F150-3 Vision Sensor

Manual 2: EXPERT MENU OPERATION MANUAL

OMRON

F150-3 Vision Sensor Expert Menu Operation Manual

Revised August 2004

READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS DOCUMENT

Please read and understand this document before using the products. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

WARRANTY

OMRON's exclusive warranty is that the products are free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year (or other period if specified) from date of sale by OMRON.

OMRON MAKES NO WARRANTY OR REPRESENTATION, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE OF THE PRODUCTS. ANY BUYER OR USER ACKNOWLEDGES THAT THE BUYER OR USER ALONE HAS DETERMINED THAT THE PRODUCTS WILL SUITABLY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THEIR INTENDED USE. OMRON DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED.

LIMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

OMRON SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SPECIAL, INDIRECT, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS OR COMMERCIAL LOSS IN ANY WAY CONNECTED WITH THE PRODUCTS, WHETHER SUCH CLAIM IS BASED ON CONTRACT, WARRANTY, NEGLIGENCE, OR STRICT LIABILITY.

In no event shall responsibility of OMRON for any act exceed the individual price of the product on which liability is asserted.

IN NO EVENT SHALL OMRON BE RESPONSIBLE FOR WARRANTY, REPAIR, OR OTHER CLAIMS REGARDING THE PRODUCTS UNLESS OMRON'S ANALYSIS CONFIRMS THAT THE PRODUCTS WERE PROPERLY HANDLED, STORED, INSTALLED, AND MAINTAINED AND NOT SUBJECT TO CONTAMINATION, ABUSE, MISUSE, OR INAPPROPRIATE MODIFICATION OR REPAIR.

SUITABILITY FOR USE

OMRON shall not be responsible for conformity with any standards, codes, or regulations that apply to the combination of products in the customer's application or use of the product.

At the customer's request, OMRON will provide applicable third party certification documents identifying ratings and limitations of use that apply to the products. This information by itself is not sufficient for a complete determination of the suitability of the products in combination with the end product, machine, system, or other application or use.

The following are some examples of applications for which particular attention must be given. This is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all possible uses of the products, nor is it intended to imply that the uses listed may be suitable for the products:

- Outdoor use, uses involving potential chemical contamination or electrical interference, or conditions or uses not described in this document.
- Nuclear energy control systems, combustion systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, vehicles, safety equipment, and installations subject to separate industry or government regulations.
- Systems, machines, and equipment that could present a risk to life or property.

Please know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to the products. NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCT IS PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

PERFORMANCE DATA

Performance data given in this document is provided as a guide for the user in determining suitability and does not constitute a warranty. It may represent the result of OMRON's test conditions, and the users must correlate it to actual application requirements. Actual performance is subject to the OMRON Warranty and Limitations of Liability.

CHANGE IN SPECIFICATIONS

Product specifications and accessories may be changed at any time based on improvements and other reasons.

It is our practice to change model numbers when published ratings or features are changed, or when significant construction changes are made. However, some specifications of the product may be changed without any notice. When in doubt, special model numbers may be assigned to fix or establish key specifications for your application on your request. Please consult with your OMRON representative at any time to confirm actual specifications of purchased products.

DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

ERRORS AND OMISSIONS

The information in this document has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate; however, no responsibility is assumed for clerical, typographical, or proofreading errors, or omissions.

PROGRAMMABLE PRODUCTS

OMRON shall not be responsible for the user's programming of a programmable product, or any consequence thereof.

COPYRIGHT AND COPY PERMISSION

This document shall not be copied for sales or promotions without permission.

This document is protected by copyright and is intended solely for use in conjunction with the product. Please notify us before copying or reproducing this document in any manner, for any other purpose. If copying or transmitting this document to another, please copy or transmit it in its entirety.

Notice:

OMRON products are manufactured for use according to proper procedures by a qualified operator and only for the purposes described in this manual.

The following conventions are used to indicate and classify precautions in this manual. Always heed the information provided with them. Failure to heed precautions can result in injury to people or damage to property.

- **DANGER** Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
- WARNING Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
- Caution Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

Visual Aids

The following headings will help you locate different types of information.

- **Note** Indicates information of particular interest for efficient and convenient operation of the product.
 - \rightarrow Indicates pages where additional information can be found.
 - 1. Indicates a procedure. The step numbers in the procedure correspond to the numbers in any related illustrations.

Trademark

DeviceNet is a registered trademark of the Open DeviceNet Vendor Association, Inc.

© OMRON, 2000

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form, or by any means, mechanical, electronic, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of OMRON.

No patent liability is assumed with respect to the use of the information contained herein. Moreover, because OMRON is constantly striving to improve its high-quality products, the information contained in this manual is subject to change without notice. Every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this manual. Nevertheless, OMRON assumes no responsibility for errors or omissions. Neither is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained in this publication.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

PRE	CAUTIONS	XV
1	Safety Precautions	xvi
2	General Precautions	xvii
SEC'	TION 1	
The]	Expert Menu Mode	1
1-1	Features	2
1-2	Measurement Methods	4
1-3	Menu Tree	12
1-4	Overview of F150 Installation and Operation	16
1-5	Input and Output.	17
SEC"	TION 2	
Basic	c Operations	19
2-1	Starting and Quitting	20
2-2	Menu Operations	22
2-3	Two-camera Unit	29
2-4	Intelligent Light Source	41
SEC"	TION 3	
Setti	ng Measurement Conditions	45
3-1	Entering Set Mode	46
3-2	Adjusting Images	47
3-3	Position Displacement Compensation	62
3-4	Drawing Measurement Regions and Setting Evaluation	
	Criteria	80
3-5	Output Expressions	122
3-6	Scenes	132
3-7	Initializing Measurement Conditions (Clearing Scenes)	135
SEC'	TION 4	
Mon	itor Mode and Run Mode	137
4-1	Confirming Correct Operation	138
4-2	Run Mode	151

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEC'	TION 5	
Syste	em Settings	155
5-1	Entering System Mode	156
5-2	Measurement Result Output Destinations	157
5-3	Two-camera Unit and Intelligent Light Source	158
5-4	Measurement Screen Settings	160
5-5	Storing Measured Images	162
5-6	Changing Console Key Allocations	169
5-7	Setting Startup Conditions	172
5-8	Selecting Output Method for Error Terminal	174
5-9	Checking the Software Version	175
SEC'	TION 6	
Back	ing Up Data	177
6-1	Saving/Loading System and Scene Data	178
6-2	Saving to Flash Memory	181
SEC'	TION 7	
	ninal Block	183
7-1	Communications Settings.	184
7-2	I/O Formats	187
7-3	Terminal Signal Operation and Timing	189
SEC'	TION 8	
	32C Normal Settings	197
8-1	Communications Settings.	198
8-2	Command List	205
8-3	Input Format	207
8-4	Input Commands	207
8-5	Measurement Results Output Format	230
SEC'	TION 9	
	32C Host Link Settings	231
9-1	Communications Settings.	232
9-2	Command Tables	241
9-3	Input Format	242
9-4	Output Format	262
9-5	Sample Ladder Program	265

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SEC	FION 10	
Com	poBus/D Settings	269
	Communications Settings	270
10-2	Input Format	278
10-3	Output Format	301
10-4	Timing Charts	309
10-5	Allocation Charts	315
10-6	Sample Ladder Program	318
	FION 12 bleshooting	327
Appe A	ndix Version Information	331
Index	ζ	335
Revis	ion History	343

About this Manual:

This manual describes the operation of the F150 Vision Sensor using the Expert Menu and includes the sections described below. This is one of two manuals used to operate the F150. Refer to the following table for the contents of each manual.

Manual	Contents	Cat. No.
1:Setup Manual	Provides information on system hardware and installation. Be sure to read this manual first.	Z141
2:Expert Menu Operation Manual	Describes operation of the F150 using the Expert Menu. The Expert Menu enables application of all F150 capabilities, including setting region images and criteria, and outputting judgement results and data via the terminal blocks, RS-232C or CompoBus/D.	Z142

Please read the above manuals carefully and be sure you understand the information provided before attempting to install and operate the F150.

Section 1 The Expert Menu Mode outlines the features of the Expert Menu and explains what can be achieved using it.

Section 2 Basic Operations describes the overall flow of F150 application and basic operations.

Section 3 Setting Measurement Conditions describes the setting required for F150 operation.

Section 4 Monitor Mode and Run Mode explains how to check if measurements are being correctly performed with the set measurement conditions using Monitor mode, and how to make actual measurements using Run mode.

Section 5 System Settings explains how to set conditions related to the system environment.

Section 6 Backing Up Data explains how to make backup copies of data to flash memory or a computer.

Section 7 Terminal Block describes the communications settings and I/O formats for communications with external devices via the terminal blocks.

Section 8 RS-232C Normal Settings describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are set for Normal mode.

Section 9 RS-232C Host Link Settings describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are in Host Link mode.

Section 10 CompoBus/D Settings describes the communications settings required when the F150 is used as a CompBus/D Slave.

Section 11 RS-232C Menu Operation Settings describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are in Menu operation mode.

Section 12 Troubleshooting lists the errors that may occur during F150 operation, along with their probable causes and countermeasures.

Appendix A Version Information describes functions that have been added with this version and provides details on data compatibility with previous versions.

WARNING Failure to read and understand the information provided in this manual may result in personal injury or death, damage to the product, or product failure. Please read each section in its entirety and be sure you understand the information provided in the section and related sections before attempting any of the procedures or operations given.

PRECAUTIONS

This section provides general precautions for using the F150 Vision Sensor.

The information contained in this section is important for the safe and reliable application of the F150 Vision Sensor. You must read this section and understand the information contained before attempting to set up or operate a F150 Vision Sensor.

1	Safety Precautions	xvi
2	General Precautions	xvii

1 Safety Precautions

- Caution Do not touch fluorescent or halogen lights while the power is ON or immediately after the power is turned OFF. These lights generate heat and can cause burns.
- **Caution** Do not use the F150 in environments with flammable or explosive gases.
- **Caution** Install the F150 away from high-voltage equipment or motors to ensure safety during operation and maintenance.
- Caution Use crimp terminals for wiring. Do not connect bare stranded wires directly to terminals.
- Cover the terminal blocks with the Terminal Block Protection Covers after wiring.
- Caution Use DC power supplies with safe extra low-voltage circuits that prevent occurrences of high voltages in the main F150 power supply and power supplies for the terminal blocks.
- **Caution** Use the power supply cables and crimp terminals of specified sizes.
- Caution Use at the power supply voltages specified in this manual.
- **Caution** Be sure to securely tighten the screws when mounting F150 components.
- Caution Do not dismantle, repair or modify any F150 components.
- Caution Dispose of F150 components as industrial waste.



2 General Precautions

The user must operate the product according to the performance specifications described in the relevant manuals.

Before using the product under conditions which are not described in the manual or applying the product to nuclear control systems, railroad systems, aviation systems, vehicles, combustion systems, medical equipment, amusement machines, safety equipment, and other systems, machines, and equipment that may have a serious influence on lives and property if used improperly, consult your OMRON representative.

Make sure that the ratings and performance characteristics of the product are sufficient for the systems, machines, and equipment, and be sure to provide the systems, machines, and equipment with double safety mechanisms.

SECTION 1 The Expert Menu Mode

This section outlines the features of the Expert Menu mode and explains what can be achieved using it. The Expert Menu mode enables use of all the capabilities of the F150.

1-1	Features			
1-2	Measurement Methods	4		
	1-2-1 Binary Center of Gravity and Area	4		
	1-2-2 Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle	5		
	1-2-3 Gray Search and Precise Search	6		
	1-2-4 Gray Edge Position	7		
	1-2-5 Edge Pitch	8		
	1-2-6 Surface Defect	9		
	1-2-7 Density Averaging	10		
	1-2-8 Relative Search	10		
1-3	Menu Tree			
	1-3-1 Without Two-camera Unit	12		
	1-3-2 With Two-camera Unit	13		
1-4	Overview of F150 Installation and Operation	16		
1-5	Input and Output			

1-1 Features

The F150 features supported by the Expert Menu mode are described below.



Gray edge position

Deletine events



1-2 Measurement Methods

1-2-1 Binary Center of Gravity and Area

This method is used to obtain the size and position of an object. Density images with 256 gradations are read by the Camera. These density images are separated into black pixels and white pixels. The F150 uses the white pixels to measure the object.

Area The area is the number of white pixels inside the measurement region.



Note If the number of white pixels is the same as an acceptable product, the product will be accepted even if the shape is different. To discriminate objects by shape, use either gray search or precise search.

Center of Gravity The center of gravity is calculated by regarding the white pixels as a sheet of thick paper of uniform thickness. The center of gravity is the point at which the sheet of paper would balance when placed on a sharp point. For example, the center of gravity for a circular object would be the center of the circle. The center of gravity of a rectangular object would be the intersection of lines drawn from diagonally opposite corners.



The coordinates for the center of gravity are obtained. These coordinates can be used for position displacement compensation.

1-2-2 Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

In addition to the binary center of gravity and area calculations described previously, an axis angle can also be calculated. This method is used to obtain the orientation of an object. More processing time, however, is required to calculate the axis angle. Use the binary center of gravity and area measurement method unless alignment of the axis angle is required.

Axis Angle The axis angle is the angle of the major axis of an ellipse that is diagrammatically equivalent to the area occupied by the white pixels.



The coordinates for the center of gravity and the axis angle are obtained. This data can be used for position displacement compensation.

1-2-3 Gray Search and Precise Search

Use gray search and precise search to inspect the shape of an object.

1 An image pattern for a satisfactory product is registered in advance. This is referred to as the model.



2 The part of the input image that most corresponds to the model is found. The extent of conformity with the model is expressed as a correlation value. A correlation value between 0 and 100 is displayed. The higher the correlation value, the more similar the input image is to the model. By setting a threshold for this correlation value, OK (acceptable) and NG (unacceptable) products can be distinguished.



Correlation value: 95



Correlation value: 52

The correlation value is low because part of the image is missing.

In addition to the correlation value, the coordinates of the position of the model can be obtained and used for position displacement compensation.

The level of precision with which the position is obtained, differs between gray searches and precise searches.

- Gray Search With gray searches, the position is obtained in pixel units.
- Precise Search With precise searches, the position is obtained in subpixel units (units smaller than pixels). The processing time for this search method is longer than for a gray search.

1-2-4 Gray Edge Position

Use gray edge position to locate the edge of an object.

Set the search direction and the change in color for each region.

- Direction: select one from \rightarrow , \leftarrow , \uparrow , or \downarrow .
- Color: select one from "Light \rightarrow Dark," "Dark \rightarrow Light."

Example 1



This method can also be used for position displacement compensation.

Example 2



1-2-5 Edge Pitch

Use edge pitch to find the number of objects. This method is useful when monitoring different models mixed together such as ICs and connectors, and for distinguishing different types of model.



1-2-6 Surface Defect

This method checks for surface defects by measuring variations in density. The shape of the measurement region can be chosen from arc, box, circumference, or line.

1 Small boxes are created in the measurement region. These boxes are called "elements." The density for each element is calculated.



The size of the elements and the interval between each one can be changed from the menu.

2 The difference in density between an element above and an element to the left in the same row is calculated for each element. The larger of these intervals is the defect for the element.



Compared with element in same row.

3 The defect is calculated for all of the elements. If the largest defect is larger than the evaluation criteria, the measurement region is judged to contain a defect. When deciding the evaluation criteria, perform measurements of several samples and base the evaluation criteria on the defects for those samples.

Note Since inspection is performed by variations in density, if a design or mark is contained inside the measurement region, this will be detected as a defect. When inspecting an area containing a design or mark, use a gray search or a precise search. The image will be compared with the model, and the level of similarity (the correlation) will be obtained.

1-2-7 Density Averaging

Use density averaging to perform measurement based on differences in the average brightness. The density averaging function obtains the density for each pixel (between 0 and 255), obtains the average, and performs measurement on this value.

Example: Existence of Measurement Object

Density averaging can be used to verify the existence of a measurement object.



1-2-8 Relative Search

Use this method to obtain the positions of markings, holes, and other features, and to judge whether these features are within the acceptable range. This method is based on relative position, so models must be registered in two positions: a measurement position and a reference position.

Example: Checking the Position of a Label

The relative search function can be used to confirm the position of a label by checking the relative positions of the label and one corner of the measurement object.





1-3 Menu Tree

1-3-1 Without Two-camera Unit



Note When the Two-camera Unit is used, the menu configuration for Set mode will be different. Refer to the following pages for details.

1-3-2 With Two-camera Unit

Two-camera Switching Mode

Camera 0









Both Cameras

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Expression} & ---- & \text{Judge} & \rightarrow \textbf{Page 122} \\ & \Box & \text{Data} & \rightarrow \textbf{Page 123} \end{array}$

Vertical Composition Mode, Horizontal Composition Modes 1 and 2

Camera 0



Both Cameras

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Expression} & --- & \text{Judge} & \rightarrow \textbf{Page 122} \\ \hline & \text{Data} & \rightarrow \textbf{Page 123} \end{array}$

Relative search \rightarrow Page 112

Note The shutter speed 01, filtering 01, and BGS levels 01 settings under adjust 0, and the adjust 01 setting under position compensation 0 are common to Camera 0 and Camera 1.

Camera 0 Mode, Camera 1 Mode



1-4 Overview of F150 Installation and Operation

The following table shows the basic steps that must be performed to use the F150.



1-5 Input and Output

The kind of communications supported varies according to the model as shown below.

ltem			F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3	F150-C10E-3-DRT
External communications		IS	Connector for RS-232C connections	Connector for RS-232C connections
Input	Conso	le	Yes	Yes
	RS- 232C	Nor- mal	Yes	Yes
		Host link	Yes	No
	Terminal block		Yes	Yes (except DI0 to DI7)
	CompoBus/ D		No	Yes
Out- put	RS- 232C	Nor- mal	Yes	Yes
		Host link	Yes	No
	Terminal block CompoBus/ D		Yes	Yes (except DO0 to DO15)
			No	Yes

SECTION 2 Basic Operations

This section describes the overall flow of F150 application and basic operations.

2-1	Starting and Quitting				
	2-1-1	Starting	20		
	2-1-2	Quitting	20		
2-2	Menu Operations				
	2-2-1	Input Devices	22		
	2-2-2	Screen Displays	23		
	2-2-3	Menu Tree	25		
	2-2-4	Inputting Values	26		
	2-2-5	Triangle Mark	26		
	2-2-6	Drawing a Region.	28		
2-3	Two-o	camera Unit	29		
	2-3-1	Two-camera Unit Menus	32		
	2-3-2	Camera Modes	34		
2-4	Intelligent Light Source.				
2-1 Starting and Quitting

2-1-1 Starting

Note Before connecting components or wiring power supply lines and grounding wires, be sure to refer to the relevant section in the Setup Manual.

Use the following procedure to start up the F150.

- 1 Be sure that the basic F150 components have been connected correctly.→ *Setup Manual* Page 7
- 2 Turn ON the power supply on the monitor.
- **3** Turn ON the power supply on the F150. A startup message will appear followed by a processing message. After a short pause, the initial screen will appear. The following screen will appear the first time power is turned ON.

Scn 0 <mark>▼</mark> MON▼		ms
	F	reeze

Note The startup scene and startup mode that appear when power is turned ON can be set. Use these settings to make daily operation more efficient once the F150 is ready for actual operation.

 \rightarrow Page 172

2-1-2 Quitting

Save all settings to flash memory before turning OFF the power.

The data in flash memory is loaded each time the F150 is started. Any changes made will be lost unless they are saved to the flash memory.

The measurement images and sample images in memory are also cleared when the power is turned OFF. These images can-

not be saved to flash memory, but they can be backed up on a computer if required. \rightarrow Page 181

- Caution Do not turn OFF the power or input a RESET signal while a message is being displayed in any save or load operation. Data in memory will be destroyed, and the F150 may not operate correctly the next time it is started.
 - 1 Display the Basic Screen.



- 2 Move the cursor to MON and press the ENT Key.
- 3 Select SAVE.

Scn 0▼ MON SET MON RUN SYS SAVE	ms
SFT+ESC:Display	Freeze

4 A confirmation message will be displayed. Select *Execute* to save any changes.

When saving is completed, the screen from step 1 will be returned.



5 Turn OFF the power to the F150.

2-2 Menu Operations

2-2-1 Input Devices

The menu operations are performed from either the Console or the RS-232C.

Console

The Console is used to perform menu operations. Be sure to familiarize yourself with Console operations before actually using the menus.



Кеу	Function	
ESC: Escape Key	The function of this key varies with the screen displayed. The func- tion is displayed at the bottom of the screen. When moving between menus, pressing this key interrupts process- ing and returns the user to the previous menu display.	
TRIG: Trigger Key	Starts object measurement.	
ENT: Enter Key	Executes a function or sets a value.	
Up and Down Keys	Used to move the cursor up and down to select items.	
	Also used to set values. The Up Key will increase a value by 1 and the Down Key will decrease a value by 1. Continue pressing the Up or Down Key to quickly increase or decrease a value.	
Left and Right Keys	Used to move the cursor left or right to select items.	
SHIFT Key	Must be pressed in combination with another key to have any effect. Specific functions are assigned to SHIFT + <i>another key</i> for specific screens.	

<u>RS-232C</u>

Operations equivalent to using the Console keys can be performed from a computer via RS-232C. \rightarrow Page 323

2-2-2 Screen Displays

The F150 is operated by selecting functions displayed on the screen. Familiarize yourself with each function before operating the F150.



The current scene number is given. There are 16 scenes that Scene Number can be created.

Mode

The current operating mode is displayed.

Display	Meaning
SET	Sets the measurement conditions.
MON (Monitor)	Checks whether measurement is being performed correctly under the set measurement conditions. The measurement results are displayed on the monitor only. The results cannot be output to exter- nal devices.
RUN	Performs measurement. The measurement results are output to an external device via a terminal block or RS-232C.
SYS (System)	Sets system conditions for the F150.
TOOL	Saves settings and images to a computer as backup.
SAVE	Saves data to flash memory. If new settings have been made, be sure to save the data before quitting.

Displayed

The type of image being displayed is shown. \rightarrow Page 166

Image	

Display	Meaning
Through	The image taken by the Camera is displayed directly.
Freeze	A still of the image taken by the Camera is displayed.
<i>memory</i> □□	A previously measured image stored in memory is displayed. With the F150, a maximum of 24 (0 to 23) measurement images can be stored in memory.

Displays special key combinations at the bottom of the screen Key Operations where available.

The available functions are displayed on the menus. Functions

The cursor is moved to the desired function by pressing the Cursor Cursor Keys.

2-2-3 Menu Tree

F150 menus are hierarchical. The cursor is moved to the required functions to set measurement conditions. Use the following procedure to move around the menu tree.

1 Move the cursor to the desired function, using the **Up**, **Down**, **Left**, and **Right** Cursor Keys.

Scn 0= SET=	
Adjust Position compensation Measurement region Expression	
	Through

2 Press the ENT Key.

In this example, the cursor will move to the *Adjust* menu. Repeat this step to move to lower levels.

Scn 0= SET=	
Adjust	
Posit Adjust nsation	
Meat Region bgion	
Expr Direction	
	Through

3 Press the ESC Key.

The display will move to the previous menu level (here, the screen shown in step 1).

2-2-4 Inputting Values

This section explains how to input numerical values when setting measurement conditions.

This procedure is mainly used for setting judgement conditions and system conditions.

1 Move the cursor to the item for which a value is to be changed and press the **ENT** Key.

The cursor size will change to a cursor the size of a single digit.



2 Using the Left and Right Keys, move the cursor to the digit to be changed.

[2000.000: 0002**2**00.000]

3 Use the **Up** and **Down** Keys to change the value. (Repeat steps 2 and 3 to change other digits as required.)

[2000.000: 0002500.000]

4 Press the ENT Key when all digits have been changed as desired.

The value will be set.

[2000.000: <u>2500.000</u>]

2-2-5 Triangle Mark

Items with an inverted triangle after them have a list of alternatives. Select one of these items when making settings. The selection method is given here. 1 Move the cursor to the item to be set.



2 Press the ENT Key. The selections will be displayed.



3 Move the cursor to the desired selection using the Up and Down Keys.



4 Press the ENT Key to enter the setting.



2-2-6 Drawing a Region

Use the following method to draw model regions and measurement regions. Create the required shape by moving the cursor with the **Up**, **Down**, **Left**, and **Right** Keys and pressing the **ENT** Key at the desired positions. Use together with the **SHIFT** Key to move the cursor quickly.

Types of Figure

Type of fig	ure	Drawing method
Box		Specify 2 opposite corners.
Ellipse		Specify 2 opposite corners for the circumscribed rectangle of the ellipse.
Circle	۲	Specify the center and the radius.
Circumference	٩	Specify the center, radius, and thickness.
Polygon	M	Specify up to 10 neighboring vertices. At the last point, press the ENT Key twice and the last point will be joined to the first point and the figure will be drawn.

The type and number of regions that can be drawn, depend on the measurement method.

Drawing Mode

Drawing mode	Function
OR	Use this mode to draw a shape as a model or mea- surement region.
NOT	Use to delete part of a region.

As an example, the following diagram shows how to draw a measurement region with the central part removed. Draw figure 1 in OR mode and then draw figure 2 in NOT mode. Measurement will only be performed for the outer band.



2-3 Two-camera Unit

Using the Two-camera Unit, two Cameras can be connected to the F150 enabling images to be obtained simultaneously.

Synchronized Images from Different Directions

Checking Boxes from Both Ends

Measurement can be performed for boxes from both ends simultaneously using two Cameras.



Mutual Light-interference Prevention Function

If the Camera with Intelligent Light Source (F150-SLC20/ SLC50) or the Camera with Light Source (F150-SL20A/ SL50A) is used, there is a slight difference in the time at which the light sources for the respective Cameras come ON (first Camera 0 then Camera 1). Therefore, there is no mutual light interference.

Measuring Large Objects with One Controller

Positioning
PWBUsing two Cameras, the field of vision can be split in two and
the coordinates of positioning markings can be obtained.



Measurement processing can be performed on images obtained by joining Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images. This means that the image required can be obtained in the time it usually takes to obtain one normal image. (In Horizontal Composition mode 1, however, an extra 8.3 ms is required.)



2-3-1 Two-camera Unit Menus

The default menu configuration for the F150 is for one-camera operation. For two-camera operation it is necessary to change to the two-camera menu configuration. This is done by changing the *Camera unit* setting in SYS/Device settings.

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen, move the cursor to *MON*, and press the **ENT** Key.



2 Select SYS.

Scn 0 V MON V SET MON RUN SYS TOOL SAVE	ms
	Freeze

3 Select Device settings.



4 Move the cursor to *Camera unit* and press the ENT Key. The selections will be displayed.



Select *F150-A20* using the Up and Down Keys, and press the ENT Key to enter the setting.

5 Select End.

The screen for step 3 will be returned. Press the **ESC** Key to return the Basic Screen shown in step 1.

2-3-2 Camera Modes

When entering Set mode for the first time after the making the settings in *SYS/Device settings*, the screen for selecting the camera mode will be displayed. The menu configuration varies with the camera mode selected as shown below.

Refer to the following page for details on camera modes: \rightarrow Page 38

Refer to the following page for details on changing camera modes after settings have been made: \rightarrow Page 40

Procedure

1 Move the cursor to *MON* and press the ENT key.



2 Select SET.

The screen for selecting the camera mode will be displayed.

2-Camera	Vertical
	+
Camera 0	Horizontal 1
Camera 1	Horizontal 2

If the screen display goes directly into Set mode without the screen for selecting the camera mode being displayed, display this screen by pressing the **SHIFT** + **ENT** Keys together.

Scn 0 = SET =	
Adjust Position compensation Measurement region Expression	
S+ENT: Camera mode	Through

3 Select the camera mode.

The screen for Set mode will be displayed with the menu configuration for the camera mode selected.

Menu Configuration for Two-camera Operation

If a two-camera operation mode (Two-camera Switching mode, Vertical Composition mode, or Horizontal Composition mode 1 or 2) is selected, the following screen will be displayed.

Scn 0 = SET =		
Adjust 0 Position compensation 0 Measurement region 0 Adjust 1 Position compensation 1 Measurement region 1 Expression		 For Camera 0 For Camera 1 For both Cameras
S+ENT: Camera mode C	am 0 Through	

Camera 0 Mode, Camera 1 Mode

If Camera 0 mode or Camera 1 mode is selected, the following screen will be displayed.

Scn 0 = SET =	
Adjust Position compensation Measurement region Expression	
S+ENT: Camera mode	Through

The procedures for these modes are the same as when only one Camera is connected to the F150.

In subsequent explanations, notes (under "Two-camera Operation") have been added in places where there are differences in procedures for one-camera operation (i.e., when only one Camera is connected, or when the camera mode is Camera 0 mode or Camera 1 mode) and procedures for two-camera operation (i.e., the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, Vertical Composition mode, or Horizontal Composition mode 1 or 2).

Camera Modes

Camera mode	Screen image	Operation
Two-camera Switching	Camera 1 0 → 1	With one trigger execu- tion, images are obtained simultaneously by both Cameras and measure- ment is performed on these images in order (Camera $0 \rightarrow$ Camera 1). Computations combining data from both Cameras are possible. (There are 8 measurement regions for each Camera.)
Vertical Composi- tion	Camera 0 $+ 1 = 0 1$ $Camera 1$	With one trigger execu- tion, half of Camera 0's image and half of Camera 1's image are combined and measure- ment is performed on this image. Even though two Cameras are used, the time taken to obtain the joined image is the same as for one Camera and so processing time is reduced.
Horizontal Composi- tion 1	Camera 0 + $=$ $0Camera 1+$ Camera 1	The central parts of hori- zontally partitioned images are joined. In this mode, the image input time is 8.3 ms longer than the time required for one Camera to take an image. Only the central parts of images are used, how- ever, allowing simple Camera installation.

Camera mode	Screen image	Operation
Horizontal Composi- tion 2	Camera 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The top half of one Cam- era's image is joined with the bottom half of the other Camera's image. The image input time is the same as for one Cam- era. Although the process- ing time is less than that for Horizontal Composi- tion mode 1, since the top and bottom halves of images are joined, adjust- ment of the Camera posi- tion is required.
Camera 0	0	With one trigger execu- tion, an image is obtained with Camera 0 and mea- surement is performed on that image. Even if another Camera (Camera 1) is connected, its image will not be input. (See note.)
Camera 1	1	As with Camera 0 mode, with one trigger execution, an image is obtained with Camera 0 and measure- ment is performed on that image. (See note.)

Note The camera mode can be specified as part of scene data. For example, Camera 0 mode can be specified as the camera mode for scene 0 and Camera 1 mode can be specified as the camera mode for scene 1. When either of the one camera modes are used, up to 16 measurement regions can be specified.

Section 2-3

Changing Pro Camera SCI Mode

Press the **SHIFT** + **ENT** Keys in Set mode to display the screen for changing the camera mode.



Changing from Two-camera Operation to One-camera Operation

When changing from Two-camera Switching mode, Vertical Composition mode, or Horizontal Composition mode 1 or 2 to Camera 0 mode or Camera 1 mode, information for the Camera that is selected will be held, and information for the other Camera will be cleared.

Example



Changing from One-camera Operation to Two-camera Operation

When changing from Camera 0 mode or Camera 1 mode to Two-camera Switching mode, Vertical Composition mode, or Horizontal Composition mode 1 or 2, information for the original Camera mode is held.



Note After setting the measurement conditions for operation with just one Camera connected, if a Two-camera Unit is connected and the settings in *SYS/Device settings* are changed accordingly, Camera 0 mode will be selected automatically, and the same measurement conditions will be used.

2-4 Intelligent Light Source

In order to adjust the light level when using an Intelligent Light Source, it is necessary to specify the Intelligent Light Source model connected. This setting is performed in *SYS/Device settings*.

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen, move the cursor to *MON*, and press the **ENT** key.



2 Select SYS.

Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼ SET	 ms
MON	
RUN	
SYS	
TOOL	
SAVE	
	Freeze

3 Select Device settings.



4 Move the cursor to *Intelligent lighting 0 (or 1)* and press the ENT Key.

The model selections will be displayed.

Camera unit Out of use ▼ Intelligent lighting 0 Out of use ▼ Intelligent lighting 1 Out of use ▼	: :	Camera unit Out of use ▼ Intelligent lighting 0 Out of use ▼ If Out of use ng 1 F150-LTC20 F150-LTC50	:
End		End	

Select the model of the Intelligent Light Source connected using the **Up** and **Down** Keys, and press the **ENT** key to enter the setting. The model number of the Intelligent Light Source itself is selected. Therefore, when a Camera with Intelligent Light Source is connected, make the settings shown below.

- If the F150-SLC20 is used, select F150-LTC20.
- If the F150-SLC50 is used, select F150-LTC50.
- 5 Select End.

The screen from step 3 will be returned. Press the **ESC** Key to return the Basic Screen shown in step 1.

Note There are DIP switches on the Intelligent Light Sources for setting the unit number. Set the unit number for the Intelligent Light Source connected to Camera 0 to 0 and set the unit number for the Intelligent Light Source connected to Camera 1 to 1. The DIP switch setting for the Intelligent Light Source for Camera 1 is shown below.



SECTION 3 Setting Measurement Conditions

This section describes the settings required for F150 operation.

3-1	Enteri	ng Set Mode	46
3-2	Adjus	ting Images	47
	3-2-1	Shutter Speed	47
	3-2-2	Filtering	48
	3-2-3	Background Suppression	49
	3-2-4	Output Calibration	50
	3-2-5	Adjusting Light Level	59
3-3	Positio	on Displacement Compensation	62
	3-3-1	Adjusting the Image for Easier Position Displacement Compensation.	64
	3-3-2	Setting Position Displacement Compensation Regions .	65
	3-3-3	Selecting the Direction for Position Displacement Compensation.	77
	3-3-4	Changing Settings or Clearing	79
3-4	Drawi	ng Measurement Regions and Setting Evaluation Criteria	80
	3-4-1	Selecting Region Number	80
	3-4-2	Binary Center of Gravity and Area and Axis Angle	82
	3-4-3	Gray Edge Position	91
	3-4-4	Edge Pitch	95
	3-4-5	Gray Search and Precise Search.	98
	3-4-6	Surface Defect	105
	3-4-7	Density Averaging	108
	3-4-8	Relative Search	112
	3-4-9	Changing Settings or Clearing	120
3-5	Outpu	t Expressions	122
3-6	Scene	S	132
	3-6-1	Changing Scenes	132
	3-6-2	Copying Scene Data	134
3-7	Initial	izing Measurement Conditions (Clearing Scenes)	135
3-6	Scenes 3-6-1 3-6-2	changing Scenes Copying Scene Data	1 1 1

3-1 Entering Set Mode

2 Select SET

To set the measurement conditions, it is first necessary to enter Set mode.

Note When a Two-camera Unit or an Intelligent Light Source are connected, make the required settings in *SYS/Device settings* before entering Set mode. → Page 32, Page 41

Procedure

- 1 Display the Basic Screen, move the cursor to *MON*, and press the **ENT** key.
- Scn 0 V MON V ---- ms SET MON RUN SYS TOOL SAVE Freeze

The Basic Screen for Set mode will be displayed.

Scn 0 = SET =	
Adjust Position compensation Measurement region Expression	
	Through

Two-camera Operation If the Two-camera Unit is connected, select the camera mode when entering Set mode. \rightarrow Page 34

3-2 Adjusting Images

Two-cameraIf two Cameras are used, Adjust 0 for Camera 0 and Adjust 1Operationfor Camera 1 will be displayed. \rightarrow Page 36

3-2-1 Shutter Speed

Change the shutter speed when the object is moving quickly, causing the image to be blurred.

Object movement Shutter speed



* Default setting

Two-cameraIf two Cameras are used, the setting for shutter speed in
Adjust 0/Shutter speed 01 will be used for both Cameras.

Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/Shutter speed.

Shutter speed	<u> </u> _1
Filtering	-
BGS levels	
Calibration	
Light control	

2 Select the shutter speed while monitoring the image.

Shutter speed	
1/100s 1/500s 1/2000s 1/10000s	
	Through

3 Press the **ENT** Key to enter the setting.

3-2-2 Filtering

The image read by the Camera can be manipulated to create an image that is easier to measure, by using smoothing or edge enhancement.

Smoothing displays a smoothed image with reduced noise. Smoothing allows suppression of the effects of uneven lighting due to an uneven or damaged surface.

Edge enhancement displays an image with enhanced edges between bright and dark regions to compensate for blurred images.

The cursor can be moved on the image to see the effects of filtering.

Filtering method	Function
OFF	No filtering.
Smoothing	Displays a smooth image with reduced noise. Select either weak or strong smoothing.
Enhance edges	Displays an image with enhanced edges between bright and dark regions.
Extract edges	Displays an image with the edges between the bright and dark regions extracted.

- Note The filtering set here is used for object measurement. Filtering can be set separately for position displacement compensation. \rightarrow Page 64
- **Two-camera Operation** If the camera mode is Vertical Composition mode or Horizontal Composition mode 1 or 2, the filtering setting in *Adjust 0/ Filtering 01* will be used for both Cameras.

Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/Filtering.



2 Select the filtering method while monitoring the image.

Filtering	
OFF Weak smoothing Strong smoothing Enhance edges Extract edges	
	Through

3 Press the **ENT** Key to enter the setting.

3-2-3 Background Suppression

Background suppression (BGS) excludes the background of the measurement object from the measurement process.

BGS changes image areas with densities below the lower limit to 0, and image areas with densities above the upper limit to 255. Image areas with densities between the lower and upper limits are graded from 0 to 255 so that only images with densities between the lower and upper limits are measured.

Look at the image and set the upper and lower limits of the density to eliminate the background.

Image areas with densities of 149 or lower

will not be measured and the density will

Only image areas with densities between

150 and 255 will be measured. The whole

image is graded from 0 to 255.

Example

Lower limit: 150 Upper limit: 255

Measurement object



Density 255 - - 255 -150 -150-0

Background

Background density (cut)

Note The BGS levels set here are used for object measurement. BGS levels can be set separately for position displacement compensation. → Page 64

be changed to 0.

Two-camera Operation If the camera mode is Vertical Composition mode or Horizontal Composition modes 1 or 2, the BGS levels set in *Adjust 0*/ *BGS Levels 01* will be used for both Cameras.

Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/BGS levels.



- 2 Move the cursor to the upper-limit value and use the Left and Right Keys to decrease or increase the value. Press the Right Key to increase the smallest digit by 1 (use with SHIFT Key to increase by 10). Press the Left Key to decrease the smallest digit by 1 (use with SHIFT Key to decrease by 10).
- **3** Repeat the previous step to change the lower limit.
- 4 Select OK to exit this screen.



3-2-4 Output Calibration

Calibration can be set to output the measurement results in physical units, such as mm.

Set the relationship between the physical coordinates and the camera coordinates to convert the measurement results from pixels to physical units, such as μ m, mm, or cm.

If calibration data is not set, the default settings will remain, and measurements using the camera coordinates will be output.

Default Settings

- Coordinate system: Left-handed system
- Origin: Upper left corner of screen



There are 2 settings for calibration: "Sampling" and "Parameter input."

Two-camera
OperationCalibration can be set separately for each Camera. The set-
ting for Camera 0 is in Adjust 0/Calibration 0 and the setting
for Camera 1 is in Adjust 1/Calibration 1.

Sampling

Register a model, and perform a sample measurement. Enter the physical coordinates of the position of the model. The calibration will be calculated automatically. Sample measurements can be made in up to 3 places.

• When the magnifications are the same for the X and the Y directions, make sample measurements in 2 places only.



• When the magnifications in the X and Y directions are different, perform sampling measurement in 3 places.



Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/Calibration.



2 Select Model registration.



3 Register the model image to be used for sampling.



4 Select Sampling.



5 Draw the sampling region.

Press the **SHIFT** + **ENT** Keys to display the screen for changing the size and position of the region.



6 Press the TRIG Key to execute sampling.

A cross and a frame will appear at the position where the model is found, and the screen for inputting the physical coordinates will be displayed.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26



Note If Image Not Found

If the brightness varies with the position, the correlation with the model will be low. In this case, it may not be possible to find the image for sampling. Adjust the lighting so that the image is illuminated evenly. Take particular care when the direction of illumination has been changed using an Intelligent Light Source.

7 Enter the physical coordinates of the center of the model (the position of the cross) and select *End*. The screen from step 5 will be returned.

If a mistake is made, press the **SHIFT** + **ESC** Keys and repeat the previous sampling operation.

By repeating steps 5 to 7, make samples for the required number of places.

- When making samples in 2 places, press the ESC Key after the second sampling. A registration confirmation message will be displayed.
- When making samples in 3 places, a registration confirmation message will be displayed after the third sampling.

8 Select Execute.



Parameter Input

Use the following procedure to directly input parameters to be used for calibration.

Origin

Specify the physical coordinates for the position of the origin as desired.




Select the coordinate system for the physical coordinates.



- Magnification and Units
 - Set the physical unit that will correspond to one pixel. Set a value in the range 0.010 to 9.999 for the magnification. Choose a unit from μ m, mm, or cm.



Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/Calibration.



2 Select Parameter input.



3 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values:



Ca	alibration			
	odel registratio	on		
P R	Origin	: : :	Lefthand	
		End	b	

4 Select *End* to enter the settings.

Reference Parameters

This screen is used to check data settings.

The symbol, σ , represents the error standard deviation. It is the standard deviation value of the difference between the physical coordinates input for calibration settings and the coordinates after conversion based on the calculated conversion values A to F. It is calculated according to the following formula:



It is the largest value of the differences between the physical coordinates input to calibration settings and the coordinates after conversion based on the calculated conversion values A to F. It is calculated according to the following formula:

$$em = MAX \sqrt{((RXi-X'i)^2 + (RYi-Y'i)^2)}$$

MAX: Outputs the largest value of the expression for values (i = 1 to N). (RXi,RYi): Physical coordinates input for calibration settings (i = 1 to N). (X'i,Y'i): Physical coordinates obtained after conversion based on the conversion values (i = 1 to N). N: Data number (sampling places 1 to 3)

Procedure

1 Go to Adjust/Calibration.



- 2 Select *Reference parameters.* The parameters will be displayed.
- 3 Select OK to exit this screen.

3-2-5 Adjusting Light Level

The light level of Intelligent Light Sources can be adjusted from the F150. Before using an Intelligent Light Source, be sure to change the settings in *SYS*/*Device settings*. \rightarrow Page 41

Two-camera
OperationThe light level for Intelligent Light Sources can be set sepa-
rately for Camera 0 and Camera 1. Make the settings for Cam-
era 0 and Camera 1 in Adjust 0/Light control 0 and Adjust
1/Light control 1 respectively.

Sample Lighting Pattern

There are 15 lighting patterns registered with the F150. The lighting can be set simply by going through the different patterns in order and selecting the one that gives the clearest image.

Pattern	F150-LTC20		F150-LTC50		
number	Contents	Light level	Contents	Light level	
1	Center	50000	All	7777777	
2	Rim (weak)	03333	Inside (weak)	44440000	
3	Rim (strong)	07777	Inside (strong)	77770000	
4	Top and bottom only	07070	Outside (weak)	00004444	
5	Top and bottom empha- sized	27272	Outside (strong)	00007777	
6	Left and right only	00707	Top and bottom	70707070	
7	Left and right empha- sized	22727	Left and right	07070707	
8	Тор	07000	Inside top	7000000	
9	Right	00700	Inside right	07000000	
10	Bottom	00070	Inside bottom	00700000	
11	Left	00007	Inside left	00070000	
12	Center strong, rim very weak	51111	Outside top	00007000	
13	Center strong, rim weak	52222	Outside right	00000700	
14	Center very weak, rim strong	17777	Outside bottom	0000070	
15	Center weak, rim strong	27777	Outside left	0000007	

Adjusting Light Level Separately

The light level for each section can be set separately to a value between 0 and 7. The setting "0" represents the unlit state, and the higher the setting value the higher the light level. Light levels can also be set by adjusting the light levels for the sections separately after selecting a sample lighting pattern.

F150-LTC20 (Field of Vision: 20 mm)

The light level can be adjusted in 5 sections. The light level is indicated on the screen by a 5-digit number. Each digit represents the light level of one of the 5 sections.



F150-LTC50 (Field of Vision: 50 mm)

The light level can be adjusted in 8 sections. The light level is indicated on the screen by an 8-digit number. Each digit represents the light level of one of the 8 sections.





Procedure





2 Switch sample patterns using the **SHIFT** + **Left/Right** Keys.



3 For fine adjustment of light levels, move to the desired digit using the **Right** and **Left** Keys.



The background for the digit corresponding to the section being adjusted is reversed.

- Light control (F150-LTC20) Lighting pattern : 50050
- 4 Change the light level using the *Up* and *Down* Keys.

5 Press the ENT Key to enter the setting.

3-3 Position Displacement Compensation

The following functions are available for position displacement compensation:

- Adjust: Adjusts images to make position displacement compensation easier.
- Region: Sets the regions and methods used for position displacement compensation:
 - Gravity and area. Gravity and axis angle Gray edge position Gray search Change/clear settings
- Direction: Sets the direction for position displacement compensation.

The position displacement compensation function is used when the position and orientation of measurement objects are not consistent. By using this function, the displacement between the reference position and the current position is obtained, and this displacement is compensated for in measurements.

Reference Position

The measurement region and measurement object are in the correct positions.



Measurement Object Displaced



Without compensation, measurement is performed with "A" outside the measurement region. By making position displacement compensation settings...



In either case, measurement is performed with "A" in the measurement region.

Two-camera	If two Cameras are used, <i>Position compensation 0</i> for Cam-
Operation	era 0 and <i>Position compensation 1</i> for Camera 1 are dis-
	played.

3-3-1 Adjusting the Image for Easier Position Displacement Compensation

Filtering

A different kind of filtering is used for position displacement compensation to that used for ordinary measurement.

- For measurement: Smoothing is used to reduce noise.
- For position displacement compensation: Edges are enhanced to make the shape of the measurement object clearer.

The operating procedure, however, is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 48

Background Suppression

A different level of background suppression is used for position displacement compensation to that used for ordinary measurement. The operating procedure, however, is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 49

Two-cameraIf the camera mode is Vertical Composition mode or Horizontal
Composition mode 1 or 2, the settings for filtering and back-

ground suppression in *Position compensation 0/Adjust 01* will be used or both Cameras.

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, there is
an Adjust menu in both Position compensation 0 and Posi-
tion compensation 1 and so separate filtering and back-
ground suppression settings can be made for each Camera.

3-3-2 Setting Position Displacement Compensation Regions

1 Select Position compensation.



2 Select Region.

The screen for selecting the region number will be displayed.



3 Select the region number. The selections for the position displacement compensation method will be displayed.

Scn 0 = SET = Region (position)	
Gravity and area Gravity and axis Edge position Gray search	
	Freeze

- **4** From this point, the procedures for the various measurement methods are given separately. Refer to the appropriate explanation.
- **Note** Be sure to set the compensation direction after drawing the position displacement compensation region. Position displacement compensation will not be executed just by drawing the region.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Images taken by the Camera are made up of 256 gradations. Binary processing is the process whereby these images are divided into black pixels (0) and white pixels (1). The F150 performs measurements on the areas occupied by white pixels.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area

The center of gravity of the areas occupied by the white pixels is calculated and the displacement between this and the reference center of gravity is calculated.



Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

The center of gravity and the axis angle of the area occupied by the white pixels is obtained, and the displacements between these values and those for the model are calculated.



Operational Flow

In *Position compensation/Region*, select *Gravity and area* or *Gravity and axis*.

- 1 Set the binary level.
- 2 Draw the region.
- 3 Set the evaluation criteria.

1 Setting the Binary Level

Set the level for conversion of 256-gradation images into binary images. The F150 performs measurement for the white areas. Therefore, make the settings so that the areas for which the center of gravity or the axis angle are desired are white.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 83





Incorrect

2 Drawing the Region

The center of gravity, or the center of gravity and the axis angle for the white area contained inside the measurement region are obtained. Make a region of a size and position that allows for movement of the range of the measurement object. When drawing of the region has been completed, the center of gravity and the axis angle (when set to find binary center of gravity and axis angle) will be measured. This position will be taken as the reference. Therefore, draw the region after putting the measurement object in a position where the part to be measured lies totally inside the screen.



The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 85

3 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

It is necessary to set evaluation criteria for position displacement compensation in order to evaluate whether the measurement object is contained within the field of view at the time of measurement.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 88

<u>Judgement of Position Displacement Compensation and</u> <u>Subsequent Measurement</u>

Judgement	Processing
ОК	Measurement is performed after position displace- ment compensation.
NG	Measurement is performed without position dis- placement compensation. Output to the OR termi- nal is NG, irrespective of measurement result.

Examples





Gray Edge Position

Edges are identified by changes in the density within the region. The search direction and color change for edge detection can be set for each region.



Operational Flow

In Position compensation/Region, select Edge position.

- 1 Draw the region.
- **2** Set the edge detection conditions and the evaluation criteria.

1 Drawing the Region

Draw the position displacement compensation region so as to include the edge. Draw one box for each region. When drawing of the regions has been completed, the edge positions will be measured. These positions will be taken as the reference positions. Therefore, draw the regions after placing the measurement object in a position where the part to be measured lies totally inside the screen.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 91



If the edge is not in the displacement region, edge detection will not be possible. Make a region of a size and position that allows for movement of the range of the measurement object.

2 Setting Edge Detection Conditions and Evaluation Criteria

Set the conditions and evaluation criteria required to search for an edge.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 93

Judgement of Position Displacement and Subsequent Measurement

Judgement	Processing
ОК	Measurement is performed after position displace- ment compensation.
NG	Measurement is performed without position dis- placement compensation. Output to the OR termi- nal is NG, irrespective of measurement result.



Unless a difference in density that is greater than the set level is detected, position displacement compensation will not be performed. The judgement will be NG.

Gray Search

Register an image pattern (the "model") in advance. The part of an input image that is most similar to the model is found, and the displacement of its position from that of the reference position is obtained.



Operational Flow



- **1** Register the model.
- **2** Set the range in which a search is to be made for the model.
- **3** Set the evaluation criteria.
- 4 Change pixel-skipping parameter. (This step is optional.)

1 Registering the Model

A characteristic part of the measurement image, such as a mark or corner, is registered as a model. The model can be of any size.

The registered position will be taken as the reference. Therefore, register the model after putting the measurement object in a position where the part to be registered lies totally inside the screen.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 99

Correct

Incorrect

2 Setting the Search Region

Set the region for which the model is to be searched for. It is possible to perform a search for the entire input image but processing time can be reduced and accuracy can be increased by setting limits on the search range.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 102



3 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

If the correlation value with the model is low, the wrong place may be found. In order to judge whether the model for position displacement compensation has been correctly identified, it is necessary to set evaluation criteria.

The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 103

Measuren	measurement		
Judgeme	Processing		
ОК	Measurement is performed after position displace- ment compensation.		
NG	Measurement is performed without position dis- placement compensation. Output to the OR termi- nal is NG, irrespective of measurement result.		





4 Changing Pixel-skipping Parameter (Optional)

The pixel-skipping parameter for searching for the model can be changed. The pixel-skipping parameter is determined according to the speed setting in the evaluation conditions menu. However, from this screen it is also possible to change the pixel-skipping parameter directly.

By making the value larger, the processing time can be reduced. However, the accuracy of the search will be reduced, and depending on the image, the object may not be found. After changing the settings, check whether measurement and search are performed properly. The procedure is the same as for ordinary measurement. \rightarrow Page 104

Set how many pixels to skip when searching.



3-3-3 Selecting the Direction for Position Displacement Compensation

Select the direction in which position displacement compensation is performed. Reference values for compensation can be set for the X direction, Y direction, or θ direction regardless of whether compensation is performed or not.



Midpoint, Relative Angle of 2 Regions

Position displacement compensation is performed using the coordinates of the center of gravity (midpoint) and the angle (relative angle) of the line joining 2 regions. The relative angle is expressed in the range 0 to 360° with the X axis taking a value of 0° and the direction from the X axis to the Y axis as positive.





Procedure



Adjust		
Posit Adjust	nsation	
Mea Region	egion	
Expr Direction		- 1

2 Select reference values for X, Y, and θ .

Scn 0=	SET=Direction	n	
	X: Υ: θ:	None▼ None▼ None▼	
		End	
			Through

3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

3-3-4 Changing Settings or Clearing

The set data can be changed or cleared.

Procedure

1 Move the cursor to the number of the region to be changed or cleared and press the ENT Key. The selection *Change settings/Clear* will be displayed.



2 To change settings select *Change settings*. The items that can be changed will be displayed. 3 To clear all the settings, select *Clear*.A confirmation message will be displayed. Select *Execute* to clear the settings and exit this screen.

This	region	will	be	cleared.
	Execut	te	C	ancel

3-4 Drawing Measurement Regions and Setting Evaluation Criteria

If two Cameras are used, Region~0 will be displayed for Camera 0 and Region~1 will be displayed for Camera 1. \rightarrow Page 36

3-4-1 Selecting Region Number

The F150 has 16 measurement regions and 12 measurement methods. The measurement method can be set separately for each region.

Two-camera
OperationIf two Cameras are used, there are 8 regions (0 to 7) for Mea-
surement region 0 and 8 regions (8 to 15) for Measurement
region 1.

Example: Using Two Measurement Regions



Procedure

1 Select *Measurement region*.

The screen for selecting the region number will be displayed.

Press the SHIFT + ESC Keys to reverse (dark \leftrightarrow clear) the background.



Operation

If two Cameras are used, since there are only 8 regions for each Camera, the up/down arrows will not be displayed.

2 Select the desired region number. The selections for the measurement method will be displayed.



3 From this point, the procedures for the various measurement methods are given separately. Refer to the appropriate explanation.

3-4-2 Binary Center of Gravity and Area and Axis Angle

Images taken by the Camera are made up of 256 gradations. To obtain the binary center of gravity and the area, or the binary center of gravity and the axis angle, these images are converted into binary images. This conversion involves dividing the image into black pixels (0) and white pixels (1). The F150 performs measurements on the areas occupied by white pixels.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area

The area and the center of gravity of the area occupied by the white pixels is obtained.



Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

The area, center of gravity, and axis angle of the area occupied by the white pixels are obtained. The processing time will be longer than the processing time to obtain the binary center of gravity and area by the time taken to obtain the axis angle.



Operational Flow

- 1 Set the binary level.
- 2 Draw the measurement region
- **3** Set the evaluation criteria.

1 Setting the Binary Level

Set the level for conversion of 256-gradation images into binary images. The F150 performs measurements on the white areas. Therefore, set the binary level so that the measurement object is represented by white pixels.

Procedure

1 Go to *Measurement region/*<*Region number*>/*Gravity & area* (or *Gravity & axis*).

2 Select Binary.

The screen for setting the binary level will be displayed.



3 Move the cursor to the upper limit and change the value as desired using the **Left** and **Right** Keys.

Press the **Right** Key to increase the smallest digit by 1 (use with **SHIFT** Key to increase by 10). Press the **Left** Key to decrease the smallest digit by 1 (use with **SHIFT** Key to decrease by 10).

- 4 Change the lower limit in the same way.
- 5 Select *OK* to enter the settings and exit this screen.



Select *Reverse* to reverse dark and clear in the display. If *Auto* is selected, the F150 will automatically

determine a binary level.

Note It is also possible to set the binary level so that measurement is performed only for an intermediate density range. However, it is not possible to reverse this range and perform measurement for densities excluding this range.



2 Drawing the Measurement Region

Regions can be created by combining up to 3 different figures.

Procedure

1

1 Select *Region*.

Scn 0=SET=0.Gravity&axis
 Binary Region Conditions

- 2 Select New.
- 4 Select the desired drawing mode (*OR/NOT*). The screen for drawing the region will be displayed.





5 Draw the region with the shape selected.

6 If additional figures are to be drawn, select *Add*. Repeat steps 3 to 5 as necessary to create the desired shape.

Once 3 figures have been drawn, **Add** will no longer be displayed.



7 After drawing is completed, press the **ESC** Key while the screen for step 6 is displayed.

The measurement region will be registered and the screen in step 1 will be returned. The cursor arrow will be displayed at the position of the center of gravity. If more than one figure has been drawn, the rectangle that circumscribes the figures will be displayed, and the cursor arrow will be displayed at the position of the center of gravity of this rectangle.

Circumscribing Rectangle

The "circumscribing rectangle" is the smallest rectangle that contains all of the figures.



Correcting or Clearing Figures

1 In the screen for step 6 above, select the figure to be changed or cleared using the *Up* and *Down* Keys and press the **ENT** Key.



2 The selections *Correct* and *Clear* will be displayed. Select the desired operation.



If *Correct* is selected, the screen for selecting the region number will be displayed. Correct the size and position of the figure as desired.

If *Clear* is selected, the selected figure will be cleared.

3 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

Make settings for the area, center of gravity, and axis angle.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area



Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle



The area must be between the lower and upper limits for an OK judgement.





2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

3 Select End to enter the settings.

3-4-3 Gray Edge Position

Edges are identified by changes in the density within the measurement region. The search direction and color change for edge detection can be set for each region.



Operational Flow

- 1 Draw the measurement region.
- 2 Set the edge detection conditions and the evaluation criteria.

1 Drawing the Measurement Region

Draw the measurement region so as to include the edge.



If the edge is not in the measurement region, edge detection will not be possible. Make a region of a size and position that allows for movement of the range of the measurement object.

Procedure

- 1 Go to *Measurement region/*<*Region Number*>/Gray edge position.
- 2 Select Region.


3 Draw a box-shaped measurement region. When the coordinates of the lower right corner are specified, the region will be registered and the screen for step 2 will be returned.



2 Setting Edge Detection Conditions and Evaluation Criteria

Set the conditions necessary for finding an edge, and the evaluation criteria.



Procedure

1 Select Conditions.



2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

Sci	n 0 = SET = 1.	Edge position	
C	Direction Color Edge level Noise level Position [0.000	:→▼ : Light → Dark▼ : [50]% : [20] : : 511.000]	
		End	

3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

3-4-4 Edge Pitch

Use the following procedure to find edges through density variations and obtain the number of objects, width, and pitch.



Operational Flow

1 Draw the measurement region.

2 Set the edge detection conditions and the evaluation criteria.

1 Drawing the Measurement Region

Draw the measurement region so as to include all of the measurement objects.



Procedure

- 1 Go to *Measurement region/*<*Region number*>/*Edge pitch*.
- 2 Select Region.



3 Draw a box-shaped measurement region. When the coordinates of the lower right corner are specified, the region is registered and the screen for step 2 will be returned.

2 Setting Edge Detection Conditions and Evaluation Criteria

Set the conditions necessary for finding an edge, and the evaluation criteria.



Procedure

- 1 Select Conditions.
- 2 Set the items. Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26



3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

3-4-5 Gray Search and Precise Search

Register an image pattern (the "model") in advance. The part of an input image that is most similar to the model is found, and the degree of similarity is expressed with a correlation value. Perform processing directly on the density image taken by the Camera.



Gray Search With a gray search, the position is obtained in pixel units.

Precise
SearchWith a precise search, the position is obtained in sub-pixel
(smaller than a pixel) units. The processing time is longer than
that for gray search.

Operational Flow

- **1** Register the model
- **2** Set the range in which a search is to be made for the model.
- **3** Set the evaluation criteria.
- 4 Change pixel-skipping parameter. (This step is optional.)

1 Registering the Model

The area of the image to be inspected is registered as a model. The model can be of any size.

Procedure

- **1** Go to *Measurement region/<Region number>/Gray search* (or *Precise search*).
- 2 Select Model registration.



- 3 Select New.
- 4 Select the shape of the figure to be drawn. Refer to the following page for details on drawing regions: \rightarrow Page 28
- 5 Select the drawing mode (*OR/NOT*).



6 Draw the figure in the range desired as the model.



7 If additional figures are to be drawn, select *Add*. Repeat steps 4 to 6 as necessary to create the desired shape. Once 3 figures have been drawn, *Add* will no longer be displayed.



- 8 If the drawing for the region is finished, press the ESC Key while in the screen for step 7. The arrow cursor will be displayed.
- **9** Move the arrow cursor to the point whose coordinates are to be output as the search position, and press the **ENT** Key. The region is set and the screen for step 2 is returned.



Move the arrow cursor to the point whose coordinates are to be output.

Correcting or Clearing Figures

1 In the screen for step 7 above, select the figure to be changed or cleared using the *Up* and *Down* Keys and press the **ENT** Key.



2 The selections *Correct* and *Clear* will be displayed. Select the desired operation.



If *Correct* is selected, the screen for selecting the region number will be displayed. Correct the size and position of the figure as desired.

If *Clear* is selected, the selected figure will be cleared.

2 Setting the Search Region

Set the region for which the model is to be searched for. It is possible to perform a search for the entire input image but processing time can be reduced and accuracy can be increased by setting limits on the search range.



Procedure

1 Select Search region.



2 Draw a box-shaped search region. When the coordinates of the lower right corner are specified, the region will be registered, and the screen for step 1 will be returned.



3 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation criteria are set for the correlation with the model and the coordinates where the model is found.



Measurement result for the displayed image (after calibration). Use this value as a reference for setting upper and lower limits.

X.Y Positions:

Correlation:



Procedure

1 Select Conditions.



2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

3 Select End to enter the settings.

4 Changing Pixel-skipping Parameter (Optional)

The pixel-skipping parameter for searching for the model can be changed. The pixel-skipping parameter is determined according to the speed setting in the evaluation criteria menu. However, from this screen it is also possible to change the pixel-skipping parameter directly. (Note that if the pixel-skipping parameter is changed, the speed will be changed automatically.)

By making the value larger, the processing time can be reduced. However, the accuracy of the search will be reduced, and depending on the image, the object may not be found. After changing the settings, check whether measurement and search are performed properly.



Procedure

 Press the SHIFT + ESC Keys with the screen in this state. The screen for setting the pixel-skipping parameter will be displayed.

Scn 0 = SET = 0. Rela	tive search
Model registration Search region Conditions	

2 Change the pixel-skipping parameters for X and Y as desired.



3 Select *End*. The estimated search time for a search based on the set pixel-skipping parameters will be displayed.



4 Select OK to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

3-4-6 Surface Defect

Surface defects in the measurement region are checked for through variations in density.

Operational Flow

1 Draw the measurement region.

2 Set the surface defect detection conditions and the evaluation criteria.

1 Drawing the Measurement Region



Choose the shape of the measurement region from arc, box, circumference, or line.

- Note 1. Do not include areas with marks and designs in the measurement region. It will not be possible to distinguish them from surface detects, and measurement will not be performed properly.
 - 2. The following kinds of arcs cannot be drawn.
 - Arcs whose center lies outside of the screen.
 - Arcs with a radius of more than 483 pixels.

Procedure

- 1 Go to *Measurement region/*<*Region number*>/*Defect* ().
- 2 Select Region.



3 Draw the measurement region. The measurement region will be registered and the screen for step number 2 will be returned.

2 Setting Surface Defect Detection Conditions and Evaluation Criteria

When the measurement region has been drawn, small boxes will be created inside the measurement region. These boxes are called "elements." The density for each element is calculated, and this density is compared with the density of the elements around it. The degree of density dispersion is used to detect surface defects. The detection conditions "Element size" and "Compare pitch" (the number of elements between a given element and the element it is compared with) can be set.

Defect Calculation Method



The defect is calculated for all of the elements. If the largest defect is larger than the evaluation criteria, the measurement region is judged to contain a defect. When deciding the evaluation criteria, perform measurements of several samples and base the evaluation criteria on the defects for those samples.

Element Size and Compare Pitch



Condition Setting Screen



Measurement results for the displayed image. Use these values as a reference for setting upper and lower limits.

Procedure

1 Select Conditions.



- 2 Set the items.
 - Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26
- 3 Select End to enter the settings.

3-4-7 Density Averaging

The density (0 to 255) is obtained for each pixel and measurements are made based on the average density.

Example: Existence of Measurement Object

The existence of a measurement object is determined using differences in the average density.



Operational Flow

- 1 Draw the Measurement Region.
- 2 Set the evaluation criteria.

1 Drawing the Measurement Region

Regions can be created by combining up to 3 different figures.

Procedure

- 1 Go to *Measurement region/*<*Region number*>/*Density averaging*.
- 2 Select Region.



- 3 Select New.
- 4 Select the shape of the desired figure. Refer to the following page for details of drawing methods: \rightarrow Page 28
- 5 Select the desired drawing mode (*OR/NOT*). The screen for drawing the region will be displayed.





6 Draw the region with the shape selected.

7 If additional figures are to be drawn, select *Add*. Repeat steps 4 to 6 as necessary to create the desired shape. Once 3 figures are drawn, *Add* will no longer be displayed.

7	Draw figure				
	ENT: Edit	ESC: End	+	Ļ	: : Switch

8 If the drawing for the region is finished, press the ESC Key while in the screen for step 7.

The measurement region will be registered and the screen in step 2 will be returned. The cursor arrow will be displayed at the position of the center of gravity. If more than one figure has been drawn, the rectangle that circumscribes the figures will be displayed, and the cursor arrow will be displayed at the position of the center of gravity of this rectangle.

Circumscribing Rectangle

The "circumscribing rectangle" is the smallest rectangle that contains all of the figures.



Correcting or Clearing Figures

1 In the screen for step 7 above, select the figure to be changed or cleared using the *Up* and *Down* Keys and press the **ENT** Key.



2 The selections *Correct* and *Clear* will be displayed. Select the desired operation.



If *Correct* is selected, the screen for selecting the region number will be displayed. Correct the size and position of the figure as desired.

If *Clear* is selected, the selected figure will be cleared.

2 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

Set the range of the average density for an OK judgement.



Procedure

1 Select Conditions.



2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

3-4-8 Relative Search

Use this method to obtain the positions of markings, holes, and other features, and to judge whether these features are within the acceptable range. This method is based on relative position so models must be registered in two positions: the measurement position and the standard position.

Example: Checking the Position of a Label

The relative search function can be used to confirm the position of a label by checking the relative positions of the label and one corner of the measurement object.





Operational Flow

- 1 Register the model.
- 2 Set the range in which a search is to be made for the model.
- **3** Set the evaluation criteria.
- 4 Change pixel-skipping parameter. (This step is optional.)

1 Registering the Model

Register 2 models (models 0 and 1) in the places to be used as reference for measurement. The models can be of any size.

Procedure

- 1 Go to *Measurement region/<Region number>/Relative position*.
- 2 Select *Model Registration* (0 or 1).



- 3 Select New.

5 Select the drawing mode (*OR/NOT*).



6 Draw the figure in the range desired as the model.



7 If additional figures are to be drawn, select *Add*. Repeat steps 4 to 6 as necessary to create the desired shape.





8 If the drawing for the region is finished, press the ESC Key while in the screen for step 7. The arrow cursor will be displayed. **9** Move the arrow cursor to the point whose coordinates are to be output as the search position, and press the **ENT** Key. The region is set and the screen for step 2 is returned.



Correcting or Clearing Figures

1 In the screen for step 7 above, select the figure to be changed or cleared using the *Up* and *Down* Keys and press the **ENT** Key.



2 The selections *Correct* and *Clear* will be displayed. Select the desired operation.



If *Correct* is selected, the screen for selecting the region number will be displayed. Correct the size and position of the figure as desired.

If *Clear* is selected, the selected figure will be cleared.

2 Setting the Search Region

Set the region for which the model is to be searched for. It is possible to perform a search for the entire input image but processing time can be reduced and accuracy can be increased by setting limits on the search range.



Procedure

1 Select *Search Region* (0 or 1).



2 Draw a box-shaped search region. When the coordinates of the lower right corner are specified, the region will be registered, and the screen for step 1 will be returned.



3 Setting the Evaluation Criteria

Set evaluation criteria for the correlation with the model and for the relative position of model 0 and model 1.



Indicates measurement results for the displayed image (after calibration). Use these values as reference for setting upper and lower limits.

Correlation:

When the correlation criteria is between 70 and 100: Image 0 Image 1 Image 0 Image 3 Correlation: 96 65 62 78 Judgement: OK NG NG OK

X, Y Width, Distance:



Procedure

1 Select Conditions.



2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

3 Select End to enter the settings.

4 Changing Pixel-skipping Parameter (Optional)

The pixel-skipping parameter for searching for the model can be changed. The pixel-skipping parameter is determined according to the speed setting in the evaluation criteria menu. However, from this screen it is also possible to change the pixel-skipping parameter directly. (Note that if the pixel-skipping parameter is changed, the speed will be changed automatically.)

By making the value larger, the processing time can be reduced. However, the accuracy of the search will be reduced, and depending on the image, the object may not be found. After changing the settings, check whether measurement and search are performed properly.



Procedure

1 Press the SHIFT + ESC Keys with the screen in this state. The screen for setting the pixel-skipping parameter will be displayed.



2 Change the pixel-skipping parameters for X and Y as desired.



3 Select *End*. The estimated search time for a search based on the set pixel-skipping parameters will be displayed.



4 Select OK to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

3-4-9 Changing Settings or Clearing

The set data can be changed or cleared.

Procedure

1 Move the cursor to the number to be changed or cleared and press the **ENT** Key.

The selection *Change settings/Clear* will be displayed.



2 To change settings select *Change settings*. The selections for items that can be changed will be displayed. For details on the actual settings, refer to the explanation for the desired measurement method.

3 To clear all the settings select *Clear*. A confirmation message will be displayed. Select *Execute* to clear all the settings and to exit this screen.

This region v	vill be cleard.
Execute	Cancel

3-5 Output Expressions

This section explains how to set the contents of output made to external devices via the terminal blocks, RS-232C, or CompoBus/D. Output is only made when measurements are executed in Run mode. No output is made to external devices when measurements are executed in Monitor mode.

Even without setting output expressions, the judgement of the drawn region will be output to the OR terminal of the terminal blocks or OR control output of CompoBus/D.

Judgement

- The judgement for each region can be output.
- Calculations can be performed for the measurement results for each region and OK/NG judgements can be given for the results of the calculations.

Judge0.	 Output number 16 expressions can be set in judgement outputs 0 to 15
[R0.X-R1.X]-	Expression
Measurement : 578908.965	Calculation result for displayed image. Refer to this when setting evaluation criteria. Evaluation criteria Set evaluation conditions for the cal- culation result. (-9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999)
↑↓:Move ENT:Change	

Data

- Measurement results can be output.
- Calculation results can be output.

Data0]-	Output number Eight expressions can be set in data outputs 0 to 7. Expression
Measurement : 578908.965	Calculation result for displayed image.
ENT:Change	

Note The destinations for judgement and data outputs are as follows:

Vision Sensor	Judgement output destination	Data output destination
F150-C10E-3 F150-C15E-3	Terminal block	RS-232C or terminal block
F150-C10E-3-DRT	CompoBus/D	CompoBus/D or RS- 232C

Select the data output destination in SYS/Output. \rightarrow Page 157

Possible Settings



Sub-menus Displayed when R0 to 15, P0 to 1 are Selected

Center of	Gravity	and	Area,	Center	of	Gravity	and	Axis
<u>Angle</u>								

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Gravity X	X coordinate of measured center of gravity
Gravity Y	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity
Reference RX	X coordinate of reference center of gravity
Reference RY	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity
Displacement DX	Measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity
Displacement DY	Measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity
Area MA	Area of measured object
Reference area RM	Area when region drawn
Differential area DM	Measured area – reference area
Inverted area VM	Area of measurement region – measured area
Axis angle AG (see note)	Axis angle of measured object
Reference axis RA (see note)	Axis angle when region drawn
Differential angle DA (see note)	Measured axis angle – reference axis angle

Note Axis angle, reference axis, and differential angle are only displayed when a region with center of gravity and axis angle has been selected.

Gray Edge Position

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Edge EG	Coordinate of measured edge position
Reference RE	Coordinate when region drawn
Displacement DE	Coordinate of measured edge position – reference edge position

Density Averaging

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Dens average D	Average density for measured region
Ref density RD	Average density when region drawn
Dens difference DD	Measured average density – reference aver- age density

Gray Search, Precise Search

Item	Explanation	
Judge JG	Judgement result	
Search X	Measured X coordinate	
Search Y	Measured Y coordinate	
Reference RX	Reference X coordinate	
Reference RY	Reference Y coordinate	
Displacement DX	Measured X coordinate – reference X coor- dinate	
Displacement DY	Measured Y coordinate – reference Y coor- dinate	
Correlation CR	Correlation with model	

Surface Defect

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Defect F	Measured defect
Density MAX GA	Greatest density value inside measurement region
Density MIN GI	Smallest density value inside measurement region

Edge Pitch

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Numbers N	Number of detected objects
Pitch AVG P	Average pitch of detected edges
Pitch MAX PH	Maximum pitch of detected edges
Pitch MIN PL	Minimum pitch of detected edges
Width AVG W	Average width of detected edges
Width MAX WH	Maximum width of detected edges
Width MIN WL	Minimum width of detected edges

Relative Search

Item	Explanation
Judge JG	Judgement result
Width X	Difference in measured X coordinates (model 1 – model 0)
Width Y	Difference in measured Y coordinates (model 1 – model 0)
Distance D	Measured distance
Reference RX	Difference in reference X coordinates
Reference RY	Difference in reference Y coordinates
Reference RD	Reference distance
Displacement DX	Difference in measured X coordinates – dif- ference in reference X coordinates
Displacement DY	Difference in measured Y coordinates – dif- ference in reference Y coordinates
Displacement DD	Measured distance – reference distance
Correlation C0	Correlation with model 0
Correlation C1	Correlation with model 1

Functions

Function	Meaning	Argu- ments
ABS	Gives the absolute value. ABS(<i>argument</i>)	
MAX	Gives the larger of two arguments. MAX(<i>argument 1, argument 2</i>)	2
MIN	Gives the smaller of two arguments. MIN(<i>argument 1, argument 2</i>)	2
SQRT	SQRT Calculates the square root. If the argument is negative, the cal- culation result will be 0 and the judgement will be NG. SQRT(<i>argument</i>)	

Function	Meaning	Argu- ments
ANGL	Calculates the angle between a straight line joining two points, such as the center of gravity or the center of a model, and a horizontal line. The result will be in the range -180 to 180° .	2
	First point	
	Second point	
	 ANGL(Y component, X component) Example: Set the following to calculate the angle between the straight line joining the center of gravity for region 0 and the center of gravity for region 1 and a horizontal line. ANGL(R1.Y-R0.Y,R1.X-R0.X) If both arguments are 0, the result will also be 0 and the judge- ment will be NG. 	
ATAN	 Calculates the arc tangent for the Y component/X component. The result is given as a radian of -π to π. ATAN(<i>Y component, X component</i>) Example: Set the following to calculate the angle between a straight line joining the center of gravity for region 0 and the center of gravity for region 1 and a horizontal line. ATAN(R1.Y-R0.Y,R1.X-R0.X) If both arguments are 0, the calculation result will also be 0 and the judgement will be NG. 	2
DIST	Calculates the distance between two points, such as the center of gravity and the center of the model. DIST(<i>X</i> coordinate of first point, <i>Y</i> coordinate of first point, <i>X</i> coordinate of second point, <i>Y</i> coordinate of second point). • Example: Set the following to calculate the distance between the center of gravity for region 0 and center of gravity for region 1. DIST(R0.X,R0.Y,R1.X,R1.Y) • The following calculation is performed internally. $\sqrt{(R1.X - R0.X)^2 + (R1.Y - R0.Y)^2}$	4

JG

If "JG" is set as a judgement output expression, judgement will be performed in the following two stages.

1 Judgement is performed for each region based on the set evaluation criteria giving a result of "0.000" (OK) or "-1.000" (NG).
2 Judgement is performed on the judgement result (i.e.: 0.000 or -1.000), based on the upper and lower limits in the screen for the output.

If "JG" is set as a data output expression, only the judgement described in 1 above will be performed. The result of this judgement (OK: 0.000, NG: -1.000) will be directly output to the external device.

Example 1

To output judgment result for region 0 to Judge"0":



Example 2

To obtain an OR judgement for regions 0 and 1:

Judge0.	1
[[] R0.JG +R1.JG	1
Measurement : 0.000 Upper : [0.000] Lower : [0.000]	
↑↓:Move ENT:Change	

If the upper and lower limits are both set to 0.000, one of the following judgements will be made:

- If both regions receive OK judgement, the measurement result will be 0.000, so the overall judgement will be OK.
- If one region receives OK judgement, the measurement result will be -1.000, so the overall judgement will be NG.

 If both regions receive OK judgement, the measurement result will be -2.000, so the overall judgement will be NG.

Judgement and Data

It is possible to perform calculations using measurement results from other expressions. Use this feature when a long expression that will not fit between the parentheses is required. These values are displayed as "PR.0" to "PR.15" for Judge 0 to 15, and as "RS.0" to "RS.7" for Data 0 to 7.

Example 1: To obtain the length of the straight line joining 2 points and add 120.25



Divide the calculations into Judge 0 and Judge 1 in the following way:

Judge 0

 $[DIST(R0.X,R0.Y,R1.X,R1.Y)\,]$ The constant 120.25 cannot be entered because there is not enough space.

Judge 1 [PR.0+120.25

] Add 120.25 to the calculation result of Judge 0.

PR.0 represents the calculation result of Judge 0

Note Only use expressions containing PR.□ or RS.□ for outputs of a higher number. Calculations are performed in the following order. If PR.□ or RS.□ are used in expressions

for outputs with a lower number, the previous calculation result will be used.

Data 0 ↓ Data 1 ↓ to ↓ Data 7 ↓ Judge 0 ↓ Judge 1 ↓ to ↓

Judge 15

If example 1 had been constructed in the opposite order:

Judge 0 [PR.1+120.25] This will be calculated before Judge 1 and so the previous value for PR.1 will be used instead.

Judge 1 [DIST(R0.X,R0.Y,R1.X,R1.Y)

Example 2: To output the number of measurements

In this case a value is to be output so use a data output expression.

1

Data 0

[RS.0+1

Each time the Set mode is entered or the power is turned OFF, the value of RS.0 will return to 0 along with the number of measurements.

Procedure

1 Go to Expression/Judge or Expression/Data.

The screen for selecting output numbers will be displayed.

Expressior



2 Select the output number for which the expression is to be set.

0. R0. JG	
1. R1. JG	
2. R0.X+R1.X	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
↑ ↓	

Expressions are displayed next to the numbers for which expressions have already been set.

3 Move the cursor into the space between the parentheses for the expression and press the **ENT** Key.

Example: If Judge is selected.



]

4 The list of possible settings will be displayed. Select the item to be set.

Example



5 When the expression has been set, select *OK*. The expression will be registered.

6 For judgement output, set the OK/NG evaluation criteria.



7 Press the ESC Key to exit this screen. The setting will be saved and the screen for step 1 will be returned.

3-6 Scenes

3-6-1 Changing Scenes

The different situations (type of measurement object and type of measurement required) in which measurements are performed are called "scenes" and the measurement conditions set in Set mode are called "scene data." Up to 16 scenes can be set, numbered from 0 to 15 (see note). Use scenes to switch between different measurement conditions for different measurement setups or measurement objects. Scene 0 will be displayed by default when the power is turned ON. The command for changing scenes can be input via the terminal blocks or RS-232C.

Note It may not be possible to use all 16 scenes if there is a lack of available memory. In this case, a warning message will be displayed on the screen. Make regions and models as small as possible and delete any regions and models that are not required, before continuing operation.

Procedure

- **1** Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.
- 2 Move the cursor to *Scn* \Box and press the ENT Key. A list of scenes, from scene 0 to scene 8, will be displayed.

Use the **Down** Key to scroll down and display the rest of the list, from scene 9 to scene 15.



3 Using the **Up** and **Down** Keys, move the cursor to the desired scene and press the **ENT** Key.

The selected scene will be displayed. After the scene has been selected, the mode will return to the original one.

Scn 1 V MON V	 ms
	Freeze

3-6-2 Copying Scene Data

This function is useful for creating new scenes by copying scene data from another scene and changing some settings to suit the new requirements.

Procedure

 Move the cursor to Scn □ and press the ENT Key. Scene numbers 0 to 8 will be displayed. Use the Down key to display scene numbers 9 to 15.



2 Move the cursor to the scene number to which data is to be copied, and press the SHIFT + ESC Keys. The Copy/Clear selection menu will be displayed.



- 3 Select Copy.
- 4 Enter the number of the scene from which data is to be copied (*Original scene*), and select *Execute*. The data will be copied.

Original sce	ne: Scn 0
Execute	Cancel

3-7 Initializing Measurement Conditions (Clearing Scenes)

Use the following procedure to clear measurement conditions set in Set mode, and to return scenes to their default settings. This procedure is performed separately for each scene.

Procedure

 Move the cursor to Scn
☐ and press the ENT Key. Scene numbers 0 to 8 will be displayed. Use the Down key to display scene numbers 9 to 15.



2 Move the cursor to the number of the scene to be cleared, and press the SHIFT + ESC Keys. The Copy/Clear selection menu will be displayed.



3 Select Clear.

A confirmation message will be displayed.



4 Select *Execute*.

The scene will be cleared.

SECTION 4 Monitor Mode and Run Mode

This section explains how to check if measurements are being correctly performed with the set measurement conditions using Monitor mode, and how to make actual measurements using Run mode.

4-1	Confir	ming Correct Operation	138
	4-1-1	Entering Monitor Mode	138
	4-1-2	Test Measurement	139
	4-1-3	Displaying Measurement Results and Changing Evaluatio	n 142
4-2	Run M	lode	151
	4-2-1	Entering Run Mode	151
	4-2-2	Performing Measurement	152

4-1 Confirming Correct Operation

4-1-1 Entering Monitor Mode

Use the following procedure to check that measurements are being correctly performed with the set measurement conditions.

Note The key allocations for the Console Keys used to make input can be changed. In the following explanations, it is assumed that the key allocations are at the default settings. If they are not, adapt the procedure accordingly. \rightarrow Page 169

Procedure

Entering Monitor Mode from Set Mode

In Set mode, press the $\ensuremath{\text{ESC}}$ Key to leave Set mode and enter Monitor mode.

Scn 0 = SET = Adjust Position compensation Measurement region Expression	
	Through
Pre	ess the ESC Key.
Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	ms
	Freeze

Entering Monitor Mode from Run Mode

1 Move the cursor to *RUN* and press the ENT Key. The mode selections will be displayed.



2 Select *MON* to enter Monitor mode.

4-1-2 Test Measurement

Use the following procedure to execute measurement according to the conditions set for the scene currently displayed. The measurement results are not output via the terminal blocks or RS-232C and so this procedure only tests operation for the F150 itself. The measurement command can be input, however, via the terminal blocks, RS-232C, or CompoBus/D.

Procedure Press the TRIG Key on the Console or input the measurement command from an external device.

 Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼
 OK
 67 ms
 Measurement Time (The measurement time for freeze display is shown here. The time for through display is approx. 100 ms longer than that for freeze display.)

 Overall Judgement (NG if there is an NG in one or more measurement regions or output expressions.)
 Overall Judgement (NG if there is an NG in one or more measurement regions or output expressions.)

Measurement will be executed and the measurement results displayed on the screen.

Press the **SHIFT** Key together with the **Up/Down** Keys to switch display image. \rightarrow **Page 164**

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch
between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images by pressing the

SHIFT + Up/Down Keys. The camera number is displayed in the lower right corner of the screen.

Camera 0 image	Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	ms
		Cam 0 Freeze
	†↓: Camera	
	_	
Camera 1 image	Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	ms

amera 1 image	Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	ms
		Cam 1 Freeze
	†↓: Camera	

Press the **SHIFT** Key together with the **Up/Down** Keys to switch display image (including memory images).

Note 1. <u>Storing Measured Images to Memory</u>

Up to 23 screens can be stored to memory. Once 23 screens have been stored, the existing screens will be overwritten in order starting with the oldest. To store measured images to memory, go to **Display set**tings by pressing the SHIFT + ESC Keys, and make the appropriate settings for **Image storage**. To store NG images only, select **Only NG**, and to store images regardless of the judgement result, select **All**. \rightarrow Page 162

<u>Repeating Measurement for Images in Memory</u> Measurement can be repeated for images stored to memory.

Display the desired memory image using the SHIFT + Up/

Down Keys and press **SHIFT + TRIG** Keys to execute measurement. Measurement can also be repeated for freeze images without re-inputting the image using the **SHIFT + TRIG** Keys. This feature can be used after evaluation criteria have been changed to check that the new criteria are appropriate.

4-1-3 Displaying Measurement Results and Changing Evaluation Criteria

The data that is displayed on the screen can be changed. Also, the evaluation criteria can be adjusted while referring to measurement results.

Go to *Display settings* by pressing the SHIFT + ESC Keys, and change the settings for *Display result*.

None (Default Setting)

If *Display result* is set to *None*, only the overall judgement will be displayed.



Two-camera Operation If the camera mode is Two-Camera Switching mode, switch between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the **Up/Down** Keys.

All Results of Regions

Judgement results for all the regions are displayed in one list.



Two-camera Operation

If the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the **Up/Down** Keys.

Position Compensation

The results for position displacement compensation can be displayed. There are screens for displaying the results for each position compensation region and a screen for displaying the displacement distance. Use the Up and Down Keys to switch between the screens. The image displayed is the image after filtering and background suppression for position displacement compensation.

Results for each position compensation region:

Displacement distance (difference between the reference position and the measurement position):



If the SHIFT + ENT Keys are pressed from the screen for the individual region, the screen for changing conditions will be displayed, and the evaluation criteria can be changed while monitoring the measurement values. However, even if a trigger or a STEP signal is input, measurement will not be performed while this screen is displayed.

If the judgement for position displacement compensation is NG, the screen will not be scrolled and so all of these values will be 0.

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, use the
Up/Down Keys to switch screens in the way shown below.



All Positions of Regions

Outlines of all the set measurement regions are displayed.



Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch
between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the
Up/Down Keys.

Individual Region

The measurement values for each region are displayed separately. Use the **Up/Down** Keys to switch to screens for different regions. If the **SHIFT** + **ENT** Keys are pressed from this screen, the screen for changing conditions will be displayed, and the evaluation criteria can be changed while monitoring the measurement values. However, even if a trigger or a STEP signal is input, measurement will not be performed while this screen is displayed.



All Judges

Judgement results for the judgement output expressions are displayed in one list.



Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch
between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the
Up/Down Keys.

All Data Measurement results for the data output expressions are displayed in one list.



Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch
between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the
Up/Down Keys.

Individual Judge, Individual Data

Calculation results for the each of the output expressions are displayed individually. Use the **Up/Down** Keys to switch to screens for different expressions. If the **SHIFT** + **ENT** Keys are pressed from this screen, the screen for changing conditions will be displayed, and the evaluation criteria can be changed while monitoring the calculation results. However, even if a trigger or a STEP signal is input, measurement will not be performed while this screen is displayed.

Scn 0 ▼ MON▼	ОК	67ms	
Individual judge			
Judge0. Expression: B R0.X-R1.X Measurement:24.652	C		 Switch the displayed item using the Up/Down Keys. Individual judge (0 to 15) Individual data (0 to 7)
∱ ↓:Change	Ŭ	Freeze	
T w.onange			

Two-cameraIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, use the
Up/Down Keys to switch screens in the way shown below.

Example: When Judge 0 and Judge 1 are set



I/O Monitor The contents of input made from external devices to the F150 and the contents of output made from the F150 to external devices can be displayed. (The contents of output are only possible in Run mode.)

Only I/O transferred via the terminal blocks and RS-232C in Normal communications mode can be displayed. It is not possible to display I/O transferred via CompoBus/D or RS-232C in Host Link communications mode.



Two-camera Operation

If the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, switch between Camera 0 images and Camera 1 images using the **Up/Down** Keys.

Cyclic Monitoring

Region, **Judge**, **Data**, and **All** are sets of several display items that can each be displayed cyclically using the **Up**/**Down** Keys. By using this function, it is not necessary to press the **SHIFT + ESC** Keys and change the settings in **Display settings**. The combinations and the order in which they are displayed are shown below.



[Region] [All] All results of regions All results of regions All positions of regions All positions of regions Position compensation (region 0) Position compensation (region 0) Position compensation (region 1) Position compensation (region 1) Position compensation (Distance) Position compensation (Distance) Position compensation (region 10) Position compensation (region 10) Position compensation (region 11) Position compensation (region 11) Position compensation (Distance) Position compensation (Distance) Individual (region 0) Individual (region 0) Individual (region 15) Individual (region 15) All judges Individual judge (Judge 0) Individual judge (Judge 15) All data Individual data (Data 0) Individual data (Data 7)

Two-cameraIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, the
screens for Camera 0 and Camera 1 are displayed in order.



4-2 Run Mode

4-2-1 Entering Run Mode

Use Run mode to perform actual measurements.

Note The key allocations for the Console Keys can be changed. In the following explanation, it is assumed that the key allocations are at the default settings. If they are not, adapt the procedure accordingly. \rightarrow **Page 169**

Procedure

1 Move the cursor to *MON* and press the ENT Key. The mode selections will be displayed.



2 Select *RUN* to enter Run mode.

Scn 0 ▼ RUN ▼	 ms
	Freeze

4-2-2 Performing Measurement

Use the following procedure to execute measurement according to the conditions set for the scene currently displayed.

Procedure Press the TRIG Key on the Console or input the measurement command from an external device. Measurement will be executed and the measurement results will be displayed on the screen and output to external devices. Apart

from measurement commands, it is also possible to input various other commands form external devices.



Press the **SHIFT** Key together with the **Up/Down** Keys to switch display image.→ Page 166

Input Commands

Via the Terminal Block \rightarrow Page 187

Via the RS-232C Port, Normal Communications \rightarrow Page 205 Via the RS-232C Port, Host Link Communications \rightarrow Page 241

Via CompoBus/D \rightarrow Page 278

Output Formats

Via the Terminal Block \rightarrow Page 188

Via the RS-232C Port, Normal Communications \rightarrow Page 207

Via the RS-232C Port, Host Link Communications \rightarrow Page 262

Via CompoBus/D \rightarrow Page 301

Note 1. <u>Storing Measured Images to Memory</u>

- Up to 23 screens can be stored to memory. Once 23 screens have been stored, the existing screens will be overwritten in order starting with the oldest. To store measured images to memory, go to **Display set***tings* by pressing the **SHIFT + ESC** Keys, and make the appropriate settings for *Image storage*. To store NG images only, select **Only NG**, and to store images regardless of the judgement result, select **All**. \rightarrow **Page 162**
 - <u>Repeating Measurement for Images in Memory</u> Measurement can be repeated for images stored to memory.

Display the desired memory image using the **SHIFT + Up/ Down** Keys and press **SHIFT + TRIG** Keys to execute measurement. Measurement can also be repeated for freeze images without re-inputting the image using the **SHIFT + TRIG** Keys. This feature can be used after evaluation criteria have been changed to check that the new criteria are appropriate.

3 Displaying Measurement Results

To display measurement results on the screen, go to **Display settings** by pressing the **SHIFT** + **ESC** Keys. For further details, refer to the section on Monitor mode. \rightarrow **Page 142**

Caution The lighting will become progressively darker if used for long periods. Make periodic adjustments to the evaluation criteria.

The lighting will lose approximately 20% illumination after 1,500 hours of use.

SECTION 5 System Settings

This section explains how to set conditions related to the system environment.

5-1	Entering System Mode	156
5-2	Measurement Result Output Destinations	157
5-3	Two-camera Unit and Intelligent Light Source	158
5-4	Measurement Screen Settings	160
5-5	Storing Measured Images	162
	5-5-1 Image Storage Function	162
	5-5-2 Memory Storage Conditions	164
	5-5-3 Displaying Stored Images	166
5-6	Changing Console Key Allocations	169
5-7	Setting Startup Conditions	172
5-8	Selecting Output Method for Error Terminal	174
5-9	Checking the Software Version.	175

5-1 Entering System Mode

To set conditions related to the system environment it is necessary to enter System mode.

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON and press the ENT Key.



3 Select SYS.

The system menu will be displayed.

Display Set key operation Switch menu Startup mode Error method Version			
--	--	--	--

5-2 Measurement Result Output Destinations

The F150 can output judgements and data for measured objects to an external device. Use the following procedure to select the destination for judgment output and data output.

Output	Output destination		
item	F150-C10E-3-DRT	F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3	
Judgement	CompoBus/D (fixed)	Terminal block (fixed)	
Data	CompoBus/D* or RS- 232C	RS-232C* or terminal block	

Default settings are indicated with an asterisk.

Note Set the contents for the outputs in *Expression.* \rightarrow Page 122

Procedure

1 Go to SYS/Output.



2 Select the output destinations.

F150-C10E-3-DRT

F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3

Output		0	utput	
	Judge : CompoBus/D▼ Data : CompoBus/D▼ End			Judge : Terminal block▼ Data : RS-232C▼ End

3 Select *End* to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

5-3 Two-camera Unit and Intelligent Light Source

If a Two-camera Unit or an Intelligent Light Source are used, make the settings shown below to change the menu configuration for System mode. Refer to the following page for details of the menu configuration when a Two-camera Unit is connected to the F150: \rightarrow Page 13

Note 1. If, after setting measurement conditions for operation with just one Camera, a Two-camera Unit is connected and the settings given here are made, the original settings will be made automatically for Camera 0.

2. There are DIP switches on the Intelligent Light Sources for setting the unit number. Set the unit number for the Intelligent Light Source connected to Camera 0 to 0 and set the unit number for the Intelligent Light Source connected to Camera 1 to 1. \rightarrow Page 43

Procedure

1 Enter System mode and select *Device settings*.



2 Make the required settings for the Two-camera Unit or the Intelligent Light Source.



3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

5-4 Measurement Screen Settings

Set the items below to determine the information displayed in Run mode and Monitor mode.

ltem	Details		
Display image	Select the display status for the screen.		
	Freeze (default setting)	Displays a still image (updated each time a mea- surement is performed.) When inspecting moving objects, select "freeze."	
	Through	Displays the image currentrly being taken by the Camera. If measurement is performed in through state, there is a delay of approx. 100 ms between the time the measurement command is input and the time image input processing starts. Therefore, the time of measurement will be delayed by the same amount. This delay is included in the mea- surement time displayed in Monitor mode and Run mode.	
Display result	Select the data displayed for measurement results. For details refer to the section on Monitor mode. \rightarrow Page 142		
Image storage	Select the condition	is for storage of measured images.	
	None (default set- ting)	Nothing stored.	
	Only NG	Only images with NG judgements are stored. (How- ever, the most recent image is stored regardless of the judgement.)	
	All	All images are stored regardless of the judgement.	

Item	Details			
Coordinate calculation	Select the coordina Example: Reference position The coordinates of t center of gravity of t mark are obtained. This corner is used as the model for position compensation.	Measured image (before position compensation)	Image after position compensation	
	Before scroll (default setting) After scroll	Output made using the coordinate values before position displacement compensation. (The screen selected in Display image is displayed.) Output made using the	v	
		coordinate values after position displacement compensation. (The screen selected in Display image is displayed.)	۲·	

Procedure

1 Go to SYS/Display.

Communications Output	
Device settings	
Display	
Set key operation	
Switch menu	
Startup mode	
Error method	
Version	

2 Set the conditions.

Display	settings			
	Display image Display result		Freeze▼	
			None▼	
	Image storage	:	None▼	
	Coordinate calc	:		
		Befo	re scroll▼	
	En	d		

3 Select *End* to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

5-5 Storing Measured Images

The F150 can store up to 23 measured images (for all 16 scenes together). It is possible to set the F150 to only store images which resulted in NG judgements, or to store all images regardless of the measurement result.

5-5-1 Image Storage Function

Measured images that correspond to the set conditions are stored in the order "last 1," "last 2" and so on. Once 23 screens

have been stored, the existing screens will be overwritten in order starting with the oldest.



- Note 1. Stored images are cleared when the power is turned OFF. Save the images by backing them up to a personal computer.
 - ightarrow Page 178
 - 2. It is possible to set the Console Keys allocations so that memory images can be cleared by simply pressing one key. \rightarrow Page 169
5-5-2 Memory Storage Conditions

Procedure

1 Enter System mode and select *Display*.

2 Set Image storage as desired.

Display settings	
Display image Display results	: Freeze ▼
Display results	None ▼
Image storage Coordinate calc	None
	Be None ▼ Only NG
	All
Er	nd

3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

D	isplay settings	
	Display image Display results	Freeze ▼
	Image storage Coordinate calc	None ▼ : All ▼ : Before scroll ▼
	Enc	1

Two-camera Operation If the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, the images for both Camera 0 and Camera 1 are stored with each measurement.

Las	t2 0 (Mem3)

Image for Camera 0 stored 2 measurements

before.

Las	2 1 (Mem4))

Image for Camera 1 stored 2 measurements before.

5-5-3 Displaying Stored Images

By displaying a stored image on the screen, the reason for a previous NG judgement can be checked. Also, measurement can be re-performed on the stored image with different evaluation criteria. The message in the lower-right corner of the screen indicates the type of image being displayed.

Scn 0▼ MON ▼	OK	67ms
		Freeze

Refer to the following table.

Display	Details
Freeze	The image that has just been measured is displayed. Whether this image is a freeze image or a through image depends on the settings in SYS/Display .
Through	
_(Mem □)	A previously stored image is displayed. Up to 24 (Mem 0 to 23) images are stored in accordance with the conditions for storage of measured images (only NG or All). When the image is to be backed up to a personal computer, specify a memory number in \Box .
Last(Mem □)	The measured image most recently stored is displayed. If this image had an NG judgement, "Last" will be in reverse black/ white.
Last * (Mem □)	The * after "Last" contains the number indicating how many screens previously the image was stored. Up to 23 previous images can be displayed. "Last *" will be displayed in reverse black/white for NG images.
(Mem □)	Either no image is stored in memory, or an image other than a measurement image (an image loaded from a personal computer) is displayed.

Example



Switching Method

In Monitor mode, Run mode, or from *SET/Position compensation* or *SET/Measurement region*, press the SHIFT + Up/ Down Keys to switch between images.



Note	 Under the following conditions, the images for "Last (Mem and "Freeze" will be the same. Display image: Set to freeze. Image storage: Set to all. or Display image: Set to freeze. Image storage: Set to only NG. Last measurement was NG.
	 If the following conditions hold, the number of stored images will not exceed 22. Image memory: Set to only NG Last measurement was OK.
Two-camera Operation	If the Two-camera Unit is used and the camera mode is Two- camera Switching mode, in Monitor mode or Run mode the

memory images for the Camera currently displayed are displayed in order.



5-6 Changing Console Key Allocations

It is possible to change the allocations for Console Key operations. The set allocations are only enabled in Monitor mode or Run mode.

Item	Function
None	Nothing allocated
Display settings	Displays the SYS/Display settings screen
Previous image	Displays the previous memory image
Next image	Displays the next memory image
Change background	Changes the brightness of the background (dark ↔ clear) for screens displaying lists of results (Can only be used for <i>All results of regions</i> , <i>All judges</i> , <i>All data</i> , and <i>I/O monitor</i> .)
Judge conditions	Displays the screen for setting evaluation criteria
Previous scene	Displays the previous scene
Next scene	Displays the next scene
I/O monitor	Displays the I/O Monitor Screen
<i>Clear images</i> (See note 1.)	Displays a confirmation message from which all stored images can be cleared
<i>Erase characters</i> (See note 2.)	Displays the menu for character display settings
Save (See note 3.)	Displays a confirmation message for saving to flash mem- ory

Note 1. Clearing Stored Images

A message confirming whether all stored images are to be cleared is displayed. Images stored in memory are cleared when power is turned OFF. By allocating this function to a Console Key, stored images can be cleared without turning power OFF.



2. Erasing Characters

To prevent scorching of the monitor screen, it is possible to delete screen characters.

Character disp.	: ON V
End	

3. Save

Save settings by making a backup copy of data to flash memory before turning power OFF.

Setting data w	vill be saved.
Execute	Cancel

The default settings are shown below.



Procedure

1 Enter System mode and select Set key operation.



2 Change the key allocations as desired.

ESC	:	None
SFT+ENT	:	Judge conditions
SFT+ESC	:	Display settings
SFT+←	:	Change background
$SFT+\rightarrow$:	Change background
SFT+↑	:	Previous image
SFT+↓	:	Next image
		End

3 Select End to enter the settings.

5-7 Setting Startup Conditions

Use the following procedure to set the startup scene and mode that will be used when the power is turned ON.

If the F150 is set to start in Run mode for the scene where the desired measurement conditions are registered, measurement of objects can be started by simply turning the power ON.

The default setting is for scene 0 and Monitor mode.

The following example illustrates operation when the startup scene is set to 1 and the startup mode is set to Run.



Procedure

1 Go to SYS/Startup mode.

System settings	
Communications Output Device settings Display Set key operation Switch menu	
Startup mode Error method Version	

2 Select the startup scene number and the startup mode.

Startup m	ode
	Startup scene : Scn1 ▼ Startup mode : MON ▼ End

3 Select *End* to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

5-8 Selecting Output Method for Error Terminal

During processing (i.e.: while BUSY terminal is ON), even if the STEP terminal is turned ON, the F150 will not perform measurement. It is possible to set the ERR terminal so that it turns ON to indicate to an external device that input to the STEP terminal could not be received.

Selection	Details
ERR ON (default set- ting)	During processing (i.e.: BUSY terminal ON), if the STEP terminal turns ON, the ERR terminal will be turned ON and measurement will not be performed. The next time a STEP signal is input with the BUSY terminal OFF, the ERR terminal will go OFF.
OFF	During processing (i.e.: BUSY terminal ON), if the STEP terminal turns ON, the ERR terminal will not come ON. Measurement will not be performed.

Procedure

1 Go to SYS/Error method.

Communications	
Output	
Device settings	
Display	
Set key operation	
Switch menu	
Startup mode	
Error method	
Version	

2 Select the desired setting.

Error method	
STE	P in BUSY:ERR ON ▼
	End

3 Select *End* to enter the setting and to exit this screen.

5-9 Checking the Software Version

Use the following procedure to check the Vision Sensor model and the software system version.

Procedure

1 Go to SYS/Version.







SECTION 6 Backing Up Data

This section explains how to make backup copies of data to flash memory or a computer.

When the power to the F150 is turned OFF, all data settings are cleared. The F150 loads data saved to flash memory at startup. Therefore, when settings are changed, in order not to lose these settings, be sure to save them to flash memory.

6-1	Saving/Loading System and Scene Data	178
6-2	Saving to Flash Memory	181

6-1 Saving/Loading System and Scene Data

The system and scene data can be backed up on a computer. The same data can also be loaded from a computer to the F150. Saving and loading data enables using the same data on other F150 Controllers.

It is recommended that data is backed up in case data is lost or the F150 malfunctions.

Data	Contents
System data	Settings under SYS.
Scene data	Settings under SET.
System data and scene data	Both the system data and scene data (0 to 15) together.
Image data	Memory images in BMP format. This is the basic image format for Windows and so the images can be displayed on a personal computer.

- **Note** Data is saved <u>from</u> the F150 to a computer, and loaded to the F150 from a computer.
- Caution Do not turn OFF the power or input a RESET signal while a message is being displayed in any save or load operations. Data in memory will be destroyed, and the F150 may not operate correctly the next time it is started.

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.

Scn 0 V MON V		ms
SET MON RUN SYS TOOL SAVE		
		Freeze

- 3 Select TOOL.
- **4** Select the kind of data along with the operation (load or save).

Load system data
Save system data
Load scene data
Save scene data
Load sys+scn data
Save sys+scn data
Load image data
Save image data

5 For scene data or image data, select the corresponding number.

Scene number (0 to 15)

Image data (Mem 0 to 23)

Scn 0	Mem 0
Scn 1	Mem 1
Scn 2	Mem 2
Scn 3	Mem 3
Scn 4	Mem 4
Scn 5	Mem 5
Scn 6	Mem 6
Scn 7	Mem 7
↑↓	↑↓

6 A confirmation message will be displayed. Select *Execute*. As an example, when saving system data the following message will be displayed:



Sample Operation for Personal Computer

As an example, this section explains how to perform data transfers using HyperTerminal on Windows 95/98 or Windows NT 4.0. It is assumed that an RS-232C cable is connected to COM1 on the personal computer. If the COM number is different, adapt the procedure accordingly. If different communications software is to be used, refer to the relevant manual for that software. Data communications are performed according to Xmodem (-CRC or -SUM) protocol.

Caution Do not turn OFF the power or input a RESET signal while a message is being displayed in any save or load operations. Data in memory will be destroyed, and the F150 may not operate correctly the next time it is started.

Saving Data to the Computer

- 1 Connect the COM 1 port on the computer and the F150 using an RS-232C cable.
- **2** Make the F150 communications settings. The default communications settings are as shown in the following table. These settings can normally be used.

Item	Setting
Baud rate	38,400 bps
Data length	8 (bits)
Parity bits	None
Stop bits	1 (bit)
Delimiter	CR

3 Start the HyperTerminal program on the computer and make the following communications settings.

The same communications settings must be used on both the F150 and the modem on the computer.

Item	Setting
Speed	38,400 bps
Data bits	8 (bits)
Parity bits	None
Stop bits	1 (bit)
Flow control	None (Xmodem protocol is used.)

4 Execute the saving operation from the F150. The data transfer screen will be displayed.

Saving data.

- 5 Select *Transfer/Receive File* from the HyperTerminal menu.
- 6 Specify where the file is to be saved and set the protocol to *Xmodem*.
- 7 Select *Receive*. The data will be transferred from the F150 to the computer.

The F150 will generate a timeout error if no response is received from the external device within 30 seconds. An error message will be displayed, and the error terminal will turn ON.

Loading Data from the Computer

- 1 Follow steps 1 to 3 in the above procedure to connect the F150 and the computer.
- 2 Select *Transfer/Send File* from the HyperTerminal menu.
- 3 Select the file to be sent and set the protocol to *Xmodem*.
- 4 Select *Send*. The data transfer screen will be displayed.
- 5 Execute the loading operation from the F150.

The F150 will generate a timeout error if no response is received from the external device within 30 seconds. An error message will be displayed, and the error terminal will turn ON.

6-2 Saving to Flash Memory

Use the following memory to save set data to flash memory. Flash memory data is loaded each time the F150 is started up. Therefore, when settings have been changed, be sure to save to flash memory before turning the power OFF. If the power is turned OFF without saving, all of the setting changes will be lost.

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.

Scn 0▼ MON	7	 ms
SET MON RUN SYS TOOL SAVE		

3 Select SAVE.

A confirmation message will be displayed.



4 Select *Execute*.

When saving has been completed, the screen for step 1 will be returned.

Caution Do not turn OFF the power or input a RESET signal while a message is being displayed in any save or load operations. Data in memory will be destroyed, and the F150 may not operate correctly the next time it is started.

SECTION 7 Terminal Block

This section describes the communications settings and I/O formats for communications with external devices via the terminal blocks.

7-1	Comm	unications Settings	184
7-2	I/O Fo	rmats	187
	7-2-1	Inputs	187
	7-2-2	Outputs	188
7-3	Termin	al Signal Operation and Timing	189
	7-3-1	No Handshaking	189
	7-3-2	Using Handshaking (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)	193

7-1 Communications Settings

Procedures for setting communications specifications are given below. Set the F150 to the same settings as external devices.

The following	communications	settinas	are required.

Item		Description				
ON state		Select whether to turn ON the OR and DO 0 to DO 15 terminals for OK or NG. The default is ON for NG.				
Handshaking (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)	OFF	Used to output the measurement result without syn- chronizing with the external device. This is the default setting.				
	ON	Used to output the measurement result while synchro- nizing with the external device.				
Output period (Only effective wit handshaking)	hout	Set the output period for the measurement result. Set a value between 2.0 and 10,000.0 ms that is greater than the Gate ON delay + Gate ON time, and less than the measurement interval. If this period is longer than the measurement interval, the output tim- ing will fall behind as the measurements are repeated. The default setting is 10.0 ms.				
Gate ON delay		Set the time from when the result is output to the ter- minal block to when the GATE signal is turned ON. This time is used to wait until the data output becomes stable. Set a time between 1.0 and 1,000 ms that is longer than the delay time for the external device. The default setting is 1.0 ms.				
Gate ON time (Only effective with handshaking)	hout	Set the time for which the GATE signal is ON. Set a value between 1.0 and 1,000 ms that will allow the external device to read the measurement result. The default setting is 5.0 ms.				
Timeout (F150-C1 F150-C15E-3) (Only effective wit shaking)		A timeout error will occur if there is no response from the external device within the set time. Set a value between 0.5 and 120.0 s. The default setting is 10.0 s.				

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT key.



3 Select SYS.

4 Select Communications.

5 Select Terminal block.

System settings	
Communications Output Device Displa Host link Set ke Terminal blo Switch menu Startup mode Error method Version	ock

6 Set the items. Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: → Page 26

F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3

ON state Handshaking Output period Gate ON dela Gate ON time Timeout	: : y:	[OFF▼ 10.0]ms 1.0]ms 5.0]ms 10.0]s
	nd		

F150-C10E-3-DRT

Commu	nications(TC)
	ON state : NG : ON 🗸
	Output period : [10.0]ms Gate ON delay : [1.0]ms Gate ON time : [5.0]ms
	End

7 Select *End* to exit this screen and enter the settings.

7-2 I/O Formats

The terminal blocks can be used to input and output various signals, e.g., to input a measurement trigger from a photoelectric or other sensor and to output the overall judgement to a Programmable Controller or other external device.

7-2-1 Inputs

The following commands can be input in Monitor mode or Run mode.

STEP Terminal

One measurement will be performed when the STEP terminal turns ON.

DI0 to DI7 Terminals (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)

The following commands can be input.

To use these inputs, turn ON DI7 for 1 ms or more after setting the status of the DI0 to DI6 inputs.

The F150-C10E-3-DRT does not have any DI inputs and therefore does not support the following commands.

Command	DI inputs				Function				
	Execute	Со	mma	and		Оре	rand	1	
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	
Continuous measurement	1	0	0	1	*	*	*	*	Measurement is performed continually during command input.
Switching scenes	1	0	1	0	Sce	ene N	lo.		Switches the scene.
Example	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	Switches to scene 2.
Model registra- tion	1	1	0	0	Re	gion	num	ber	Re-registers the model based on the measurement image input immediately before. (This command is only valid if a region for gray search or precise search has been specified. If other regions have been specified this com- mand will be ignored.)
Example	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	Registers the model for region 6.

- 0: OFF
- 1: ON
- *: Status is not read by F150, i.e., the status does not matter.

7-2-2 Outputs

Whenever a measurement is performed, the judgement is output.

The data is only output in Run mode. There is no output to the terminals in Monitor mode.

The F150 can be set to turn ON terminals for either OK or NG results. The default is for output to be ON for NG results. \rightarrow Page 184

- Caution After measurement is performed in Run mode, the data output to the OR terminal and DO terminal will be held until the next time measurement is performed in Run mode. The output status will be held even if the mode is changed.
- **Caution** The initial status of the output terminals is OFF. The terminals, however, may turn ON for approximately 0.5 s when the power is turned ON. Be sure to allow for this when reading the status at an external device.

OR Terminal

The overall judgement is output to the OR terminal. This overall judgement will be NG if there is one or more NG judgements for the set measurement regions or output expressions.

DO0 to DO15 Terminals (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)

Judgement
OutputJudgement outputs 0 to 15 set in *Expression/Judge* will be
output from terminals DO0 to DO15.

Data Output If *Terminal block* is selected as the data output destination in *SYS/Output*, before judgement results are output, the results of the expressions set for data outputs 0 to 7 in *Expression/Data* will be output from the terminal blocks.





Block output of results for expressions set in *Expressions/Data*.

Only integral values are output. Values with digits after the decimal point are rounded to the nearest integer.

Values can be output in the range –32768 to 32767. Values less than –32768 are output as –32768. Values greater than 32767 are output as 32767.

Data is output in two's complement binary format.

- Caution After measurement is performed in Run mode, the data output to the OR terminal and DO terminal will be held until the next time measurement is performed in Run mode. The output status will be held even if the mode is changed.
- **Caution** The initial status of the output terminals is OFF. The terminals, however, may turn ON for approximately 0.5 s when the power is turned ON. Be sure to allow for this when reading the status at an external device.

7-3 Terminal Signal Operation and Timing

The following explains the operation of the terminal signals based on the various communications settings that are possible. Use the information provided here to determine which settings to make.

7-3-1 No Handshaking

The F150 outputs the measurement results without synchronization with the external device. Read the measurement results at the external device while the GATE terminal is ON.

Using the STEP Terminal as a Measurement Trigger

Judgement and Data Output Destinations Both Set to Terminal Block



Judgement Output Destination Set to Terminal Block, Data Output Destination Set to RS-232C

Only judgement results are output via the terminal block.



Output Terminals

Terminal	Function
RUN	Turns ON during Run mode.
BUSY	Shows that the F150 is reading an image, changing a scene, etc. Do not input the next command while the BUSY terminal is ON. Otherwise, commands may not be properly executed.
OR	Outputs the overall judgements. (Can be set to turn ON for either OK or NG judgement.) The overall result will be NG if there is one or more NG judgements for the measurement regions or output expressions.
DO	Outputs the results of the expressions set in <i>Expression/Judge</i> and <i>Expression/Data</i> and the judgement results for the output expressions. (Can be set to turn ON for either OK or NG judgement.) Note There are no DO terminals for the F150-C10E-3-DRT.
GATE	Used to time the reading of the measurement result at the external device. The time that GATE is turned ON can be set as required for the external device to correctly read the measurement result. Make the output time shorter than the duration of the measurement (STEP input). If the period is longer, the output timing will fall behind as measure- ments are repeated. Note If the GATE terminal control output is set to user output in the com- munications specifications setting menu for CompoBus/D, the GATE terminal cannot be used to control timing.

Input Terminals

Terminal	Function
STEP	Inputs a measurement trigger from a photoelectric sensor or other external device.
	One measurement will be taken on the rising edge of the STEP signal. Turn ON the STEP for at least 0.5 ms.

Note If a STEP signal is input while the BUSY terminal is ON, the ERR terminal will come ON. \rightarrow Page 174

Performing Continuous Measurements (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)

Set the output period so that the total output time is less than the measurement time. If the total output time is more than the mea-



surement time, as measurement is repeated, the output timing will lag behind.

Input Terminals

Terminal	Function
DI 0 to DI 3	OFF
DI4	ON
DI5 to DI6	OFF
DI7	Execution trigger. Leave at least 1 ms after setting DI 0 to 6 before turning DI 7 ON. During command execution, the BUSY terminal will turn ON. During execution of continuous measurement, the BUSY terminal will stay ON.

Output Terminals The function of the output terminals is the same as when inputting a measurement trigger using the STEP terminal, as described previously.

7-3-2 Using Handshaking (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)

Handshaking can be used to synchronize the F150 with an external device to output measurement results. This is an effective way to output several measurement results in order, allowing data to be properly transferred.

Using the STEP Terminal as a Measurement Trigger

Judgement and Data Output Destinations Both Set to Terminal Block



Note: Only the results of expressions set in *Expression/Data* and *Expression/Judge* are output.

The function of all terminals except the DSA terminal is the same as for communications without handshaking. The DSA terminal is only used with handshaking.

Input Terminal

Terminal	Function
DSA	Requests the next data output from the external device. The F150 will not output data until this terminal is turned ON.
	Turn ON the DSA terminal when the external device is ready to receive data and the F150 has finished measurement.
	The BUSY terminal is ON during measurement, i.e., mea- surement will be completed when the BUSY terminal turns OFF. Use the BUSY signal to time reading mea- surement results.

Note If a STEP signal is input while the BUSY terminal is ON, the ERR terminal will come ON. \rightarrow Page 174

Scene Changing and Model Registration (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)



Output Terminals

Terminal	Function
RUN	Turns ON during Run mode.
BUSY	Shows that the F150 is reading an image, changing a scene, etc. Do not input the next command while the BUSY terminal is ON. Otherwise, commands may not be properly executed.

Input Terminals

Scene Changing

Terminal	Function
DI 0 to DI 3	Set the scene number (0 to 15).
DI4	OFF
DI5	ON
DI6	OFF
DI7	Execution trigger. Leave at least 1 ms after setting DI 0 to 6 before turning DI 7 ON. During command execution, the BUSY terminal will turn ON. After confirming that the BUSY terminal has turned ON, turn OFF DI 7 before turning OFF DI 0 to 6.

Model Registration

Terminal	Function
DI 0 to DI 3	Set the region number (0 to 15).
DI4	OFF
DI5	OFF
DI6	ON
DI7	Execution trigger. Leave at least 1 ms after setting DI 0 to 6 before turning DI 7 ON. During command execution, the BUSY terminal will turn ON. After confirming that the BUSY terminal has turned ON, turn OFF DI 7 before turning OFF DI 0 to 6.

SECTION 8 RS-232C Normal Settings

This section describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are set for Normal mode.

8-1	Comm	unications Settings	198
	8-1-1	Flowcharts	198
	8-1-2	Communications Settings	200
8-2	Comm	and List	205
8-3	Input F	Format	207
8-4	Input C	Commands	207
	8-4-1	DATASAVE: Data Save	207
	8-4-2	DISPIMG: Display Image	207
	8-4-3	EXP: Expression	208
	8-4-4	EXPPARA (EP): Expression Parameter	209
	8-4-5	IMGLOAD: Image Load	210
	8-4-6	IMGSAVE: Image Save	210
	8-4-7	LITPARA: Light Parameter	211
	8-4-8	MEASDATA (MD): Measure Data	213
	8-4-9	MEASPARA (MP): Measure Parameter	216
	8-4-10	MEASURE: Measure	221
	8-4-11	MENUKEY	223
	8-4-12	MODELSET: Model Set	223
	8-4-13	POSIDATA (PD): Position Data	224
	8-4-14	POSIPARA (PP): Position Parameter	225
	8-4-15	RESET: Reset	226
	8-4-16	SCENE: Scene	227
	8-4-17	SCNLOAD: Scene Load	227
	8-4-18	SCNSAVE: Scene Save	228
	8-4-19	SYSLOAD: System Load	228
	8-4-20	SYSSAVE: System Save	229
	8-4-21	VERGET: Version Get	229
8-5	Measu	rement Results Output Format	230

8-1 Communications Settings

8-1-1 Flowcharts

If the Normal communications mode is selected, data can be output in non-procedural format to an external device via the RS-232C port.

- Set Mode Command inputs cannot be received.
- Monitor Mode Command inputs can be received, but measurement results are not output to external devices. Only the execution result itself (i.e.: OK or ER) is output. If a command to read a set value is input, that value will be output.
- Run Mode Both command input and measurement result output are supported.
 - **Note** The output of data after measurement is performed in Run mode will continue until all of the data has been output, even if the mode is changed. Data output will not be interrupted.

Measurement Commands

I/O via RS-232C Port



Note When RC/CS or Xon/off flow control is selected, if a response is not received from the computer within a set time, the F150 will conclude that there is a disconnection or that the computer is not operating normally, and will generate a timeout error. An error message will be displayed and the error terminal will turn ON.

Inputting Measurement Trigger from STEP Terminal



Note When RC/CS or Xon/off flow control is selected, if a response is not received from the computer within a set time, the F150 will conclude that there is a disconnection or that the computer is not operating normally, and will generate a timeout error. An error message will be displayed and the error terminal will turn ON.
Nonmeasurement Commands

The following timing chart shows the basic flow of command execution.



Note When RC/CS or Xon/off flow control is selected, if a response is not received from the computer within a set time, the F150 will conclude that there is a disconnection or that the computer is not operating normally, and will generate a timeout error. An error message will be displayed and the error terminal will turn ON.

8-1-2 Communications Settings

Baud Rate and Communications Mode

The following explains how to set the baud rate, data length, and other communications specifications.

The same communications settings must be used for both the F150 and the external device.

Item	Setting		
Baud rate	2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400* (bps)	Use the same set- tings on the IBM	
Data length	7, 8* (bits)	Programmable Controller/AT or	
Parity bits	None*, even, odd	compatible com-	
Stop bits	1*, 2 (bits)	puter.	
Delimiter	CR*, LF, CR+LF		
Mode	Normal*, Host Link, Menu. Select Normal.		

Note The default settings are marked with asterisks.*

Save and Load Commands

Make the following settings when using commands for save or load operations.

Item	Setting
Data length	8 bits
Parity bits	None
Stop bits	1 bit
Flow control	None

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.

Scn 0 V MON V	 ms
SET MON	
RUN	
SYS	
TOOL	
SAVE	
	Freeze

- 3 Select SYS.
- 4 Select Communications.

5 Select RS-232C.



6 Set the items.

Commu				
	Baud rate Data length Parity bits Stop bits Delimiter Mode		38400 bps▼ 8bit▼ None▼ 1bit▼ CR▼ Normal▼	
		Enc	1	

7 Select *End* to enter the settings.

Flow Control Settings

Flow control allows communications to be performed while checking the status of the external device. Timeout errors can be set to occur when there is no response from the external device after a set number of seconds.

An error message will appear on the screen if a timeout error has occurred, and the error terminal will turn ON.

ltem		Setting
Flow control	None*	No flow control.
	RS/CS	The hardware performs flow control. Use a cable that connects the RS and CS signals of the F150 and external device.
		Data is transferred when the CS signal from the external device is ON.
	Xon/off	The software performs flow control. Data is transferred according to the Xon/ off codes from the external device.
Timeout	Set the number of seconds (1 to 120 s) before a tim- eout error occurs. The default is 5 s.	

Note The default settings are marked with asterisks.*

Procedure

1 Select Normal.

System settings
Communications Output RS-232C Device Normal Displa Host link Set ke Terminal block Switch menu Startup mode Error method Version

2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26 3 Select *End* to enter the settings and to exit this screen.

Comm	unications(Normal)	
	Flow control : None▼ Timeout : [5]s	
	End	

8-2 Command List

The following commands can be input from a computer or other host device connected to the RS-232C port. Commands are input in ASCII.

Ensure that the communications settings for the F150 and the external device are the same.

Commands that Control Operation

The following commands are used to control F150 operation.

Command	Function	Page
DISPIMG	Reads the memory number of the cur- rently displayed image.	207
	Changes the displayed image.	208
MEASURE or	Performs one measurement.	221
Μ	Performs one measurement on the cur- rently displayed image.	222
	Starts continuous measurement.	222
	Stops continuous measurement.	222
MENUKEY	Switches RS-232C input to menu opera- tion.	223
MODELSET	Registers the model.	223
RESET	Resets the F150.	226
SCENE	Reads the scene number of the currently displayed scene.	227
	Changes the scene.	227

Commands that Read Measurement Results

The following commands read the results of the most recent measurement.

Command	Function	Page
POSIDATA (PD)	Reads the position compensation result or the displacement value.	224
MEASDATA (MD)	Reads the measurement result.	213
EXP	Reads the calculation result for output expressions.	208

Commands that Save/Load Data

The following commands are used to make and retrieve backup for data set at the F150.

Command	Function	Page
DATASAVE	Saves all data to flash memory.	207
SCNLOAD	Loads scene data from an external device.	227
SCNSAVE	Saves scene data to an external device.	228
SYSLOAD	Loads system data from an external device.	228
SYSSAVE	Saves system data to an external device.	229
IMGLOAD	Loads image data from an external device.	210
IMGSAVE	Saves image data to an external device.	210

Commands that Read/Change Current Settings

The following commands are used to read or change settings such as evaluation criteria. Operation can be controlled from the host by changing parameters for settings at the F150.

Command	Setting	Page
POSIPARA (PP)	Reads/sets parameters for position com- pensation regions.	225
MEASPARA (MP)	Reads/sets parameters for measurement regions.	216
EXPPARA (EP)	Reads/sets evaluation criteria for judge- ment output expressions.	209
LITPARA	Reads/sets light level of Intelligent Light Source.	211
VERGET	Reads version information for the system.	229

Input Format 8-3

The commands are input in ASCII. Commands can be made in either upper-case letters or lower-case letters.

b)

c)

MEASDATA < Measurement_region_number> < Parameter> delimiter

a)

- a) Variables are indicated in italics in pointed brackets < >. Actual values must be input for the variables.
- b) A space is required between each of the parameters (but not before a delimiter).
- A delimiter is required at the end of the command. c)
- Note The delimiters have been omitted from the commands and responses in this manual except where required for clarity. Be sure to allow for delimiters in programming.

8-4 Input Commands

The commands are explained in alphabetical order.

8-4-1 DATASAVE: Data Save

DATASAVE is used to save all data to flash memory.

Input

DATASAVE

Output

Data correctly saved: OK Data not correctly saved: ER

Note Do not turn OFF the power until a response has been received.

8-4-2 **DISPIMG:** Display Image

DISPIMG is used to read or change the memory number of the currently displayed image.

OK

Reading Memory Number of Currently Displayed Image

Input

DISPIMG

Output

Data correctly read:

<Memory_number>

Command not correct: ER When a through or freeze image is being displayed, the memory number for the latest measurement image is output. If there is no measurement image stored in memory, -1 will be output.

Example

Input:	DISPIMG
Output:	12 OK
	011

The memory image number 12 is being displayed.

Changing Currently Displayed Image

Input

DISPIMG < Memory_number>

 Specify a memory number in the range -1 to 23. If -1 is specified, the display will change to a through or freeze image, depending on the display settings. → Page 160

Output

Command correctly executed:	OK
Command not correct:	ER

Example

Input:	DISPIMG	8
Memory ir	nage number 8	is displayed.
Output: C	K	

8-4-3 EXP: Expression

EXP is used to read the results of output expressions.

Input

EXP <Output_type> <Output_number>

• Specify the following values for output type and output number:

Item	Output type	Output number
Judgement	0	0 to 15
Data	1	0 to 7

Output

Data correctly read:

<**Measurement_result**> OK ER

Command not correct:

Example

Input: EXP 1 0

The measurement result of the output expression for data 0 is read.

Output: 28.195 OK

The measurement value is 28.195.

8-4-4 EXPPARA (EP): Expression Parameter

EXPPARA can be used to read or set evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.

Reading Evaluation Criteria for Judgement Output Expressions

Input

EXPPARA < Judgement_number> < Parameter>

or

- EP <Judgement_number> <Parameter>
 - Specify a judgment number in the range 0 to 15.
 - The contents of the parameters are as follows:

Parameter	Contents
0	Upper limit
1	Lower limit

Output

Data correctly read:

<**Evaluation_criteria**> OK

Command not correct: ER

Example

Input: EXPPARA 0 0 The upper limit for judgement 0 is read. Output: 100.000 OK

The upper limit is 100.000.

Setting Evaluation Criteria for Judgement Output Expressions

Input

EXPPARA <Judgement_number> <Parameter> <Value> or EP <Judgement_number> <Parameter> <Value>

- Specify a judgement number in the range 0 to 15.
- The contents and setting range for the parameters are as follows:

Parameter	Contents
0	Upper-limit value (-9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999)
1	Lower-limit value (-9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999)

Output

Correct settings made: OK Correct settings not made: ER

Example

Input: EXPPARA 0 0 150.000

The upper limit for judgement 0 is changed to 150.000.

Output: OK

8-4-5 IMGLOAD: Image Load

IMGLOAD is used to load image data from an external device.

Input

IMGLOAD < Memory_image_number>

- Specify a memory image number in the range 0 to 23. The image data is loaded with Xmodem (-CRC or -SUM) protocol.
- When preparations to receive the data are completed, the F150 will send a READY signal to the external device. Send the data from the external device when the READY signal has been received.
- Only image data that has been saved from an F150 can be loaded.

Output

Data correctly loaded: OK

Data not correctly loaded: ER

Example

Input: IMGLOAD 2

Image data is loaded from the external device to memory image 2.

Output: OK

8-4-6 IMGSAVE: Image Save

IMGSAVE is used to save image data to an external device.

Input

IMGSAVE < Memory_image_number>

- Specify a memory image number in the range 0 to 23. The image data is saved with Xmodem (-CRC or -SUM) protocol.
- The memory image is transferred in BMP format.
- When preparations to send the data are completed, the F150 will send the character string "READY" to the external device. Start the data transfer at the external device when the "READY" string has been received.

Output

Data correctly saved:	OK
Data not correctly saved:	ER

Example

Input: IMGSAVE 2

The data in memory image 2 is saved to the external device.

Output: OK

8-4-7 LITPARA: Light Parameter

LITPARA is used to read or change the light level of the Intelligent Light Source.

Reading Light Level of Intelligent Light Source

Input

LITPARA <*Camera_number*>

Specify either 0 or 1 as the Camera number. If the 2-Camera Unit is not used, specify 0.

Output

The light level is output as either a 5 or 8-digit number. Each digit represents the level for one illuminated region in the range 0 to 7 (0 = not lit).



• F150-LTC20



<Light_level> OK ER

G

В

Command not correct:

Example

Input: LITPARA 0

> The light level for the Intelligent Light Source (F150-LTC20) connected to Camera 0 is read.

Output: 05555

OK

The distribution of light level is as shown below.



Changing Light Level of Intelligent Light Source

Input

	LITPARA < <i>Camera_number</i> >	<light_level></light_level>
	 Specify either 0 or 1 as t Camera Unit is not used, sp 	he Camera number. If the 2- becify 0.
	• Depending on the model used, set either a 5 or 8-digit fig- ure as the light level. Refer to the graphics given in <i>Read- ing Light Level of Intelligent Light Source</i> for details of the correspondence between digits and sections. Set a value between 0 and 7 for each digit. "0" represents the unlit state; the higher the number the higher the light level.	
Output		
	Data correctly set:	OK
	Command not correct:	ER
Example		
	Input: LITPARA 0 77777	

The light level for the Intelligent Light Source (F150-LTC20) connected to Camera 0 will be set in the way shown below.



Output: OK

MEASDATA (MD): Measure Data 8-4-8

MEASDATA is used to read measurement results.

Input

MEASDATA < Region_number> < Parameter>

or

- MD < Region number> < Parameter>
 - Specify a region number in the range 0 to 15.
 - The meaning of the parameter will vary according to the measurement method set for the region number specified. Refer to the parameter lists following.

Output

Example

Data correctly read:	< Measurement_result > OK
Command not correct:	ER
Input: MD 0 2 Y coordinate measurement	result for region 0 (gray

search) is read.

Output: 200.000 OK

The Y coordinate measurement value is 200.000.

Lists of Parameters (Common to MEASDATA/POSIDATA)

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
1	X coordinate of measured center of gravity
2	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity
3	X coordinate of reference center of gravity
4	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity
5	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity)
6	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity)
7	Measured value for area
8	Reference value for area
9	Measured value for area – reference value for area
10	Inverted area (area of measurement region – mea- sured area)
11	Measured axis angle
12	Reference axis angle
13	Axis displacement (measured axis angle – reference axis angle)

Note Parameters 11 to 13 are only used when the measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Edge Pitch (MEASDATA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measurement)
1	Number of detected objects
2	Average pitch
3	Maximum pitch
4	Minimum pitch
5	Average width
6	Maximum width
7	Minimum width

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)			
1	Measured X coordinate			
2	Measured Y coordinate			
3	Reference X coordinate			
4	Reference Y coordinate			
5	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate – reference X coordinate)			
6	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate – reference Y coordinate)			
7	Correlation value			

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)			
1	Measured edge coordinate			
2	Reference edge coordinate			
3	Displacement (measured coordinate – reference coor- dinate)			

Surface Defect (MEASDATA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning		
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measurement)		
1	Measured defect		
2	Maximum density value		
3	Minimum density value		

Density Averaging (MEASDATA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)			
1	Measured average density			
2	Reference average density			
3	Difference between measured average density and reference average density			

Relative Search (MEASDATA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning
0	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
1	Measured X width
2	Measured Y width
3	Measured distance
4	Reference X width
5	Reference Y width
6	Reference distance
7	Difference in X widths (measured width – reference width)
8	Difference in Y widths (measured width – reference width)
9	Difference in distances (measured distance – reference distance)
10	Correlation with model 0
11	Correlation with model 1

8-4-9 MEASPARA (MP): Measure Parameter

MEASPARA can be used to read or set parameters for measurement regions.

Reading Measurement Region Parameters

Input

	MEASPARA < Region_number> < Parameter>		
	or		
	MP < Region_number> < Parameter>		
	 Specify a region number in the range 0 to 15. 		
	 The meaning of the parameter will vary according to the measurement method set for the region number speci- fied. Refer to the parameter lists following. 		
Output			
	Parameter correctly read:	< Value> OK	
	Command not correct:	ER	
Example			
-	Input: MP 0 1		
	Lower limit for X coordinate for region 0 (gray search) is read.		

Output: 200.000 OK

The parameter is set to 200.000.

Setting Measurement Region Parameters

Input

MEASPARA < Region_number> < Parameter> < Value>

or

- MP <Region_number> <Parameter> <Value>
 - Specify a region number in the range 0 to 15.
 - The meaning of the parameter and the possible values will vary according to the measurement method set for the region number specified. Refer to the parameter lists following.

Output

Parameter correctly set: OK

Parameter not correctly set: ER

Example

Input: MP 0 1 400.000

Lower limit for X coordinate for region 0 (gray search) is set to 400.000.

Output: OK

Lists of Parameters (Common to MEASPARA/POSIPARA)

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Upper limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
1	Lower limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
2	Upper limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
3	Lower limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
4	Upper limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)			
5	Lower limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)			
6	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)			
7	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)			
8	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)			
9	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)			
10	Upper limit of binary level (0 to 255)			
11	Lower limit of binary level (0 to 255)			
12	Binary level inversion (0: not inverted, 1: inverted)			
13	Upper limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)			
14	Lower limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)			

Note Parameters 13 and 14 are only used when measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning		
0	Upper limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
1	Lower limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
2	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)		
3	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)		
4	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)		
5	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)		
6	Edge search direction (\uparrow : 0, \downarrow : 1, \rightarrow : 2, \leftarrow : 3)		
7	Edge color (Light \rightarrow Dark: 0, Dark \rightarrow Light: 1)		
8	Level (0 to 100)		

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Upper limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
1	Lower limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
2	Upper limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
3	Lower limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)			
4	Upper limit of correlation value (0 to 100)			
5	Lower limit of correlation value (0 to 100)			
6	Upper-left X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)			
7	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)			
8	Lower-right X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)			
9	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)			
10	X coordinate of reference position (0 to 511)			
11	Y coordinate of reference position (0 to 483)			
12	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)			

Edge Pitch (MEASPARA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning			
0	Upper limit of number of objects (0 to 255)			
1	Lower limit of number of objects (0 to 255)			
2	Upper limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)			
3	Lower limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)			
4	Upper limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)			
5	Lower limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)			
6	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)			
7	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)			
8	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)			
9	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)			
10	Counted object color (White: 0, Black: 1)			
11	Edge level (0 to 100)			
12	Minimum level (0 to 255)			

Surface Defect (MEASPARA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning		
0	Defect (0 to 255)		
1	Upper limit of density value (0 to 255)		
2	Lower limit of density value (0 to 255)		
3	Element size (4 to 80)		
4	Compare pitch (1 to 6)		
5 to 10	See note		

Note The meaning of parameters 5 to 10 varies according to the shape of the region.

Param- eter	Вох	Line	Circumference	Arc
5	Upper-left X coor- dinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of start point (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)
6	Upper-left Y coor- dinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of start point (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)
7	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of end point (0 to 511)	Radius (1 to 512)	Radius (1 to 512)
8	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of end point (0 to 483)	Width (1 to 64)	Width (1 to 64)
9		Width (1 to 64)		Start angle (–180.00 to 180.00)
10				End angle (-180.00 to 180.00)

Density Averaging (MEASPARA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning
0	Upper limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)
1	Lower limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)
2	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
3	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
4	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
5	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)

Relative Search (MEASPARA Command Only)

Parameter	Meaning
0	Upper limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
1	Lower limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
2	Upper limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
3	Lower limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
4	Upper limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
5	Lower limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
6	Upper limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
7	Lower limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
8	Upper limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
9	Lower limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
10	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
11	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
12	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
13	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
14	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
15	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
16	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
17	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
18	X coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 511)
19	Y coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 483)
20	X coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 511)
21	Y coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 483)
22	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)

8-4-10 MEASURE: Measure

MEASURE is used to perform measurements one at a time or to stop and start continuous measurements.

Performing One Measurement

Input

MEASURE or

М

Output

Measurement correctly performed: <<u>Measurement_results</u>> → Page 230 OK

Measurement not correctly performed: ER

Executing One Measurement on Currently Displayed Image

MEASURE /I or M /I

Output

Measurement correctly performed: <Measurement_results> \rightarrow Page 230 OK

Measurement not correctly performed:ER

Starting Continuous Measurements

Input

MEASURE /C or M /C

Output

Measurement correctly performed: OK delimiter <Continuous_measurement_results> → Page 230

Measurement not correctly performed: ER

Stopping Continuous Measurements

Input

MEASURE /E or M /E

Output

Measurement correctly stopped: OK

Measurement not correctly stopped: ER

8-4-11 MENUKEY

MENUKEY is used to switch RS-232C input to Menu operation mode.

Input

MENUKEY

Output

Nothing is output for this command.

Return to Normal mode from Menu operation mode by inputting CTRL + Q(\$11).

8-4-12 MODELSET: Model Set

MODELSET is used to re-register the model based on the currently displayed image.

Input

MODELSET < Region_number>

• Specify a region number in the range 0 to 15. This command is only valid for regions where the measurement method is gray search or precise search.

Output

Model correctly registered:	OK
Model not correctly registered:	ER

Model not correctly registered:

Example

Input: MODELSET 2

The model for region 2 (gray search) is registered.

Output: OK

If a region for which the measurement method is not gray search or precise search is specified, the command will be ignored but an OK will be output.

Example

If region 1, for which the measurement method is set to binary center of gravity and area, is specified:

Input: MODELSET 1 Output: OK

No settings are made.

Two-camera If the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, since Operation MODELSET registers the image currently displayed, display the region for the desired Camera before execution. Use the

Up/Down Console Keys to switch Camera images. By executing the MENUKEY command, Camera images can be switched from a personal computer using the key codes equivalent to the **Up/Down** Console keys.

8-4-13 POSIDATA (PD): Position Data

POSIDATA is used to read position compensation results or position displacements.

Reading Position Compensation Result

Input

POSIDATA

- <Position_Compensation_Region_Number> <Parameter>
- Specify a position compensation region number of 0 or 1.

Two-cameraIf two Cameras are used, specify 0 or 1 (for *Position compensation 0*), or 10 or 11 (for *Position compensation 1*).

• The meaning of the parameter will vary according to the position compensation method for the specified region. The parameters are the same as for MEASDATA. Refer to the MEASDATA parameter lists given previously in this section.

Output

Data correctly read:

<**Position_compensation result**>

Command not correct: ER

Example

Input: POSIDATA 0 2

Y coordinate measurement value for position compensation region 0 (gray search) is read.

Output: 200.000 OK

Y coordinate measurement value is 200.000.

Reading Displacement Value

Input

	POSIDATA < Parameter 1> < Parameter 2>
	Specify 2 for parameter 1.
Two-camera Operation	If two Cameras are used, specify 2 (for Position compensa- tion 0) or 12 (for Position compensation 1) for parameter 1.

• The meanings of parameter 2 settings are as follows:

Parameter	Meaning
0	Displacement in X direction (reference X coordinate – measured X coordinate)
1	Displacement in Y direction (reference Y coordinate – measured Y coordinate)
2	Angle displacement (reference angle – measured angle)

Output

Data correctly read:	< Position_displacement > OK
Command not correct:	ER

Example

Input: POSIDATA 2 0

Position displacement in the X direction is read.

Output:	95.65
-	OK

Displacement in the X direction is 95.65.

8-4-14 POSIPARA (PP): Position Parameter

POSIPARA is used to read or set position compensation region parameters.

Reading Position Compensation Region Parameters

Input

POSIPARA < Position_compensation_region_number> < Parameter>

or

- PP <*Position_compensation_region_number*> <*Parameter*>
 - Select a position compensation region number of 0 or 1.

Two-cameraIf two Cameras are used, specify 0 or 1 (for *Position compensation 0*), or 10 or 11 (for *Position compensation 1*).

• The meaning of the parameter will vary according to the position compensation method for the specified region. The parameters are the same as for MEASPARA. Refer to the MEASPARA parameter lists given previously in this section.

Output

Parameter correctly read: < Value>

OK

Command not correct: ER

Example

Input: PP 0 1

> Lower limit of the X coordinate for position compensation region 0 (gray search) is read.

Output: 200.000 OK

Lower limit of the X coordinate is set to 200.000.

Setting Position Compensation Region Parameters

Input

	POSIPARA < Position_compensation_region_number> < Parameter> < Value>
	or
	<pre>PP <position_compensation_region_number> </position_compensation_region_number></pre> <pre> <parameter> <value> </value></parameter></pre>
	 Select a position compensation region number of 0 or 1.
Two-camera Operation	If two Cameras are used, specify 0 or 1 (for <i>Position compensation 0</i>), or 10 or 11 (for <i>Position compensation 1</i>).
	 The meaning of the parameter will vary according to the position compensation method for the specified region. The parameters are the same as for MEASPARA. Refer to the MEASPARA parameter lists given previously in this section.
Output	
	Parameter correctly set: OK
	Parameter not correctly set: ER
Example	
•	Input: PP 0 1 400
	Lower limit of the X coordinate for position compensation region 0 (gray search) is changed to 400.000.
	Output: OK
8-4-15 RES	SET: Reset
	RESET is used to reset the F150.
Input	
-	RESET
Output	
	Nothing is output for this command.

8-4-16 SCENE: Scene

SCENE is used to read the currently displayed scene number or switch scene.

Reading the Scene Number

Input

SCENE

Output

Example

Data correctly read:	< Scene_number > OK
Command not correct:	ER

Input:	SCENE
Output:	0 OK
-	

Scene 0 is displayed.

Switching the Scene

Input

• Specify a scene number in the range 0 to 15.

Output

Scene correctly switched:	OK
Scene not correctly switched:	ER

Example

Input: SCENE 2

The measurement scene is changed to scene 2.

Output: OK

8-4-17 SCNLOAD: Scene Load

SCNLOAD is used to load scene data from a computer or other external device.

Input

SCNLOAD < Scene_number>

- Specify a scene number in the range 0 to 15. The scene data is transferred with Xmodem (-CRC or -SUM) protocol.
- When preparations to receive the data are completed, the F150 will send a READY signal to the external device. Send

the	data	from	the	external	device	when	the	READY	signal
has	beer	n rece	ived						

Output

Data correctly loaded: OK Data not correctly loaded: ER

Example

Input: SCNLOAD 2

Data is loaded to scene 2 from an external device.

Output: OK

8-4-18 SCNSAVE: Scene Save

SCNSAVE is used to save scene data to a computer or other external device.

Input

SCNSAVE < Scene_number>

- Specify a scene number in the range 0 to 15. The scene data is transferred with Xmodem (-CRC or -SUM) protocol.
- When preparations to send the data are completed, the F150 will send the character string "READY" to the external device. Start the data transfer at the external device when the "READY" string has been received.

Output

Data correctly saved: OK Data not correctly saved: ER

Example

Input: SCNSAVE 2

Data from scene 2 is saved to an external device.

Output: OK

8-4-19 SYSLOAD: System Load

SYSLOAD is used to load system data from a computer or other external device.

Input

SYSLOAD

• When preparations to receive the data are completed, the F150 will send a READY signal to the external device. Send the data from the external device when the READY signal has been received.

Output

Data correctly loaded: OK

Data not correctly loaded: ER Example Input: SYSLOAD System data is loaded from an external device. Output: OK SYSSAVE: System Save 8-4-20 SYSSAVE is used to save system data to a computer or other external device. Input SYSSAVE • When preparations to send the data are completed, the F150 will send the character string "READY" to the external device. Start the data transfer at the external device when the "READY" string has been received. Output Data correctly saved: OK Data not correctly saved: ER Example Input: SYSSAVE System data is saved to an external device. Output: OK 8-4-21 VERGET: Version Get VERGET is used to read information about the system version. Input VERGET Output Data correctly read: < Version information> OK Data not correctly read: ER Example Input: VERGET Version information is read. Output: F150-C10E-3 Ver3.00 XXXX/XX/XX XX:XX OK

8-5 Measurement Results Output Format

Measurement results are output in ASCII in order from the smallest output number to the largest.

The measurement results are output in the normal format even in Menu operation mode.

The amount of output data will depend on the number of digits in the measurement values.

- [<Measurement_results_for_data_0>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_1>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_2>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_3>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_4>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_5>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_6>], [<Measurement_results_for_data_7>]
 - Outputs are made in decimal, with a maximum of 7 digits before the decimal point and 3 digits after. The number of digits before the decimal point that are actually displayed will vary according to the measurement value but the number of digits after the decimal point is fixed to 3.
 - Calibrated values are output. Output values will be in the range -9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999. If the measurement value is less than -9,999,999.999, then -9,999,999.999 will be output. If the measurement value is greater than 9,999,999.999, then 9,999,999.999 will be output.
 - When a judgement is set, either 0 (OK) or -1 (NG) will be output.
- **Note** The output of data after measurement is performed in Run mode will continue until all of the data has been output, even if the mode is changed. Data output will not be interrupted.

SECTION 9 RS-232C Host Link Settings

This section describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are in Host Link mode.

9-1 Communications Settings 232 FlowCharts 9-1-1 232 9-1-2 Communications Settings 236 9-2 Command Tables 241 9-3 242 9-3-1 0010: ONE MEASUREMENT 242 0011: CONTINUOUS MEASUREMENT 9-3-2 243 9-3-3 0012: STOP MEASUREMENT 243 9-3-4 0020: SWITCH SCENE..... 243 243 9-3-6 0022: DECREMENT SCENE 244 9-3-7 0023: READ SCENE NUMBER 244 9-3-8 0040: MODEL REGISTER 2449-3-9 0066: SAVE DATA..... 245 9-3-10 0092: RESET 245 9-3-11 0080: READ MEASUREMENT 245 9-3-12 1060: SET PARAMETER 248 9-3-13 1070: READ PARAMETER 2539-3-14 1100: SET JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION CRITERIA 254 9-3-15 1110: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION 255 9-3-16 1120: SET LIGHT LEVEL 2569-3-17 1130: READ LIGHT LEVEL 256 9-3-18 1210: READ POSITION 257 9-3-19 1220: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION RESULT..... 260

Communications in Host Link mode are only supported for the F150-C10E-3 and F150-C15E-3

	9-3-20 1221: READ DATA OUTPUT EXPRESSION RESULT	261
9-4	Output Format	262
9-5	Sample Ladder Program	265

9-1 Communications Settings

9-1-1 FlowCharts

Select Host Link for the communications mode to communicate in Host Link format with a Programmable Controller or other host device via the RS-232C port.

- Set Mode Command inputs cannot be received.
- Monitor Mode Command inputs can be received, but measurement results are not output to external devices. If a command to read a set value is input, that value will be output.
- Run Mode Both command input and measurement result output are supported.
 - **Note** The output of data after measurement is performed in Run mode, will continue until all of the data has been output, even if the mode is changed. Data output will not be interrupted.

I/O via RS232C Port

Commands for the F150 are written to the Read Area in the Programmable Controller. The F150 will automatically read these commands, execute them, and write any results to the Write Area.



Inputting Measurement Trigger from STEP Terminal

If measurement triggers are to be input from the STEP terminal, set the Read Area to "None."



*A timeout error will occur if there is no response within 5 s. An error message will appear on the screen and the error terminal will turn ON.

Input the next STEP signal after all data output has been completed.

Using TXD Instructions

Commands are sent from the Programmable Controller to the F150 using TXD instructions in the Programmable Controller's ladder program instead of the Read Area.

If TXD instructions are to be used to send commands, set the Read Area to "None."


9-1-2 Communications Settings

Baud Rate and Communications Mode

The following explains how to set the baud rate, data length, and other communications specifications.

The same communications settings must be used on both the F150 and the external device (Programmable Controller).

Item	Setting		
Baud rate	2,400/4,800/9,600/19,200/ 38,400* (bps)	Use the same settings on the	
Data length	7, 8* (bits)	Programmable Controller. Use at a baud	
Parity bits	None*, even, odd		
Stop bits	1*, 2 (bits)	rate of 9,600 bps or less.	
Delimiter	CR*, LF, CR+LF		
Mode	Normal*, Host Link, Menu. Select Host Link		

Note The default settings are marked with asterisks (*).

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.

Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	 ms
	Freeze

2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.

Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼		ms
SET MON RUN SYS TOOL SAVE		
		Freeze

- 3 Select SYS.
- 4 Select Communications.

5 Select RS-232C.



6 Set the items.



7 Select *End* to enter the settings.

Setting the Read and Write Areas in the Programmable Controller

This section explains how to set the Read Area from which the F150 reads commands and the Write Area to which the F150 outputs results. Both of these areas are in the memory of the Programmable Controller.

Item		Selection		
Read Area		Select the Read Area from which the F150 reads commands. I/O*, HR (holding relay), LR (link relay), DM (data memory), None (See note 2.)		
Begin read word		Set the first word to read in area specified above (0 to 9995). The default setting is 0.		
Write Area		Select the Write Area to which the F150 outputs results. I/O*, HR (holding relay), LR (link relay), DM (data memory), None (See note 3.)		
Begin write word		Set the first word to write in the area spec- ified above (0 to 9996). The default is 100.		
Programmable ON* Controller mode check		Checks the mode of the Programmable Controller when the F150 enters Monitor or Run mode. Measurement will not be performed unless the Programmable Con troller is in Monitor mode. (An error mes- sage will be displayed.)		
	OFF	Sends a command to the Programmable Controller to change mode to Monitor mode when the F150 enters Monitor or Run mode.		

Note

- 1. The default settings are marked with asterisks (*).
- 2. When the read area setting is "None," the F150 will not read data. However, TXD instructions are received.
- 3. When the write area setting is "None," the F150 will not output data.

Procedure

1 Select Host link.

System settings Communications Output Device Displa Host link Set ke Switch meriu Startup mode Error method Version	lock
---	------

2 Set the items.

Refer to the following page for details on inputting values: \rightarrow Page 26

I/O▼ [0] I/O▼ [100] ON▼

3 Select *End* to enter the settings.

9-2 Command Tables

The following commands can be input from the host device to the F150.

Set the command to be executed in the Read Area of the Programmable Controller.

Commands that Control F150 Operation

The following commands control F150 operation.

Command code	Function	Page
0010	Executes one measurement.	242
0011	Starts continuous measurement.	243
0012	Stops continuous measurement.	243
0020	Changes to a specified scene number.	243
0021	Increases the displayed scene number by one.	243
0022	Decreases the displayed scene number by one.	244
0040	Registers the model.	244
0066	Saves all data to flash memory.	245
0092	Resets the F150.	245

Commands that Read Measurement Results

The following commands read the results of the most recent measurement.

Command code	Function	
0080	Reads measurement results of the mea- surement region.	245
1210	Reads distances scrolled for position displacement compensation.	257
1220	Reads calculation results for judgement output expressions.	260
1221	Reads calculation results for data output expressions.	261

Commands that Read Current Settings

The following commands read settings such as evaluation criteria. F150 operation can be controlled from the host while monitoring F150 settings.

Command code	Function	Page
0023	Reads number of currently displayed scene.	244
1070	Reads parameters for measurement region.	253
1110	Reads evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.	255
1130	Reads light level of Intelligent Light Source.	256

Commands that Change F150 Settings

The following commands perform settings such as for evaluation criteria. F150 operation can be controlled from the host while monitoring F150 settings.

Command code	Function	Page
1060	Sets parameters for measurement region.	248
1100	Sets evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.	254
1120	Sets light level of Intelligent Light Source.	256

9-3 Input Format

This section explains the command formats in order of the command codes. Commands are input in BCD. Set the commands starting from the begin read word of the Read Area.

9-3-1 0010: ONE MEASUREMENT

Executes one measurement.

Begin			Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0001	0000	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Input

The measurement results are output. \rightarrow Page 262

9-3-2 0011: CONTINUOUS MEASUREMENT

Starts continuous measurement.

Input

Begin						
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0		
+0	0000	0000	0001	0001	Command code	

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

The measurement results are output. \rightarrow Page 262

9-3-3 0012: STOP MEASUREMENT

Stops continuous measurement.

Input

Begin	Setting				
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0001	0010	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-4 0020: SWITCH SCENE

Switches to a specified scene number.

Input

Begin		Setting			
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Scene No. (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-5 0021: INCREMENT SCENE

Increments the current scene number.

If the current scene number is 15, switches to scene 0.

Input

Begin	Setting				
read word 15 to 12 11 to 8 7 to 4				3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0010	0001	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-6 0022: DECREMENT SCENE

Decrements the current scene number.

If the current scene number is 0, switches to scene 15.

Input

Begin		Setting			
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0010	0010	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-7 0023: READ SCENE NUMBER

Reads the currently displayed scene number.

Input

Begin	Setting				
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0010	0011	Command code

Output

Begin		Setting			
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Scene No. (00 to 15)

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.

9-3-8 0040: MODEL REGISTER

Re-registers the model based on the currently displayed image. (With through display, re-registers the model based on the measurement image input immediately before.) Only valid when the measurement method for the specified region is gray search or precise search. If any other regions are specified the command will be ignored.

Input

Begin		Setting			
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0100	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Region No. (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, since
MODELSET registers the image currently displayed, display
the region for the desired Camera before execution. Use the
Up/Down Console Keys to switch Camera images.

9-3-9 0066: SAVE DATA

Saves all data to flash memory.

Input

Begin	Setting				
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0110	0110	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-10 0092: RESET

Resets the F150.

Input

Begin	Setting					
read word 15 to 12		11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0		
+0	0000	0000	1001	0010	Command code	

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

9-3-11 0080: READ MEASUREMENT

Reads measurement results for the region measured last.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	1000	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 13)

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Output

Begin					Setting
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion.
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign.
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

Data Types

The data types that can be read will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measurement)
01	X coordinate of measured center of gravity
02	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity
03	X coordinate of reference center of gravity
04	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity)
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity)
07	Measured value for area
08	Reference value for area
09	Difference between reference and measured area
10	Inverted area (area of measurement region – mea- sured area)
11	Measured axis angle
12	Reference axis angle
13	Axis displacement (measured axis angle – reference axis angle)

Note Parameters 11 to 13 are only used when measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measurement)
01	Measured edge coordinate
02	Reference edge coordinate
03	Displacement (measured coordinate - reference coor- dinate)

Surface Defect

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measurement)
01	Measured defect
02	Maximum density value
03	Minimum density value

Density Averaging

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)		
01	Measured average density		
02	Reference average density		
03	Difference between measured average density and reference average density		

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)		
01	Measured X coordinate		
02	Measured Y coordinate		
03	Reference X coordinate		
04	Reference Y coordinate		
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate – reference X coordinate)		
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate – reference Y coordinate)		
07	Correlation value		

Edge Pitch

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)		
01	Number of detected objects		
02	Average pitch		
03	Maximum pitch		
04	Minimum pitch		
05	Average width		
06	Maximum width		
07	Minimum width		

Relative Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	Measured X width
02	Measured Y width
03	Measured distance
04	Reference X width
05	Reference Y width
06	Reference distance
07	Difference in X widths (measured width – reference width)
08	Difference in Y widths (measured width - reference width)
09	Difference in distances (measured distance – reference distance)
10	Correlation with model 0
11	Correlation with model 1

9-3-12 1060: SET PARAMETER

Sets parameters for measurement regions.

Input

Begin	Bits				Setting
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0000	0110	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 14)
+2	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of set- ting data.
+3	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion of set- ting data and sign.
+4	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of set- ting data.

Data Types

The data types that can be set will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
01	Lower limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
02	Upper limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
03	Lower limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
04	Upper limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)
05	Lower limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)
06	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
08	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
10	Upper limit of binary level (0 to 255)
11	Lower limit of binary level (0 to 255)
12	Binary level inversion (0: not inverted, 1: inverted)
13	Upper limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)
14	Lower limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)

Note Parameters 13 and 14 are only used when measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
01	Lower limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
02	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
03	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
04	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
05	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
06	Edge search direction ($\uparrow: 0, \downarrow: 1, \rightarrow: 2, \leftarrow: 3$)
07	Edge color (Light \rightarrow Dark: 0, Dark \rightarrow Light: 1)
08	Level (0 to 100)

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
01	Lower limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
02	Upper limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
03	Lower limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
04	Upper limit of correlation value (0 to 100)
05	Lower limit of correlation value (0 to 100)
06	Upper-left X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)
08	Lower-right X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)
10	X coordinate of reference position (0 to 511)
11	Y coordinate of reference position (0 to 483)
12	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)

Edge Pitch

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of number of objects (0 to 255)
01	Lower limit of number of objects (0 to 255)
02	Upper limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)
03	Lower limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)
04	Upper limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)
05	Lower limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)
06	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
08	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
10	Counted object color (White: 0, Black: 1)
11	Edge level (0 to 100)
12	Minimum level (0 to 255)

Density Averaging

Parameter	Meaning						
00	Upper limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)						
01	Lower limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)						
02	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)						
03	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)						
04	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)						
05	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)						

Relative Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
01	Lower limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
02	Upper limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
03	Lower limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
04	Upper limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
05	Lower limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
06	Upper limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
07	Lower limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
08	Upper limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
09	Lower limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
10	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
11	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
12	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
13	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
14	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
15	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
16	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
17	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
18	X coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 511)
19	Y coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 483)
20	X coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 511)
21	Y coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 483)
22	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)

Surface Defect

Parameter	Meaning					
00	Defect (0 to 255)					
01	Upper limit of density value (0 to 255)					
02	Lower limit of density value (0 to 255)					
03	Element size (4 to 80)					
04	Compare pitch (1 to 6)					
05 to 10	See note					

Note The meanings of parameters 5 to 10 vary according to the shape of the region.

Parameter	Box	Line	Circumference	Arc
05	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of start point (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)
06	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of start point (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)
07	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of end point (0 to 511)	Radius (1 to 512)	Radius (1 to 512)
08	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of end point (0 to 483)	Width (1 to 64)	Width (1 to 64)
09		Width (1 to 64)		Start angle (–180.00 to 180.00)
10				End angle (–180.00 to 180.00)

9-3-13 1070: READ PARAMETER

Reads parameters for measurement regions. The data types are the same as for command 1060. Refer to the parameter lists above.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0000	0111	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 14)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Output

Begin		Setting			
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

9-3-14 1100: SET JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION CRITERIA

Sets evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.

Input

Begin	Bits				Setting
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0001	0000	0000	Command code
+1	0000	Туре	10's digit	1's digit	Judgement number (00 to 15) and type
+2	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+3	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+4	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Type: Upper limit: 0000, Lower limit: 0001

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

9-3-15 1110: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION CRITERIA

Reads evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0001	0001	0000	Command code
+1	0000	Туре	10's digit of judgement number	1's digit of judgement number	Judgement number (00 to 15) and type

Type: Upper limit: 0000, Lower limit: 0001 Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Output

Begin		Setting			
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign.
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

9-3-16 1120: SET LIGHT LEVEL

Sets the light level for the Intelligent Light Source.

Input

Begin		В	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0001	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	Camera number	Camera number (0 or 1)
+2	Light level for section B	Light level for section C	Light level for section D	Light level for section E	Light level for each section (0 to 7; 0 = unlit)
+3	0000	0000	0000	Light level for section A	
+4	0000	Light level for section F	Light level for section G	Light level for section H	

F150-LTC20





F to H always set to 0

9-3-17 1130: READ LIGHT LEVEL

Reads the light level for the Intelligent Light Source. For details of the positions of the sections, refer to *1120: SET LIGHT LEVEL*.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0001	0011	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	Camera number	Camera number (0 or 1)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Output

Begin		Setting			
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	Light level for section B	Light level for section C	Light level for section D	Light level for section E	Light level for each section (0 to 7; 0 = unlit)
+2	0000	0000	0000	Light level for section A	
+3	0000	Light level for section F	Light level for section G	Light level for section H	

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.

9-3-18 1210: READ POSITION

Reads measurement values related to position displacement compensation for most recent measurement.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0010	0001	0000	Command code
+1	0000	Region No.	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (0 or 1; to read displacement: 2) Data type (00 to 13)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Two-camera
OperationIf two Cameras are used, specify 0 or 1 (for *Position com-
pensation 0*), or 10 or 11 (for *Position compensation 1*) for
the region number. To read the displacement, specify 2 (for
Position compensation 0) or 12 (for *Position compensa-
tion 1*).

Output

Begin					Setting
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

Data Types

The data types that can be read will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	Measured edge coordinate
02	Reference edge coordinate
03	Displacement (measured coordinate – reference coor- dinate)

Position Displacement

Parameter	Meaning
00	Displacement in X direction (reference X coordinate – measured X coordinate)
01	Displacement in Y direction (reference Y coordinate – measured Y coordinate)
02	Angle displacement (reference angle – measured angle)

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	X coordinate of measured center of gravity
02	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity
03	X coordinate of reference center of gravity
04	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity)
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity)
07	Measured value for area
08	Reference value for area
09	Difference between reference and measured area
10	Inverted area (area of measurement region – mea- sured area)
11	Measured axis angle
12	Reference axis angle
13	Axis displacement (measured axis angle – reference axis angle)

Note Parameters 11 to 13 are only used when the measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	Measured X coordinate
02	Measured Y coordinate
03	Reference X coordinate
04	Reference Y coordinate
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate – reference X coordinate)
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate – reference Y coordinate)
07	Correlation value

1220: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT 9-3-19 **EXPRESSION RESULT**

Reads calculation results of judgement output expressions for the most recent measurement.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0010	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Judgement number (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Output

Begin		Bi		Setting	
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result and sign
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

9-3-20

1221: READ DATA OUTPUT EXPRESSION RESULT

Reads calculation results of data output expressions for the most recent measurement.

Input

Begin		Bi	Setting		
read word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0001	0010	0010	0001	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	1's digit	Data number (0 to 7)

Output

Begin			Setting		
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Write Flag	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion calcu- lation result
+2	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result and sign
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Write Flag: Changes between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor the flag to check if the data has been written.Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

9-4 Output Format

When a measurement is executed, the results are output in BCD to the Write Area of the Programmable Controller. The output will be in order, starting with the smallest output number

Write Flag switches between 0000 and 1111 each time data is output. Monitor this flag to see when measurement results have been written. The Write Flag will be 1111 after the first measurement and so set the flag to an initial setting of 0000.

Begin		Bits			Setting
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Wite Flag	0000	0000	0000	Wite Flag
+1	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+2	Sign	1,000,000 's digit	100,0000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+3	0000	1st decimal	2nd decimal	3rd decimal	Decimal portion
					De

0000: Positive 1111: Negative

Calibrated values are output.

Measurements from -9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999 can be output. Measurements less than -9,999,999.999 are output as "-9,999,999.999.999." Measurement greater than 9,999,999.999 are output as "9,999,999.999."

When the output is set to a judgment, the output will be one of the following:

OK: 0 NG: -1

Note The output of data after measurement is performed in Run mode, will continue until all of the data has been output, even if the mode is changed. Data output will not be interrupted.

Example 1:

Calculation result of 143.250 for data output 0. No setting for data output 1. Calculation result of –6943.298 for data output 2.

Begin	Bits				Setting
write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag (0000)
+1	0000	0001	0100	0011	Rightmost 4 digits of inte- gral portion
+2	0000	0000	0000	0000	Leftmost 2 digits of inte- gral portion and sign
+3	0000	0010	0101	0000	Decimal portion
+4	0000	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag (0000)
+5	0110	1001	0100	0011	Rightmost 4 digits of inte- gral portion
+6	1111	0000	0000	0000	Leftmost 2 digits of inte- gral portion and sign
+7	0000	0010	1001	1000	Decimal portion

Output numbers for which settings have not been made are not output (as data output 1 above).

Example 2:

If expressions are set for all data outputs (0 to 7), the measurement results will be output in two groups.

Group 1: Calculation results for data outputs 0 to 6.

Group 2: Calculation result for data output 7.

	Begin	Bits				Setting
	write word	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
(+0	0000	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag (0000)
	+1	0000	0001	0100	0011	Rightmost 4 digits of inte- gral portion
	+2	0000	0000	0000	0000	Leftmost 2 digits of inte- gral portion and sign
	+3	0000	0010	0101	0000	Decimal portion
	+(4 x n) + 0	0000	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag (0000)
	+(4 x n) + 1	0110	1001	0100	0011	Rightmost 4 digits of inte- gral portion
	+(4 x n) + 2	1111	0000	0000	0000	Leftmost 2 digits of inte- gral portion and sign
	+(4 x n) + 3	0000	0010	1001	1000	Decimal portion
	+28	1111	0000	0000	0000	Write Flag (1111)
	+29	0000	0001	0100	0011	Rightmost 4 digits of inte- gral portion
	+30	0000	0000	0000	0000	Leftmost 2 digits of inte- gral portion and sign
	+31	0000	0010	0101	0000	Decimal portion

9-5 Sample Ladder Program

This section provides a sample ladder program for the OMRON C200H/C200HS Programmable Controller.

In this program, the Run command is input from the Programmable Controller to the F150, and the judgement results are output back to the Programmable Controller from the F150.

Programmable Controller Settings

Use the following communications settings for a Host Link Unit on the Programmable Controller, or the Host Link port built into the CPU Unit.

Refer to the Programmable Controller manuals for detailed setting instructions.

Item	Setting
Communications pro- tocol	SYSWAY (Host Link)
1:1/1:N	1:N
Unit no.	00
Baud rate	Make the same settings as for the F150.
Data length	
Parity bits	
Stop bits	

F150 Settings

Settings for Communications Specifications

Item	Setting	
Baud rate	Make the same settings as for the Program-	
Data length	mable Controller.	
Parity bits		
Stop bits		
Read Area	DM	
Begin read word	0100	
Write Area	DM	
Begin write word	0105	

Settings for Output Expressions

Go to *Expression/Data*, and make the following settings in data 0 and data 1.

Data 0: R0.JG Data 1: R1.JG

Data Area Allocations

DM 0100 DM 0101	Input Command Area (Read Area from F150)		
DM 0102 DM 0103 DM 0104	Initial value of #0000 is stored in DM 0100		
DM 0105	Results Storage Area for data out-		
DM 0106	put 0		Host Link Communications
DM 0107	Initial value of #f000 is stored in DM 0105 (Write Flag)		Area
DM 0108	Divi 0105 (White Flag)	-	
DM 0109	Results Storage Area for data out-		
DM 0110	put 1		
DM 0111	Initial value of #f000 is stored in DM 0109 (Write Flag)		
DM 0112	Division of the state of the st		
DM 0200	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
DM 0201]	Result Storage Area for ANDW Instruction

Ladder Diagram





SECTION 10 CompoBus/D Settings

This section describes the communications settings required when the F150 is used as a CompoBus/D Slave.

CompoBus/D communications are only supported for the F150-C10E-3-DRT.

For details on the baud rate and node address settings, refer to the Setup Manual.

For detailed information relating to CompoBus/D, such as system configuration and cable connections, refer to the *CompoBus/D (DeviceNet) Operation Manual* (W267).

10-1	Communications Settings	270
	10-1-1 Communications Settings	273
	10-1-2 Confirming CompoBus/D Communications Settings	277
10-2	Input Format	278
	10-2-1 Basic Mode	278
	10-2-2 Expand Mode	281
10-3	Output Format	301
	10-3-1 Control Output (Word +0)	303
	10-3-2 Judgement Output (+1)	304
	10-3-3 F150 Status Output (+2).	305
	10-3-4 Expand Command Response Output (+3 to 7)	305
	10-3-5 Data Output in BCD or Binary (+3 to 26 or +8 to 31).	306
10-4	Timing Charts	309
	10-4-1 Basic Mode	309
	10-4-2 Expand Mode	312
10-5	Allocation Charts	315
10-6	Sample Ladder Program	318
	10-6-1 Programmable Controller Settings	318
	10-6-2 Allocations for Programmable Controller	318
	10-6-3 Timing Charts.	319
	10-6-4 Ladder Program	321

10-1 Communications Settings

The F150-C10E-3-DRT operates as a CompoBus/D Slave. Data is automatically exchanged with the Master Unit using remote I/O.

- Set Mode Command inputs cannot be received.
- Monitor Mode Command inputs can be received, but measurement results (judgement output and data output) are not output to external devices. Control output and F150 status output are supported, however.
- Run Mode Both command input and output of measurement results are supported.


Output Area

Set operational commands to be sent to the F150 here. Select the input mode (Basic/Expand) in the communications specifications settings menu.



Input Area

Measurement results are output from the F150 to this area.



10-1-1 Communications Settings

This section explains the setting methods required for communications specifications when performing communications with the CompoBus/D.

Item	Selections	Details	
Input mode	Basic (default setting)	Use this mode for measurement commands and scene changing. The number of allocated areas required in the Master in this mode is less than that required in Expand mode (2 bytes).	
	Expand	In addition to measurement commands, commands for reading and setting parameters are also available. The number of allocated areas required in this mode is greater than that required in Basic mode (10 bytes).	

Item	Selections	Details
GATE terminal control	Measure output (default set- ting)	The GATE terminal on the terminal block is used as a timing signal for obtaining measurement results output from the terminal block.
	Any output	The GATE terminal on the terminal block is controlled by commands, and used as required by the user. (e.g.: Lighting control, etc.)
Data output	OFF (default set- ting)	Measurement results (data) are not output. There are a fewer number of output bytes and so the number of allocated areas can be decreased.
	BCD	Measurement results (data) are output in BCD format.
	Binary	Measurement results (data) are output in binary for- mat.
Response output	OFF (default set- ting)	Responses to expand commands are not output. There are a fewer number of output bytes and so the number of allocated areas can be decreased. How- ever, even if commands for reading setting values are input, the values will not be output. Normally, if the input mode is Basic mode, this setting should be OFF.
	ON	Responses to expand commands are output. The command code for the executed command will be entered in the first read word. Commands that are executed can be monitored with this word.
Communica- tions errors (see below)	Keep (default set- ting)	When a network error occurs, the data that was sent from the Programmable Controller to the F150 imme- diately before the error occurred (in the output area) is saved, and the F150 continues operation based on this data.
	Clear	When a network error occurs, the data sent from the Programmable Controller to the F150 is cleared to 0, and the F150 continues operation based on this data. The Command Enable Bit will also be reset to 0. Therefore, when the network error has been cleared, if the output area of the Programmable Controller is in the same state as it was when the error occurred, the same command will be executed twice.

Communications Errors

When a network error occurs, the status of data input from the Programmable Controller to the F150 via the network may change. Therefore, select the way the status of data input from the Programmable Controller to the F150 is to be defined when an error occurs.

Note Select CompoBus/D as the data output destination in *SYS/Output*. If RS-232C is selected, no value will be output to CompoBus/D regardless of whether BCD or binary is set for the data output format. → Page 157

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.



3 Select SYS.

4 Select Communications.

System settings Communications
Output Device settings
Display
Set key operation Switch menu
Startup mode
Error method Version

5 Select CompoBus/D set.

System settings	
Communications Output Device Displa Set ke Switch Startut CompoBus/D set Startut Version	

6 Set the required items.

Communi	cations(CompoBus	/D Set)
	GATE terminal	: OFF
	End	

- 7 Select *End*. A confirmation message will be displayed.
- 8 Select OK.



Note In order to register these settings it is necessary to save the settings to flash memory and restart the F150. Also, the number of I/O bytes will change in accordance with the new settings. Therefore, restart the whole network. \rightarrow Page 181

10-1-2 Confirming CompoBus/D Communications Settings

CompoBus/D communications settings can be confirmed by displaying them on the screen. If an error occurs in Compo-Bus/D communications, take note of the contents of this screen and contact your OMRON representative.

Item	Details
ID	Vendor ID (A), product type (B), product code (C). <u>47, 0, 203</u> (A) (B) (C)
Rev.	DeviceNet specifications version.
Serial number	Serial number for the model. (20200001 on)
Baud rate	Baud rate set with DIP switch.
Node address	Node address set with DIP switch.
Number of input bytes Depends on the input mode in the CompoBus settings. 2: Basic; 10: Expand	
Number of output bytes	Depends on the data outputs and response out- puts in the CompoBus/D settings. 6: Data output OFF; Response OFF 16: Data output OFF; Response ON 54: Data output BCD or binary; Response OFF 64: Data output BCD or binary; Response ON

Procedure

1 Select CompoBus/D ref.

System s	ettings inications	
Output Device Displar Set ke Switch	RS-232C Normal Host link Terminal block CompoBus/D set CompoBus/D ref ethod	

2 Select OK to exit this screen.

cations(Refer Co	mpoBus/D)	
Baud rate Node address Input bytes	125Kbps 00 2	
OK		
	ID Rev. Serial No Baud rate Node address Input bytes	Rev. : 2.0

10-2 Input Format

This section explains the format of commands that are set in the output area of the Programmable Controller in order to control F150 operation.

10-2-1 Basic Mode

The word numbers given here are the offset values from the first word in the allocated area of the Master. The "-" indicates that either 0 or 1 can be set without affecting the setting.

ONE MEASUREMENT

When bit 8 turns ON, one measurement is executed.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-001	0000		Bit 8: one measure- ment

CONTINUOUS MEASUREMENT

Starts continuous measurement. Measurements are continued until the STOP MEASUREMENT is input. To input other commands, input the STOP MEASUREMENT command. If other commands are input while continuous measurement is being executed, continuous measurement will be stopped temporarily and start up again once processing for the input command has been completed.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-000	1001		Bit 4: Start continuous measurement Bit 7: Command Enable Bit

After the command has been input, set bit 7 to 0 to start measurement.

STOP MEASUREMENT

Stops continuous measurement.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-000	1000		Bit 4: Stops continu- ous measurement Bit 7: Command Enable Bit

SWITCH SCENE

Switches to a specified scene number.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-000	1010	Scene number	Bit 5: Switch scene Bit 7: Command Enable Bit

Specify a number in the range 0 to 15 in binary format.

MODEL REGISTER

Re-registers the model based on the currently displayed image. (With through display, re-registers the model based on the measurement image input immediately before.) Only valid when the measurement method for the specified region is gray search or precise search. If other regions are specified, this command will be ignored.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-000	1100	Region No.	Bit 6: Register model Bit 7: Command Enable Bit

Specify a number in the range 0 to 15 in binary format.

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, since this
command registers the image currently displayed, display the
region for the desired Camera before execution. Use the Up/
Down Console Keys to switch Camera images.

GATE TERMINAL OUTPUT CONTROL

When "any output" has been selected for GATE terminal control in the communications specifications setting menu, bit 11 will control the GATE terminal. If the GATE terminal is used for measurement output, the status of bit 11 will be ignored.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0		*-0-			Bit 11: GATE terminal control



Area	Bits	Function
OUT	Bit 11	Controls the output from the user terminal (GATE terminal).
IN	TERMSTAT	The status of the GATE terminal will be reflected by the status of word +0, bit 11 of the input area (TERMSTAT). Therefore, the status of the GATE terminal can be obtained by monitoring this bit. There will be a time lag before changes in bit 11 of the output area are reflected in the GATE terminal due to DeviceNet communications delays and the status of the F150.

RESET Resets the F150.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	0000	-010	0000	0000	Bit 9: system reset

10-2-2 Expand Mode

Commands that Control F150 Operation

The following commands control F150 operation.

Command code	Function	Page
0010	Executes one measurement.	283
0011	Starts continuous measurement.	283
0012	Stops continuous measurement.	283
0020	Changes to a specified scene number.	284
0021	Increases the displayed scene number by one.	284
0022	Decreases the displayed scene number by one.	284
0040	Registers the model.	285
0066	Saves all data to flash memory.	285
0092	Resets the F150.	285

Commands that Read Measurement Results

The following commands read the results of the most recent measurement.

Command code	Function	Page
0080	Reads measurement results of the mea- surement region.	285
1210	Reads distances scrolled for position displacement compensation.	296
1220	Reads calculation results for judgement output expressions.	299
1221	Reads calculation results for data output expressions.	299

Commands that Read Current Settings

The following commands read settings such as evaluation criteria. F150 operation can be controlled from the Master while monitoring F150 settings.

Command code	Function	Page
0023	Reads number of currently displayed scene.	284
1070	Reads parameters for measurement region.	293
1110	Reads evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.	294
1130	Reads light level of Intelligent Light Source.	295

Commands that Change F150 Settings

The following commands perform settings such as for evaluation criteria. F150 operation can be controlled from the Master while monitoring F150 settings.

Command code	Function	Page
1060	Sets parameters for measurement region.	289
1100	Sets evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.	294
1120	Sets light level of Intelligent Light Source.	295

Commands that Control User Terminal (GATE) Output

Command code	Command code Function		
1300	Turns user terminal (GATE) output ON/ OFF.	300	
1301	Reads the status of the user terminal (GATE).	301	

Format

The word numbers given here are the offset values from the first word in the allocated area of the Master. "-" indicates that either 0 or 1 can be entered without affecting the setting. Commands are set in words +0 to +4. Word +0, bit 15 is a command trigger. Commands are executed when the status of this bit changes $(0 \leftrightarrow 1)$.

Response

If the response output has been set to ON in the communications specifications settings menu, a response will be output from the F150 when a command has been completed. For commands that are given here without responses, the content of the

response that is output in words +3 to +7 will be the same as for the commands in +0 to +4.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	0001	0000	Command code

Example: for measurement (0010) commands.

All the bits in words +1 to +4 set to 0.

Response

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*000	0000	0001	0000	Command code
+4	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+5	0000	0000	0000	0000	
+6	0000	0000	0000	0000	
+7	0000	0000	0000	0000	

0010: ONE MEASUREMENT

Executes one measurement of the camera image.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0001	0000	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0011: CONTINUOUS MEASUREMENT

Starts continuous measurement.

To input other commands, input the STOP MEASUREMENT command. If other commands are input while continuous measurement is being executed, continuous measurement will be stopped temporarily and started up again once processing for the input command has been completed.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0001	0001	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0012: STOP MEASUREMENT

Stops continuous measurement.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0001	0010	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0020: SWITCH SCENE

Switches to a specified scene number.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Scene No. (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

0021: INCREMENT SCENE

Increments the current scene number.

If the current scene number is 15, switches to scene 0.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0010	0001	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0022: DECREMENT SCENE

Decrements the current scene number.

If the current scene number is 0, switches to scene 15.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0010	0010	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0023: READ SCENE NUMBER

Reads the scene number of the image being displayed.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	0010	0011	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Response

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*000	0000	0001	0011	Command code
+4	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+5	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Scene No. (00 to 15)
+6	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+7	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0

0040: MODEL REGISTER

Re-registers the model based on the currently displayed image. (With through display, re-registers the model based on the measurement image input immediately before.) Only valid when the measurement method for the specified region is gray search or precise search. If any other regions are specified the command will be ignored.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	0100	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Region No. (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Two-camera
OperationIf the camera mode is Two-camera Switching mode, since this
command registers the image currently displayed, display the
region for the desired Camera before execution. Use the Up/
Down Console Keys to switch Camera images.

0066: SAVE DATA

Saves all data to flash memory.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	0110	0110	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0092: RESET Resets the F150.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8			
+0	*000	0000	1001	0010	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

0080: READ MEASUREMENT

Reads measurement results for the region measured last.

Word		Setting			
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	1000	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 13)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Word		Bi	its		Setting
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*000	0000	1000	0000	Command code
+4	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 13)
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion.
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign.
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Response

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

Data Types

The data types that can be read will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)		
01	X coordinate of measured center of gravity		
02	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity		
03	X coordinate of reference center of gravity		
04	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity		
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity)		
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity)		
07	Measured value for area		
08	Reference value for area		
09	Difference between reference and measured area		
10	Inverted area (area of measurement region – mea- sured area)		
11	Measured axis angle		
12	Reference axis angle		
13	Axis displacement (measured axis angle – reference axis angle)		

Note Parameters 11 to 13 are only used when measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning	
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)	
01	Measured edge coordinate	
02	Reference edge coordinate	
03	Displacement (measured coordinate - reference coordinate)	

Surface Defect

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)		
01	Measured defect		
02	Maximum density value		
03	Minimum density value		

Density Averaging

Parameter	Meaning	
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)	
01	Measured average density	
02	Reference average density	
03	Difference between measured average density and reference average density	

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning	
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)	
01	Measured X coordinate	
02	Measured Y coordinate	
03	Reference X coordinate	
04	Reference Y coordinate	
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate – reference X coordinate)	
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate – reference Y coordinate)	
07	Correlation value	

Edge Pitch

Parameter	Meaning	
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)	
01	Number of detected objects	
02	Average pitch	
03	Maximum pitch	
04	Minimum pitch	
05	Average width	
06	Maximum width	
07	Minimum width	

Relative Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	Measured X width
02	Measured Y width
03	Measured distance
04	Reference X width
05	Reference Y width
06	Reference distance
07	Difference in X widths (measured width – reference width)
08	Difference in Y widths (measured width – reference width)
09	Difference in distances (measured distance – reference distance)
10	Correlation with model 0
11	Correlation with model 1

1060: SET PARAMETER

Sets parameters	for measureme	ent regions.
-----------------	---------------	--------------

Word	Bits				Setting
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0000	0110	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 14)
+2	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of setting data.
+3	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of setting data and sign.
+4	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of set- ting data.

Data Types

The data types that can be set will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Binary Center of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of Gravity and Axis Angle

Parameter	Meaning		
00	Upper limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
01	Lower limit of X coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
02	Upper limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
03	Lower limit of Y coordinate of center of gravity (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)		
04	Upper limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)		
05	Lower limit of area (0 to 9,999,999.999)		
06	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)		
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)		
08	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)		
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)		
10	Upper limit of binary level (0 to 255)		
11	Lower limit of binary level (0 to 255)		
12	Binary level inversion (0: not inverted, 1: inverted)		
13	Upper limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)		
14	Lower limit of axis angle (-180.000 to 180.000)		

Note Parameters 13 and 14 are only used when the measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning	
00	Upper limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)	
01	Lower limit of position (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)	
02	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	
03	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	
04	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	
05	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	
06	Edge search direction (\uparrow : 0, \downarrow : 1, \rightarrow : 2, \leftarrow : 3)	
07	Edge color (Light \rightarrow Dark: 0, Dark \rightarrow Light: 1)	
08	Level (0 to 100)	

Gray Search, Precise Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
01	Lower limit of X coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
02	Upper limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
03	Lower limit of Y coordinate (-9,999.999 to 9,999.999)
04	Upper limit of correlation value (0 to 100)
05	Lower limit of correlation value (0 to 100)
06	Upper-left X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)
08	Lower-right X coordinate of search region (0 to 511)
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region (0 to 483)
10	X coordinate of reference position (0 to 511)
11	Y coordinate of reference position (0 to 483)
12	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)

Edge Pitch

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of number of objects (0 to 255)
01	Lower limit of number of objects (0 to 255)
02	Upper limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)
03	Lower limit of pitch (0 to 9,999.999)
04	Upper limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)
05	Lower limit of width (0 to 9,999.999)
06	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
07	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
08	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)
09	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)
10	Counted object color (White: 0, Black: 1)
11	Edge level (0 to 100)
12	Minimum level (0 to 255)

Density Averaging

Parameter	Meaning					
00	Upper limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)					
01	Lower limit of average density (0.000 to 255.000)					
02	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)					
03	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)					
04	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)					
05	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)					

Relative Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Upper limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
01	Lower limit of width X (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
02	Upper limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
03	Lower limit of width Y (-9999.999 to 9999.999)
04	Upper limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
05	Lower limit of distance (0 to 9999.999)
06	Upper limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
07	Lower limit of correlation with model 0 (0 to 100)
08	Upper limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
09	Lower limit of correlation with model 1 (0 to 100)
10	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
11	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
12	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 511)
13	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 0 (0 to 483)
14	Upper-left X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
15	Upper-left Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
16	Lower-right X coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 511)
17	Lower-right Y coordinate of search region for model 1 (0 to 483)
18	X coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 511)
19	Y coordinate of reference position for model 0 (0 to 483)
20	X coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 511)
21	Y coordinate of reference position for model 1 (0 to 483)
22	Search speed (0: LOW \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4: HIGH)

Surface Defect

Parameter	Meaning				
00	Defect (0 to 255)				
01	Upper limit of density value (0 to 255)				
02	Lower limit of density value (0 to 255)				
03	Element size (4 to 80)				
04	Compare pitch (1 to 6)				
05 to 10	See note				

Note The meanings of parameters 5 to 10 vary according to the shape of the region.

Param- eter	Вох	Line	Circumference	Arc
05	Upper-left X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of start point (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)	X coordinate of center (0 to 511)
06	Upper-left Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of start point (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of center (0 to 483)
07	Lower-right X coordinate of region (0 to 511)	X coordinate of end point (0 to 511)	Radius (1 to 512)	Radius (1 to 512)
08	Lower-right Y coordinate of region (0 to 483)	Y coordinate of end point (0 to 483)	Width (1 to 64)	Width (1 to 64)
09		Width (1 to 64)		Start angle (–180.00 to 180.00)
10				End angle (–180.00 to 180.00)

1070: READ PARAMETER

Reads parameters for measurement regions. The data types are the same as for command 1060. Refer to the parameter listed above.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0000	0111	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 14)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0000	0111	0000	Command code
+4	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (00 to 15) Data type (00 to 14)
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 3 digits of integral portion.
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign.
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

<u>Response</u>

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

1100: SET JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION CRITERIA

Sets evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0001	0000	0000	Command code
+1	0000	Туре	10's digit	1's digit	Judgement number (00 to 15) and type
+2	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+3	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+4	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Type: Upper limit: 0000, Lower limit: 0001

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

1110: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION CRITERIA

Reads evaluation criteria for judgement output expressions.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0001	0001	0000	Command code
+1	0000	Туре	10's digit of judgement number	1's digit of judgement number	Judgement number (00 to 15) and type

Type: Upper limit: 0000, Lower limit: 0001 Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0001	0001	0000	Command code
+4	0000	Туре	10's digit of judgement number	1's digit of judgement number	Judgement number (00 to 15) and type Write Verification Flag
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign.
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Response

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

1120: SET LIGHT LEVEL

Sets the light level for the Intelligent Light Source.

Word		B	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0001	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	Camera number	Camera number (0 to 1)
+2	Light level for section B	Light level for section C	Light level for section D	Light level for section E	Light level for each section (0 to 7; 0 = unlit)
+3	0000	0000	0000	Light level for section A	
+4	0000	Light level for section F	Light level for section G	Light level for section H	

F150-LTC20





F to H always set to 0

1130: READ LIGHT LEVEL

Reads the light level for the Intelligent Light Source. For details of the positions of the sections, refer to *1120: SET LIGHT LEVEL*.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0001	0011	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	Camera number	Camera number (0 or 1)

Response

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0001	0011	0000	Command code
+1	Light level for section B	Light level for section C	Light level for section D	Light level for section E	Light level for each section (0 to 7; 0 = unlit)
+2	0000	0000	0000	Light level for section A	
+3	0000	Light level for section F	Light level for section G	Light level for section H	

1210: READ POSITION

Reads measurement values related to position displacement compensation for most recent measurement.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0010	0001	0000	Command code
+1	10's digit of region number	1's digit of region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (0 to 1; to read displacement: 2) Data type (00 to 13)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Two-cameraIf two cameras are used, specify 0 or 1 (for *Position compensation 0*), or 10 or 11 (for *Position compensation 1*) for the
region number. To read the displacement, specify 2 (for *Posi-
tion compensation 0*) or 12 (for *Position compensation 1*).

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0010	0001	0000	Command code
+4	0000	Region number	10's digit of data type	1's digit of data type	Region No. (0 to 1; to read displacement: 2) Data type (00 to 13)
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion and sign
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

<u>Response</u>

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

Data Types

The data types that can be read will vary according to the measurement method for the specified region.

Gray Edge Position

Parameter	Meaning			
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)			
01	Measured edge coordinate			
02	Reference edge coordinate			
03	Displacement (measured coordinate – reference coordinate)			

Position Displacement

Parameter	Meaning					
00	Displacement in X direction (reference X coordinate – measured X coordinate)					
01	Displacement in Y direction (reference Y coordinate – measured Y coordinate)					
02	Angle displacement (reference angle – measured angle)					

	nter of Gravity and Area, Binary Center of d Axis Angle	
_		-

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	X coordinate of measured center of gravity
02	Y coordinate of measured center of gravity
03	X coordinate of reference center of gravity
04	Y coordinate of reference center of gravity
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate of center of gravity – reference X coordinate of center of gravity)
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate of center of gravity – reference Y coordinate of center of gravity)
07	Measured value for area
08	Reference value for area
09	Difference between reference and measured area
10	Inverted area (area of measurement region – mea- sured area)
11	Measured axis angle
12	Reference axis angle
13	Axis displacement (measured axis angle – reference axis angle)

Note Parameters 11 to 13 are only used when measurement method is binary center of gravity and axis angle.

Gray Search

Parameter	Meaning
00	Judgement result (0: OK, -1: NG, -2: no measure- ment)
01	Measured X coordinate
02	Measured Y coordinate
03	Reference X coordinate
04	Reference Y coordinate
05	Displacement in X direction (measured X coordinate – reference X coordinate)
06	Displacement in Y direction (measured Y coordinate – reference Y coordinate)
07	Correlation value

1220: READ JUDGEMENT OUTPUT EXPRESSION RESULT

Reads calculation results of judgement output expressions for the most recent measurement.

Word		B	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0010	0010	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Judgement number (00 to 15)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Response

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0010	0010	0000	Command code
+4	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Judgement number (00 to 15)
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result and sign
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

1221: READ DATA OUTPUT EXPRESSION RESULT

Reads calculation results of data output expressions for the most recent measurement.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0010	0010	0001	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	1's digit	Data number (0 to 7)

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0010	0010	0001	Command code
+4	0000	0000	0000	1's digit	Data number (0 to 7)
+5	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result
+6	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of integral portion of cal- culation result and sign
+7	0000	1st decimal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion

<u>Response</u>

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

1300: GATE TERMINAL OUTPUT CONTROL

Changes the output of the user terminal (GATE terminal). This setting is only valid if GATE terminal control has been set to user output in the communications specifications setting menu.

Word	Ì	B	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0011	0000	0000	Command code
+1	0000	0000	0000	ON/OFF	Terminal output con- trol

Set all bits in words +2 to +4 to 0.

ON/OFF: ON (0001), OFF (0000)



Area	Bits	Function
OUT	Word +0 to +1	Sets the command (ON/OFF).
IN	TERMSTAT	The status of the GATE terminal will be reflected by the status of word +0, bit 11 of the input area (TERMSTAT). Therefore, the status of the GATE terminal can be monitored with this bit. There will be a time lag before changes in bit 11 of the output area due to DeviceNet communications delays and the status of the F150.

1301: READ GATE TERMINAL STATUS

Reads the status of the user terminal (GATE terminal). This setting is only valid if GATE terminal control has been set to user output in the communications specifications setting menu.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*001	0011	0000	0001	Command code

Set all bits in words +1 to +4 to 0.

Word		E	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*001	0011	0000	0001	Command code
+4	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+5	0000	0000	0000	ON/OFF	ON/OFF status of ter- minal
+6	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+7	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0

Response

ON/OFF: (

ON (0001), OFF (0000)

10-3 Output Format

The following explains the contents of output from the F150 to the input area of the Programmable Controller. Data output and response output settings can be made in the communications specifications setting menu. The number of bytes will vary according to these settings as shown below.

Data Output: OFF; Response Output: OFF

Word		Bytes			
	15 to 12 11 to 8 7 to 4 3 to 0				
+0	Control outp	ut	6 bytes		
+1	Judgement of	output			
+2	F150 status	output			

Data Output: OFF; Response Output: ON

Word		Bi	Bytes		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Control outp	ut	16 bytes		
+1	Judgement of	output			
+2	F150 status	output			
+3	Expand com	mand respon			
+4					
+5					
+6					
+7	1				

Data Output: BCD/Binary; Response Output: OFF

Word		Bi	Bytes		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Control outp	ut	54 bytes		
+1	Judgement of	output			
+2	F150 status	output			
+3 to +26	Data output	(BCD/binary)			

Data Output: ON; Response Output: ON

Word	Bits				Bytes
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	Control outp	ut	64 bytes		
+1	Judgement of	output			
+2	F150 status	output			
+3	Expand com	mand respon			
+4					
+5					
+6					
+7					
+8 to +31	Data output	(BCD/binary)			

10-3-1 Control Output (Word +0)

Bits	Flag	Function		
0	ERROR	Turns ON if an error is generated during F150 pro- cessing. Turns ON/OFF in synchronization with the ERR terminal on the terminal block.		
1	RUN	ON while the F150 is in Run mode. Turns ON/OFF in synchronization with the RUN terminal on the terminal block.		
2	BUSY	Indicates that the F150 is executing a command from CompoBus/D. Do not input a command while the BUSY Flag is ON. The currently executed com- mand or the input command will not be executed properly. When commands are from RS-232C, or when using a STEP signal from a terminal board, this output will not turn ON. When inputting in this way, use the BUSY signal on the terminal board.		
3	Empty	(Always 0)		
4	OR	Outputs an overall judgement when a measurement command has been executed. If there is one NG in the specified measurement region or the output expressions, the overall judgement will be NG. Select whether to turn ON this output for OK or NG in the output polarity setting in <i>SYS/Communications/Terminal block</i> . (The default setting is ON for NG.) \rightarrow Page 184		
5 to 7	Empty	(Always 0)		
8	JDGFLG	Alternates between 0 and 1 to indicate that judge- ment output has been refreshed.		
9	DATAFLG	Alternates between 0 and 1 to indicate that data output has been refreshed.		
10	CMDFLG (see note)	Alternates between 0 and 1 to indicate that expand command response output has been refreshed. Do not change the contents of an expand command until this flag has changed status. By comparing the Expand Command Bit and the Response Output Bit when the flag changes status, it is possible to verify whether the input command and the executed com- mand correspond.		
11	TERMSTAT	Indicates the current status of the GATE terminal. Only output when the GATE terminal control is set to any output.		
12	CMDSTAT (see note)	Indicates expand command errors (wrong format, etc.). When an error occurs, this flag turns ON and expand command response is not output. The CMD-FLG will change accordingly.		
13 to 15	Empty	(Always 0)		

Note CMDFLG and CMDSTAT are only valid when the input mode is Expand mode.

10-3-2 Judgement Output (+1)

When measurement commands are executed, the judgements and calculation results set in *Expression/Judge* are output. Select whether a bit is turned ON by an OK or an NG judgement, in the output polarity setting in *SYS/Communications/Terminal block*. (The default setting is for the bit to turn ON for an NG judgement.) \rightarrow **Page 184**

Bits	Allocation
0	Judgement output 0
1	Judgement output 1
2	Judgement output 2
3	Judgement output 3
4	Judgement output 4
5	Judgement output 5
6	Judgement output 6
7	Judgement output 7
8	Judgement output 8
9	Judgement output 9
10	Judgement output 10
11	Judgement output 11
12	Judgement output 12
13	Judgement output 13
14	Judgement output 14
15	Judgement output 15

10-3-3 F150 Status Output (+2)

Bits	Allocation
0 to 3	Number of currently displayed scene (refreshed when the Switch Scene command is executed)
4 to 7	Empty (always 0)
8 (see note)	Continuous Measurement Start Flag
9 (see note)	Continuous Measurement Stop Flag
10 (see note)	Switch Scene Completed Flag
11 (see note)	Model Register Completed Flag
12 (see note)	One Measurement Completed Flag
13 to 15	Empty (always 0)

Note Bits 8 to 12 above are only valid when the input mode is Basic mode.

When a command has been executed, the corresponding flag will turn ON. Wait for the flag to turn ON, and turn OFF the command. When the command is turned OFF, the corresponding flag will also turn OFF. For details refer to the relevant timing chart.

10-3-4 Expand Command Response Output (+3 to 7)

After an expand command has been executed, a response is output. For details of responses to given commands refer to *10-2 Input Format*

Since these words are allocated for expand command output, if the input mode is Basic mode, the output will always be 0. Accordingly, if the input mode is set to Basic mode, turn the response output OFF.

Word		Bi	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+0	*000	0000	0010	0011	Command code

Example: 0023: Read Scene Number

Set words +1 to +4 OFF.

Word		В	Setting		
	15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	*000	0000	0010	0011	Command code
+4	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+5	0000	0000	10's digit	1's digit	Scene number (00 to 15)
+6	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0
+7	0000	0000	0000	0000	All 0

Response

Note For commands that are given here without responses, the content of the response that is output in words +3 to +7 will be the same as for the commands in +0 to +4.

10-3-5 Data Output in BCD or Binary (+3 to 26 or +8 to 31)

When measurement commands are executed, the results of calculations set in *Expression/Data* are output. The range for output values is -9,999,999.999 to 9,999,999.999 (after calibration).

If expand command response output is OFF, the results are output to words +3 to +26, and if it is ON, the results are output to words +8 to +31.

BCD Code

Word	Word		Setting			
		15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	+8	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of data 0 (decimal)
+4	+9	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of of integral portion of data 0 (decimal) and sign
+5	+10	0000	1st deci- mal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of data 0 (decimal)
+6	+11	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of data 1 (decimal)
+7	+12	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of of integral portion of data 1 (decimal) and sign
+8	+13	0000	1st deci- mal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of data 1 (decimal)
to	to					
3 + (3 × n) + 0	8 + (3 × n) + 0	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of data n (decimal)
3 + (3 × n) + 1	8 + (3 × n) + 1	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of of integral portion of data n (decimal) and sign
3 + (3 × n) + 2	8 + (3 × n) + 2	0000	1st deci- mal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of data n (decimal)
to	to					
+24	+29	1,000's digit	100's digit	10's digit	1's digit	Rightmost 4 digits of integral portion of data 7 (decimal)
+25	+30	Sign	1,000,000' s digit	100,000's digit	10,000's digit	Leftmost 3 digits of of integral portion of data 7 (decimal) and sign
+26	+31	0000	1st deci- mal	2nd deci- mal	3rd deci- mal	Decimal portion of data 7 (decimal)

Sign: Positive: 0000, Negative: 1111

Values for output numbers which are not set will be 0.
Binary Code The binary 2's complement of the calculation results after multiplication by a factor of 1,000 are output. The output values are restricted to the range of values whose 2's complement can be expressed in 6 bytes.

Word	Word	Bits		Setting		
		15 to 12	11 to 8	7 to 4	3 to 0	
+3	+8	Binary data				First 2 bytes of data 0.
+4	+9	Binary data				Middle 2 bytes of data 0.
+5	+10	Binary data				Last 2 bytes of data 0.
+6	+11	Binary data				First 2 bytes of data 1.
+7	+12	Binary data				Middle 2 bytes of data 1.
+8	+13	Binary data				Last 2 bytes of data 1.
to	to					
3 + (3 × n) + 0	8 + (3 × n) + 0	Binary data				First 2 bytes of data n.
3 + (3 × n) + 1	8 + (3 × n) + 1	Binary data				Middle 2 bytes of data n.
3 + (3 × n) + 2	8 + (3 × n) + 2	Binary data				Last 2 bytes of data n.
to	to					
+24	+29	Binary data				First 2 bytes of data 10.
+25	+30	Binary data				Middle 2 bytes of data 10.
+26	+31	Binary data				Last 2 bytes of data 10.

Values for output numbers which are not set will be 0.

10-4 Timing Charts

The meanings of the arrows and dotted lines used in this section are as follows:

Ļ	The F150 is controlled automatically according to the status of the bit at the base of the arrow.
	Perform ON/OFF control according to the status of the bit at the base of the arrow.
	Dotted lines indicate optional output. By deselecting outputs, the number of bytes can be reduced.

10-4-1 Basic Mode



Note There is no expand command response output and the words allocated for this output will always be 0. The setting for response output in the Communications Specifications Screen should be turned OFF before inputting a command.

Continuous Measurement



Note There is no expand command response output and the words allocated for this output will always be 0. The setting for response output in the Communications Specifications Screen should be turned OFF before inputting a command.

Switching Scenes







10-4-2 Expand Mode

One Measurement (0010)



Note Word +2 of Input Area (F150 Status Output)

The first 4 bits of this word are used to output the number of the currently displayed scene. All other bits are for responses in Basic mode, and therefore will always be output as 0.

Continuous Measurement (Start: 0011; Stop: 0012)



Note Word +2 of Input Area (F150 Status Output)

The first 4 bits of this word are used to output the number of the currently displayed scene. All other bits are for responses in Basic mode, and therefore will always be output as 0.



Note Word +2 of Input Area (F150 Status Output)

The first 4 bits of this word are used to output the number of the currently displayed scene. All other bits are for responses in Basic mode, and therefore will always be output as 0.

Commands that Control F150 Operation (e.g. 0020 SWITCH SCENE)



Note Word +2 of Input Area (F150 Status Output)

The first 4 bits of this word are used to output the number of the currently displayed scene. All other bits are for responses in Basic mode, and therefore will always be output as 0.

10-5 Allocation Charts

This section gives lists of allocations for the input and output area of the Programmable Controller. For details refer to *Input Format* and *Output Format*.

Output Area

For details refer to Input Format. \rightarrow Page 278

Basic Mode

Bits	Word +0
0	Scene number/region number
1	
2	7
3	7
4	Continuous Measurement
5	Scene Switch
6	Model Register
7	Enable Bit
8	One Measurement
9	Reset
10	Empty
11	GATE Terminal
12	Empty
13	
14	
15	

Expand Mode

Bits	Word +0	Word +1	Word +2	Word +3	Word +4
0	Command	Parameter			
1	code				
2	1				
3	1				
4	1				
5					
6	1				
7	1				
8	1				
9	1				
10					
11					
12					
13]				
14					
15	Execution trigger				

Input Area

For details refer to Output Format. \rightarrow Page 301

Bits	Word +0	Word +1	Word +2	Word +3 to Word +7	Word +8 to Word +31
0	ERROR	Judgement	Number of	Expand com-	Calculation
1	RUN	for expres- sion set in	currently dis- played scene	mand responses	results for expressions
2	BUSY	Expression/		(see note 1)	set in
3	Empty	Judge. (Judgement			Expression/ Judge.
4	OR	0: bit 0: Judge-	Empty		(If the expand com-
5	Empty	ment 15: bit			mand
6		15)			responses are all set to
7					OFF, these
8	JDGFLG		Continuous Measure- ment Start Flag (see note 2)		calculation results will be output to words +3 to +26.)
9	DATAFLG		Continuous Measure- ment Stop Flag (see note 2)		
10	CMDFLG (see note 1)		Switch Scene Com- pleted Flag (see note 2)		
11	TERMSTAT		Model Regis- ter Com- pleted Flag (see note 2)		
12	CMDSTAT (see note 1)		One Mea- surement Completed Flag (see note 2)		
13	Empty		Empty		
14]				
15]				

- Note 1. These bits are only valid if the input mode is Expand mode. (If the input mode is Basic mode these bits will always be 0.)
 - These flags are only valid if the input mode is Basic mode. (If the input mode is Expand mode these bits will always be 0.)

10-6 Sample Ladder Program

This section gives a sample ladder program for the OMRON CVM1 Programmable Controller.

In this program, the scene is switched to scene 15 at power ON and one measurement is performed. The judgement for this measurement is then output back to the Programmable Controller.

10-6-1 Programmable Controller Settings

Node Address

Set the DIP switch to "2."

Settings Communications Specifications

Item	Setting	Bytes
Input mode	Basic	2 input bytes
Data output	OFF	6 output bytes
Response output	OFF	

Setting Expressions

Set the data 0 in Expression/Data to "R0.JG."

Setting Output Destinations

Select CompoBus/D as the output destination for data in *SYS/ Output*.

10-6-2 Allocations for Programmable Controller

Word	Allocation
1902	Command input area. (Programmable Controller \rightarrow F150)
2002	BUSY signal is allocated to bit 2 of this word.
2003	Judgement output area. (F150 \rightarrow Programmable Controller)
2004	Response for the command input in word 1902 is allo- cated to the bits in this word.

10-6-3 Timing Charts





10-6-4 Ladder Program



SECTION 11 RS-232C Menu Operation Settings

This section describes the communications settings for the RS-232C port when communications are in Menu operation mode. Menu operation mode allows F150 menus to be manipulated from a computer or other external device via the RS-232C port.

Make the same communications settings for the F150 and the external device. Set the F150 to Menu operation mode.

The measurement results will be output in Normal mode format in Menu operation mode. However, Xon/off flow control cannot be used (CTRL+S and CTRL+Q codes coincide).

Settings

Item	Settings		
Baud rate	2,400, 4,800, 9,600, 19,200, 38,400* (bps)	Use the same set- tings on the IBM	
Data length	7, 8* (bits)	PC/AT or compati- ble computer.	
Parity bits	None*, even, odd		
Stop bits	1*, 2 (bits)		
Delimiter	CR*, LF, CR+LF		
Mode	Select Menu (possible settings: Normal*, Host link, and Menu operation mode).		

Note The default settings are marked with asterisks.*

RS-232C Inputs Corresponding to Console Keys

The key codes shown in the right column in the following table can be input from an external device to perform the same functions as the Console keys shown on the left.

Console key	RS-232C input			
	Key	Code		
ESC	CTRL + [(\$1B)		
TRIG	CTRL + A	(\$01)		
ENT	CTRL + M	(\$0D)		
SHIFT + ESC	CTRL + I, Tab	(\$09)		
SHIFT +TRIG	CTRL + T	(\$14)		
SHIFT +ENT	CTRL + R	(\$12)		
Up Key	CTRL + E	(\$05)		
Down Key	CTRL + X	(\$18)		
Left Key	CTRL + S	(\$13)		
Right Key	CTRL + D	(\$04)		
SHIFT +Up Key	CTRL + W	(\$17)		
SHIFT +Down Key	CTRL + Z	(\$1A)		
SHIFT +Left Key	CTRL + F	(\$06)		
SHIFT +Right Key	CTRL + H	(\$08)		
(see note)	CTRL + Q	(\$11)		

Note CTRL + Q changes the RS-232C input to Normal mode. (Can only be input in Monitor or Run mode.)

Procedure

1 Display the Basic Screen for Monitor mode or Run mode.



2 Move the cursor to MON or RUN and press the ENT Key.

Scn 0 ▼ MON ▼	 ms
SET	
MON RUN	
SYS	
TOOL	
SAVE	
	Freeze

3 Select SYS.

4 Select Communications.

stem settings
Communications
Output
Device settings
Display
Set key operation
Switch menu
Startup mode
Error method
Version

5 Select *RS-232C*.

System settings	
Communications Output RS-232C Device Normal Displa Host link Set ke Terminal block Switch menu Startup mode Error method Version	

6 Set the items.

Communications(RS-232C)				
	Baud rate Data length Parity bits Stop bits Delimiter Mode	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	38400 bps▼ 8bit▼ None▼ 1bit▼ CR▼ Menu▼	
		Enc	1	

7 Select *End* to enter the settings.

SECTION 12 Troubleshooting

This section lists the errors that may occur during F150 operation, along with their probable causes and remedies.

Message	Probable Cause and Countermeasure
Camera is not connected.*	Check the following:Camera Cables are connected properly.Both Cameras are connected when two Cameras are used.
Cannot measure the angle from one region.	Select a region for which binary center of gravity and axis angle has been set as the measurement method.
Communications error.*	Turn OFF the power to the F150 and restart. If the same error message appears, it may mean that the F150 is faulty. Contact your OMRON representative.
Set density so that the upper >/= the lower.	Set so that the lower limit of the density is smaller than the upper limit.
Draw at least one OR fig- ure.	NOT mode is used to delete part of a drawn diagram.Draw diagrams in OR mode.
Host link error. Change to normal mode. (see note)	 After checking for the following items, either change the RS-232C mode to Host Link mode, or restart the F150: The Programmable Controller is ON. The RS-232C cable is connected properly. The communications specifications for the Programmable Controller and the F150 are the same.
Illegal syntax in expres- sion.	 Check the following for the expression: There are the same number of right and left parentheses. There is not more than one operator in a row without a variable in between them. There is not more than one function in a row without a variable in between them. There is not more than one region number in a row. There is not more than one constant in a row. There are not too many, or too few arguments for a function.
Incorrect data format received.*	 There is a mistake in the data for which transfer between the F150 and the external device was attempted. Turn OFF the power to the F150, and check for the following items before restarting the F150. The RS-232C cable is connected properly. The terminal block is wired correctly. If the same error message appears after restart, it may mean that the F150 is faulty. Contact your OMRON representative.

Message	Probable Cause and Countermeasure
Insufficient flash memory.	An error has occurred in flash memory. Data cannot be saved because of insufficient available flash memory.
	 Either make the region to be registered smaller, or clear unneeded regions from memory.
	If the same error message appears after the regions have been reduced, it may mean that flash memory is faulty. Con- tact your OMRON representative.
Insufficient work memory.	No more regions can be registered because of insufficient available work memory.
	• Either make the model or region to be registered smaller, or clear unneeded models or regions.
Intelligent Lighting is not selected.	In SYS/Device settings , make the settings required for using an Intelligent Light Source.
Programmable Controller is not in monitor mode.*	Change the mode of the Programmable Controller to Monitor mode.
Select midpoint between 2 regions for X and Y.	If the relative angle of the 2 regions is set for the position compensation setting θ , the midpoint of the 2 regions must be set for X and Y.
	- Either set midpoint of 2 regions for X and Y, or change the $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ setting.
Select same region number for θ , X and Y.	If position compensation region 0 or 1 is set for θ , then X and Y must be set to the same region number.
	- Either set the same region number for X and Y, or change the $\boldsymbol{\theta}$ setting.
Set parameters so that Output Period \geq Gate ON	The communications specifications for the terminal block are set incorrectly.
delay + Gate ON time.	 Make the settings so that output period ≥ GATE ON delay + GATE ON time.
Setting calibration parame- ters is failed.	The Camera magnification is outside the permitted setting range.
	 Re-perform sampling so that the magnification is in the range 0.01 to 9.999.
	Sampling has only been performed once.
	 Perform sampling in at least 2 places.

Message	Probable Cause and Countermeasure
This region is not drawn.	A region that has not been drawn is selected as a displace- ment direction setting.
	 Either draw the region, or select a region that has been drawn.
Timeout error.*	Data transfer has been interrupted due to a timeout error in communications between the F150 and an external device. Turn OFF the power to the F150, and check for the following items before restarting the F150.
	 The RS-232C cable is connected properly. The terminal block is wired correctly. The communications specifications for the external device and the F150 are the same.
	If the same error message appears after restart, it may mean that the F150 is faulty. Contact your OMRON representative.

Note When the error messages marked with an asterisk are displayed, the ERR terminal will come ON.

Appendix A

Version Information

This appendix gives details of the functions that have been added as a result of software upgrading and provides information about data compatibility with previous versions of the software.

Data Compatibility

Scene Data

- Ver. 1. C (F150-C10E) data cannot be used with this version.
- Ver. 2. [] (F150-C10E-2, F150-C15E-2, F150-C10E-2-DRT) data can be used with this version.

System Data

- Ver. 1. [] (F150-C10E) data cannot be used with this version.
- Ver. 2. [] (F150-C10E-2, F150-C15E-2, F150-C10E-2-DRT) data can be used with this version.

Functions (Ver. 2.1 \Box to Ver. 3.0 \Box)

Two Cameras with One Controller

With this version, by connecting a Two-camera Unit (F150-A20), two Cameras can be operated from just one Controller, and two images can be taken simultaneously. The default menu configuration is for operation with one Camera and so before using two Cameras, it is necessary to change the menu configuration. \rightarrow Page 29

Light Control Menu

With this version, a menu for controlling light level has been added under **Set**/ **Adjust**. When an Intelligent Light Source (F150-LTC20/LTC50) is used, this menu allows the light level to be controlled from the F150. RS-232C and Compo-Bus/D commands have been added that allow the light level to be controlled in this way from external devices. \rightarrow Page 41, 59

Density Averaging and Relative Search

Two more measurement methods, density averaging and relative search, have been added with this version. \rightarrow Page 10, 108, 112

Noise Level Added to Edge Detection Conditions

It is now possible to set a noise level that determines the existence of edges and so erroneous edge detection is reduced. \rightarrow Page 93

Results Display Selection Increased

The following 5 items have been added to *Display result* under *SYS/Display settings*, enabling measurement results to be confirmed and judgement conditions to be adjusted with greater ease. In addition, the results of position compensation can be viewed in *All results of regions*. \rightarrow Page 142

_	None Position compensation	The regults of position componention
	All results of regions All positions of regions Individual region All judges Individual judge All data Individual data	The results of position compensation have been added to <i>All results of</i> <i>regions.</i>
	I/O monitor [Region] [Judge] [Data] [All]	Five new items have been added. Use <i>I/O monitor</i> to display the contents of <i>I/O</i> . Use Region, Judge, Data, and All to cyclically display data both individually and as a list.

Console Key Allocations

With this version, it is possible to change the functions assigned to the Console Keys in Monitor mode and Run mode. \rightarrow Page 169

Output of Measurement Results via Terminal Block (F150-C10E-3, F150-C15E-3)

With the previous version, only judgement results could be output to the terminal block. With this version, however, data can also be output. Select *Terminal block* as the output destination in *SYS/Output*. \rightarrow Page 157

Set the actual contents of data output in <code>Expressions/Data</code>. \rightarrow Page 122

New Mode for Data Backup

A new mode, Tool mode, has been added. Select this menu to immediately display a menu showing the different kinds of data that can be saved. In addition, when saving image data, select the images to be be saved from memory numbers displayed.



A

ABS 126 all data 147 all judges 146 all positions of regions 145 allocations 315, 318 ANGL 127 ATAN 127

B

background suppression object measurement 49 position compensation 64 backup 177 baud rate CompoBus/D 277 menu operation 324 RS-232C (host link) 236 RS-232C (normal) 200 binary center of gravity and area object measurement 82 output expressions 124 overview 4 parameter lists 214, 218, 246, 249, 259, 286, 289, 298 position compensation 66 binary center of gravity and axis angle object measurement 82 output expressions 124 overview 5 parameter lists 214, 218, 246, 249, 259, 286, 289, 298 position compensation 67 binary level object measurement 83 position compensation 68

С

calibration 3 camera modes 34

Camera 0/1 modes 39 changing 40 commands measurement 198 non-measurement 200 See also CompoBus/D commands See also RS-232C (host link) commands See also RS-232C (normal) commands communications errors 274 flowcharts RS-232C (host link) 232 RS-232C (normal) 198 mode RS-232C (host link) 236 RS-232C (normal) 200 monitoring I/O 148 settings CompoBus/D 273 menu operation 324 RS-232C (host link) 232, 236 RS-232C (normal) 200 terminal blocks 184 specifications 17 compare pitch 107 CompoBus/D 3 commands Continuous Measurement 279, 283 Decrement Scene 284 Increment Scene 284 Model Register 280, 285 One Measurement 278, 283 Read Data Output Expression Result 299 Read Judgement Output Expression Criteria 294 Read Judgement Output Expression Result 299 Read Light Level 295 Read Measurement 285

Read Parameter 293 Read Position 296 Read Scene Number 284 Reset 281, 285 Save Data 285 Set Judgement Output Expression Criteria 294 Set Light Level 295 Set Parameter 289 Stop Measurement 279, 283 Switch Scene 279, 284 measurement results 281 operation 281 settings 269, 282 console keys 22 changing allocations 169 combinations 24 coordinates obtaining 224 cursor 24

D

data compatibility between versions 331 loading 206 image data 210 scenes 178 system data 178, 228 output destination 123 output expressions 129 saving 206, 207, 245, 285 image data 210 scenes 178 system data 178, 229 scene data clearing 135 copying 134 data areas See also memory areas defect calculation 107 density averaging 331 object measurement 108

output expressions 124 overview 10 parameter lists 215, 220, 247, 251, 287, 291 DIP switch settings Intelligent Light Source 43 direction position compensation 77 DIST 127 drawing mode 28

Ε

edge pitch object measurement 95 output expressions 125 overview 8 parameter lists 214, 219, 247, 250, 288, 291 edges enhancement See also filtering extraction See also filtering element size 107 errors 274 troubleshooting 327 evaluation criteria setting 80, 88, 103, 112, 118 expressions output 122 possible settings 123

F

features 2 filtering object measurement 48 position compensation 64 flash memory 181 flow control RS-232C (normal) 203 functions

display 24 output expressions 126 upgrades 331

G

GATE terminal 280, 282, 300

gray edge position

object measurement 91 output expressions 124 overview 7 parameter lists 215, 218, 246, 249, 258, 287, 290, 297 position compensation 71

gray search

object measurement 98 output expressions 125 overview 6 parameter lists 215, 219, 247, 250, 259, 287, 290, 298 position compensation 73

Η

handshaking with 193 without 189 Horizontal Composition modes 38 host link commands *See also* RS-232C (host link) commands

I/O formats See also input format; output format I/O monitor 148 images adjusting 47 for position compensation 64 changing 166 overview 3 storing 162, 207 types displayed 24 individual data 147 individual judge 147 individual region 146 input 17 area 273, 317 commands 153 See also CompoBus/D commands See also RS-232C (host link) commands See also RS-232C (normal) commands devices overview 22 DI0 to DI7 187 format CompoBus/D 278, 282 RS-232C (host link) 242 RS-232C (normal) 207 terminal blocks 187 numeric values 26 parameters 55 input terminals for continuous measurement 192 non-measurement commands 194, 195 using STEP signal 190 installation overview 16 Intelligent Light Source 41 adjusting light level 59, 212 lighting control 331 monitoring light level 211 settings 158

J

JG 127 judgement output 304 output expressions 122, 129, 209

Κ

keys See also console keys

L

ladder diagram 267, 321 lighting control 2, 331 adjusting light level 59, 212, 256, 295 Intelligent Light Source 41 monitoring light level 211, 256, 295 loading *See also* data loading

Μ

MAX 126 measurement continuous 187, 191 command 222, 243, 279, 283 timing 310, 313 enhancement 2 performing 152 single command 222, 242, 278, 283 timing 309, 312, 320 stop command 222, 243, 283 measurement conditions 45 measurement images See also images measurement methods 4, 80 measurement regions drawing 28 functions 80 measurement results commands CompoBus/D 281 RS-232C (host link) 241 RS-232C (normal) 206 displaying 142 reading 213, 241, 245, 285 memory areas allocations 266 setting 239 menus

hierarchy 12 moving around 25 midpoint 77 MIN 126 models registering 99, 187, 223, 244, 280, 285, 311 modes camera modes 34 overview 24 Monitor mode 138 monitoring I/O monitor 148 regions and results 149

Ν

numeric values See also input

0

operation basic 19 commands CompoBus/D 281 RS-232C (host link) 241 RS-232C (normal) 205 timing 315 menu 22, 223 overview 16 output 17 area 272, 316 calibration 50 control output 303 destinations 157 expressions 122 evaluation criteria 254, 255, 294 functions 126 reading results 208, 260, 261, 299 format 153 CompoBus/D 301 RS-232C (host link) 262 RS-232C (normal) 230

terminal blocks 188 response 282, 305 status 305 output terminals 188 error terminal 174 GATE terminal 280, 282, 300 non-measurement commands 194 with handshaking 193, 194 without handshaking for continuous measurement 192 using STEP signal 191

Ρ

parameters inputting 55 position compensation 225 reading/setting 216, 248, 253, 289, 293 reference 58 pixel-skipping parameter 76, 104, 119 ports See also terminal blocks position compensation 2, 62 direction 77 displaying results 144, 224 midpoint 77 parameter lists 258, 297 parameters 225 reading measurement values 257, 296 relative angle 77 position displacement compensation See also position compensation precautions general xv precise search object measurement 98 output expressions 125 overview 6 parameter lists 215, 219, 247, 250, 287, 290 programming sample 265, 318

Q

quitting 20

R

relative angle 77 relative search 331 object measurement 112 output expressions 126 overview 10 parameter lists 216, 221, 248, 252, 288, 292 resetting 226, 245, 285 response output 282 **RS-232C** inputs 324 menu operation 23 settings 323 RS-232C (host link) commands Continuous Measurement 243 Decrement Scene 244 Increment Scene 243 Model Register 244 One Measurement 242 Read Data Output Expression Result 261 Read Judgement Output Expression Criteria 255 Read Judgement Output Expression Result 260 Read Light Level 256 Read Measurement 245 Read Parameter 253 Read Position 257 Read Scene Number 244 Reset 245 Save Data 245 Set Judgement Output Expression Criteria 254 Set Light Level 256 Set Parameter 248 Stop Measurement 243 Switch Scene 243

1/0 233 measurement results 241 operation 241 settings 231, 242 RS-232C (normal) commands Data Save 207 Display Image 207 Expression 208 **Expression Parameter 209** Image Load 210 Image Save 210 Light Parameter 211 Measure 221 Measure Data 213 Measure Parameter 216 MENUKEY 223 Model Set 223 Position Data 224 Position Parameter 225 Reset 226 Scene 227 Scene Load 227 Scene Save 228 System Load 228 System Save 229 Version Get 229 I/O 198 measurement results 206 operation 205 save/load 206 settings 197, 206 Run mode entering 151 performing measurement 152

S

sampling 51 saving *See also* data saving scenes changing 2, 132, 187, 243, 279, 284, 311, 319 clearing 135

copying 134 data 227 See also data loading 227 number 24 decrementing 244, 284 incrementing 243, 284 reading 244, 284 saving 228 screen display 23 measurement results 142 settings 160 search regions setting 102, 116 Set mode 46 settings changing/clearing 79, 120 commands CompoBus/D 282 RS-232C (host link) 242 RS-232C (normal) 206 displaying 277 Programmable Controller 318 shutter speed 2, 47 smoothing See also filtering software version 175, 229, 331 **SQRT 126** starting 20 startup scene and mode 172 STEP signal with handshaking 193 without handshaking 189, 190 STEP terminal 187 RS-232C (host link) 234 RS-232C (normal) 199 surface defect 105 output expressions 125 overview 9 parameter lists 215, 220, 247, 253, 287, 293

system data *See also* data

System mode 156

Т

terminal blocks 3, 183 commands 187 terminal blocks commands terminals *See also* input terminals *See also* output terminals signal operation and timing 189 test measurement 139 timing 309, 319 Tool mode 179, 333 troubleshooting 327 Two-camera Switching mode 38 Two-camera Unit 3, 29, 331 menus 13, 32 settings 158 TXD instructions 235

V

values *See also* input version *See also* software version Vertical Composition mode 38

W

wiring overview 16

Revision History

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front cover of the manual.



The following table outlines the changes made to the manual during each revision. Page numbers refer to the previous version.

Revision code	Date	Revised content
1	April 2000	Original production
1A	October 2000	Page 262: Added information on Write Flag to the description above the table. Page 266: Corrected values in the diagram. Address: Updated the addresses.
02	March 2002	Page 235: Made minor change to text in one caption.Page 242: Deleted last sentence in third paragraph.Pages 242, 243, 244, 245, 253, 255, 256, 257, 260: Added sentenceunder tables in several places.Page 243: Made minor change to third table.Page 244: Made minor change to second table.Page 262: Changed figures in second paragraph.Page 284: Made minor change to first table.Page 284: Made minor change to first table.Page 284: Made minor change to first table.
02A	January 2004	Page ix: Suffixes removed from catalog numbers. Page 193: Figure changed to add another timeout. Back inner cover: Addresses changed.
02B	August 2004	Pages 211, 228, and 229: Information on data transfer timing added to IMGSAVE, SCNSAVE, and SYSSAVE.

OMRON CORPORATION Industrial Automation Company

Application Sensors Division Sensing Devices and Components Division H.Q. Shiokoji Horikawa, Shimogyo-ku, Kyoto, 600-8530 Japan Tel: (81)75-344-7068/Fax: (81)75-344-7107

Regional Headquarters

OMRON EUROPE B.V.

Sensor Business Unit, Carl-Benz-Str. 4, D-71154 Nufringen, Germany Tel: (49)7032-811-0/Fax: (49)7032-811-199

OMRON ELECTRONICS LLC

1 East Commerce Drive, Schaumburg, IL 60173 U.S.A. Tel: (1)847-843-7900/Fax: (1)847-843-8568

OMRON ASIA PACIFIC PTE. LTD.

83 Clemenceau Avenue, #11-01, UE Square, 239920 Singapore Tel: (65)6835-3011/Fax: (65)6835-2711

OMRON CHINA CO., LTD. BEIJING OFFICE

Room 1028, Office Building, Beijing Capital Times Square, No. 88 West Chang'an Road, Beijing, 100031 China Tel: (86)10-8391-3005/Fax: (86)10-8391-3688



Authorized Distributor:

ODROD

Manual 2: EXPERT MENU OPERATION MANUAL

Cat. No. Z142-E1-02B

F150-3 Vision Sensor