output settings     | 81 |

### Ρ

| PASS judgement output line | 34 |
|----------------------------|----|
| position teaching          | 79 |
| Power ON indicator         |    |
| Preamplifiers              | 29 |
| present value 1            | 19 |

### Q

| Q&A 11 |
|--------|
|--------|

### R

| reference values      |         |
|-----------------------|---------|
| displaying            | 92      |
| setting offset values | 94      |
| reset input line      | 34      |
| response time         | 90, 119 |
| RUN mode              |         |
| description           | 42      |
| displays              | 43      |
| function transitions  | 47      |

## S

| 26 |
|----|
| 30 |
| 23 |
| 26 |
| 22 |
|    |
| 45 |
|    |
| )9 |
| 20 |
| 43 |
|    |

# **T**

| T mode               |    |
|----------------------|----|
| description          | 42 |
| displays             | 43 |
| function transitions | 47 |
|                      |    |

| teaching 77           |
|-----------------------|
| terminology 119       |
| thresholds            |
| entering values 77    |
| inputting directly 78 |
| position teaching 79  |
| switch 21             |
| timing                |
| input line 34         |
| troubleshooting 115   |

### W

| warming up | 9, 17, 36, 37, 133 |
|------------|--------------------|
| wiring     |                    |

### Ζ

| zero reset            | 92 |
|-----------------------|----|
| executing             | 95 |
| input line            |    |
| releasing             | 96 |
| saving                | 98 |
| setting offset values |    |

# **Revision History**

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number at the bottom of the front and back covers of this manual.



| Revision code | Date          | Revised contents                                                                                                           |
|---------------|---------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 01            | Jan. 2004     | Original production                                                                                                        |
| 02            | June 2004     | Page 38: Diagram added for PNP Amplifier Unit.                                                                             |
|               |               | Page 83: Paragraph added before example, numeric values in example changed, and graph added.                               |
|               |               | Page 84: Numeric values at top of page changed and graph added.                                                            |
|               |               | Page 86: Values on display illustrations changed.                                                                          |
|               |               | Page 119: Model number added to heading.                                                                                   |
|               |               | Page 120: Specifications added for the ZX-TDA41.                                                                           |
|               |               | Page 124: Model number added at top of table.                                                                              |
| 02A           | February 2005 | The warranty and liability information at the beginning of the manual was replaced.<br>The following change was also made. |
|               |               | Page 20: ZX-TDA11 changed to ZX-TDA11/41 in diagram.                                                                       |
| 03            | October 2005  | Pages 7 and 8: Power supply and wiring precaution added.                                                                   |
|               |               | Page 8: Model number restriction added to third power supply and wiring precaution.                                        |
|               |               | Page 9: Model number restrictions and precaution added to end of Sensor Head.                                              |
|               |               | Page 26: New model of Mounting Jig added and text for previous Mounting Jig altered.                                       |
|               |               | Page 33: Information added to second CHECK information.                                                                    |
|               |               | Page 108: CHECK information added at beginning of Actuators.                                                               |
|               |               | Page 118: Sensor Head diagrams added.                                                                                      |
|               |               | Page 109: Model number restriction added to Replacing Actuators.                                                           |
|               |               | Page 120: Repeat accuracy information and related note deleted. Table added.                                               |
|               |               | Page 124: Model numbers added and text between figures changed.                                                            |
| 04            | July 2006     | Page 46: Error output display added.                                                                                       |
|               |               | Pages 96 and 125 to 127: Information on error output function added.                                                       |
|               |               | Page 126: Changed vacuum retract air pressure for ZX-TDS10T-VL in table.                                                   |

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